Work Plan Addendum No. 02

Revision No. 00

NEX Gas Station Remediation

Naval Support Activity Mid-South Millington, Tennessee

Contract No. N62467-98-D-0995 Contract Task Order No. 0061

June 2001

PREPAREDEOR



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Naval Support Activity Mid-South Millington, Tennessee

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Submitted to:

U.S. Naval Facilities Engineering Command Southern Division

Prepared by:



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ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION PLAN NEX GAS STATION REMEDIATION

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May 2001

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U.S. Navy Responsible Authority	Date

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Acronyms

ACO Administrative Contracting Officer

AALA American Association for Laboratory Accreditation

AASHTO American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials

AFCEE Air Force Center for Environmental Excellence BTEX benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes

CAP Corrective Action Plan

CCI CH2M HILL Constructors, Inc.
CFR Code of Federal Regulation

CLEAN Comprehensive Long-term Environmental Navy

CO Contracting Officer

COTR Contracting Officer's Technical Representative

CPM critical path method CTO Contract Task Order DO dissolved oxygen DQO data quality objective

EISOPQAM EPA Region IV Environmental Investigations Standard Operating Procedures

and Quality Assurance Manual

EPA Environmental Protection Agency

FID flame ionization detector

gpm gallons per minute

IDW investigation derived waste

IRCDQM Installation Restoration Chemical Data Quality Manual

LDR land disposal restriction mg/L milligrams per liter

MS/MSD matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate
NAVFAC Naval Facilities Engineering Command

NEX Naval Exchange

NIST National Institute of Standards and Technology

NSA Naval Support Activity

NTR Navy Technical Representative

NVLAP National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program

OOD Officer of the Day

ORP oxidation-reduction potential

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration

OVA organic vapor analyzer PID photoionization detector

POTW publicly owned treatment works PPE personal protective equipment

PVC polyvinyl chloride
QA quality assurance
QC quality control

RAC Response Action Contract

RCRA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

RPM Remedial Project Manager

TAT turnaround time

TCLP Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure

TDEC Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation

TPH-GRO Tennessee Gasoline Range Organics

TPH total petroleum hydrocarbons
USACE U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
UST underground storage tank

1.0 Introduction

CH2M HILL Constructors, Inc. (CCI) was contracted by the Department of the Navy, Southern Division Naval Facilities Engineering Command (NAVFAC), to prepare this Work Plan Addendum to perform remediation activities at Naval Support Activity (NSA) Mid-South, Millington, Tennessee. This work is being performed under Response Action Contract (RAC) No. N62467-98-D-0995, Contract Task Order (CTO) 0061.

1.1 Work Plan Addendum Organization

This Work Plan Addendum is organized into sections of text and appendices as follows:

Section 1.0 Introduction describes how this Work Plan Addendum is organized and includes the site description and history.

Section 2.0 Project Execution Plan includes the scope of work, traffic control plan, project schedule and communications plan.

Section 3.0 Sampling and Analysis Plan includes specific information for the sampling and analysis of the site. The Basewide Work Plan addresses project specific sampling and analysis issues for the activities to be completed at NSA Mid-South.

Section 4.0 Waste Management Plan provides specific information for handling wastes. The Basewide Work Plan discusses the characterization, disposal, handling, and transportation of wastes encountered or generated during work at NSA Mid-South.

Section 5.0 Quality Control Plan includes task-specific quality control information and project organization for this CTO. All other quality control information is contained in the Basewide Work Plan, including information in the quality administrators, the project organization for work at NSA Mid-South, and the definable features of work for each project site.

Section 7.0 References lists the references used in developing this Work Plan Addendum.

The following support documents are presented as appendices to this Work Plan Addendum:

- Appendix A CPM Project Schedule
- Appendix B Health and Safety Plan
- Appendix C Submittal Register
- Appendix D Testing Plan and Log

The Environmental Protection Plan has been prepared as a standalone document.



1.1.1 Background Site Information

The Naval Exchange (NEX) gas station is presently closed. During its operation, two 25,000-gallon and one 10,000 gallon underground storage tanks (USTs) supplied fuel to the seven pump island dispensers. Pipe and pipe joints have leaked gasoline into the surrounding area. The contaminants of the gasoline (benzene and total petroleum hydrocarbon-gasoline range organics (TPH-GRO) have been released to subsurface soils and groundwater. ENSAFE conducted a site assessment to determine the plume of subsurface contamination.

A Corrective Action Plan (CAP) was developed in December 2000, to evaluate remedial alternatives for the site. The primary objective of this remedial action is to clean up the groundwater. This will be performed in two phases, the first being soil removal and the second is for removal of contaminated groundwater by pumping. The soil cleanup limit of 5 milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg) benzene and 100 mg/kg TPH (TN-GRO) from 0 to5 feet and TPH of 500 mg/kg from 5 or more feet should reduce a further source of contamination of the groundwater at the site. These soil cleanup limits are based upon the State of Tennessee regulatory drinking water aquifer limit. Once the soil has been removed and sump recovery wells installed in the excavations, pumping of the groundwater will occur. BTEX and TPH-GRO contaminated water will be remediated by pumping and processing into a frac tank, sampling the water, and discharging the frac tank water to an oil/water separator. The treated water from the OWS will then be discharged to the sanitary sewer connected to the City of Millington publicly owned treatment works (POTW). This procedure should reduce the presence of gasoline contaminants in the groundwater to acceptable standards. After a maximum of three pumping events, if the level of benzene and TPH GRO remains above the State of Tennessee action limits, CCI will develop a site specific standard document to submit to the base for disposition of the site.

2.0 Project Execution Plan

The scope of work activities, project schedule, and plans for traffic control and communications are described in this section.

2.1 Scope of Work Tasks

The scope of work for this remediation will consist of excavation of approximately /6,978 cubic yards of petroleum contaminated soil. Groundwater from the excavation will be pumped into a portable tank and then to the existing oil/water separator, which will be utilized to dispose the collected groundwater through the City of Millington POTW. During performance of this work, partial demolition of the canopy covering the pump islands is anticipated, as well as the removal of one pump island.

This scope of work will consist of the following activities:

- Prebid site visit (already performed)
- Mobilization
- Site preparation
- Preconstruction comprehensive groundwater sampling of the wells shown on Figure 2-1 (MEM-757-1 through 19 and MEM-757-B3 and -B4)
- Excavations of four areas
 - Building 757 and Pump Island 4 Area
 - Interceptor Trench Area
 - Oil/water Separator Area
 - Repair Service Building Area
- Partial demolition of the canopy over Pump Islands 4 through 7
- Demolition of Pump Island 4
- Pumping of the excavation groundwater into portable tank (Frac type tank) supplied by subcontractor, sampling and analysis for benzene and TPH-GRO, then discharged into the existing oil/water separator for 6 days minimum, and final disposition to the City of Millington POTW
- Sampling of groundwater during pumping operations
- Site restoration
- Onsite management of wastes (including soil and water) and construction debris
- Final decontamination and demobilization
- Quarterly sampling of selected wells for a period of 1 year and preparation of draft and final quarterly sampling reports in accordance with TDEC report format

It is anticipated that the excavated wastes associated with these activities will be petroleum contaminated. Petroleum contaminated media are not hazardous waste, even if they fail Toxicity Characteristic leaching Procedure (TCLP) for certain compound, because they are part of state UST/petroleum cleanup activities (40 Code of Federal Regulation [CFR] 261.4(b)(10)).

Site preparation activities will include installation of construction and traffic barricades, removal of surficial debris and protection of all existing utilities and structures. As needed, the site preparation activities will also include installation of roadway signs and security fencing.

A digging permit is required before any work progresses with this contract at the site. The digging permit will be obtained from NSA Mid-South prior to work commencing. In addition, the progress of excavation conducted with heavy equipment will be continuously monitored for evidence of subsurface obstructions.

The excavation areas will be surveyed and marked according to the proposed excavation limits shown on Figure 2-1 with paint or stakes, as appropriate by CCI. All wells located onsite will remain and be protected from damage from excavation activities.

2.1.1 Preconstruction Comprehensive Sampling Event

All monitoring wells at the site will be sampled prior to any construction activities as described in Section 3.0 Sampling and Analytical Plan. Comprehensive monitoring will be performed within 72 hours prior to starting corrective action. Results of this sampling event will be submitted immediately to Navy for approval to proceed with the remediation. State approval will be obtained prior to the start of any remediation work.

2.1.2 Excavations

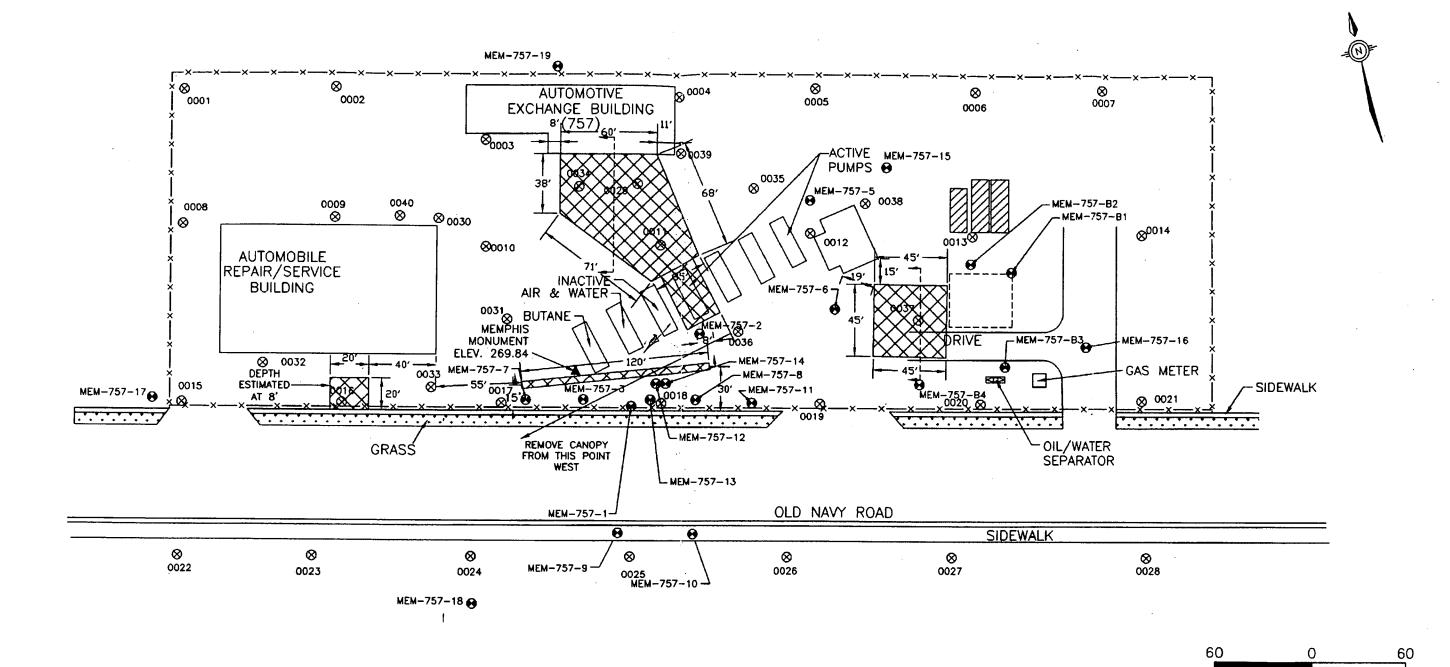
Protection of all buildings, structures and existing wells will be required throughout all phases of this scope of work, including all excavations. Asphalt will be removed and stockpiled as appropriate and in accordance with all applicable Federal, state and local requirements. Personnel are not anticipated to be required to enter the excavations, so sloping or layback areas may not be required, however protection of the excavation and surrounding structures is required.

Excavation areas are identified on Figure 2/1 and are as follows:

- Building 757 Area and Pump Island 4 Area
- Interceptor Trench Area
- Oil/Water Separator Area
- Repair Service Building Area



Conceptual cross sections of the excavations for the Building 757, OWS, and Interceptor Trench Areas are shown on Figure 2-2. Once the physical dimension limits identified in the figure have been reached, immunoassay field tests will be performed, one per side wall, to determine if the limit concentration of 5 mg/kg benzene has been reached. No direct measurement by immunoassay for benzene is available, so correlation between benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes (BTEX) and benzene measurements will be utilized



LEGEND

MONITORING WELL

⊗ - DPT LOCATIONS---×---×- - FENCE

- ESTIMATED AREA OF SOIL EXCAVATION

IED AREA UF SUIL

MEM-757-4

- CURRENT UST LOCATION

- FORMER UST LOCATION

CH2MHILL

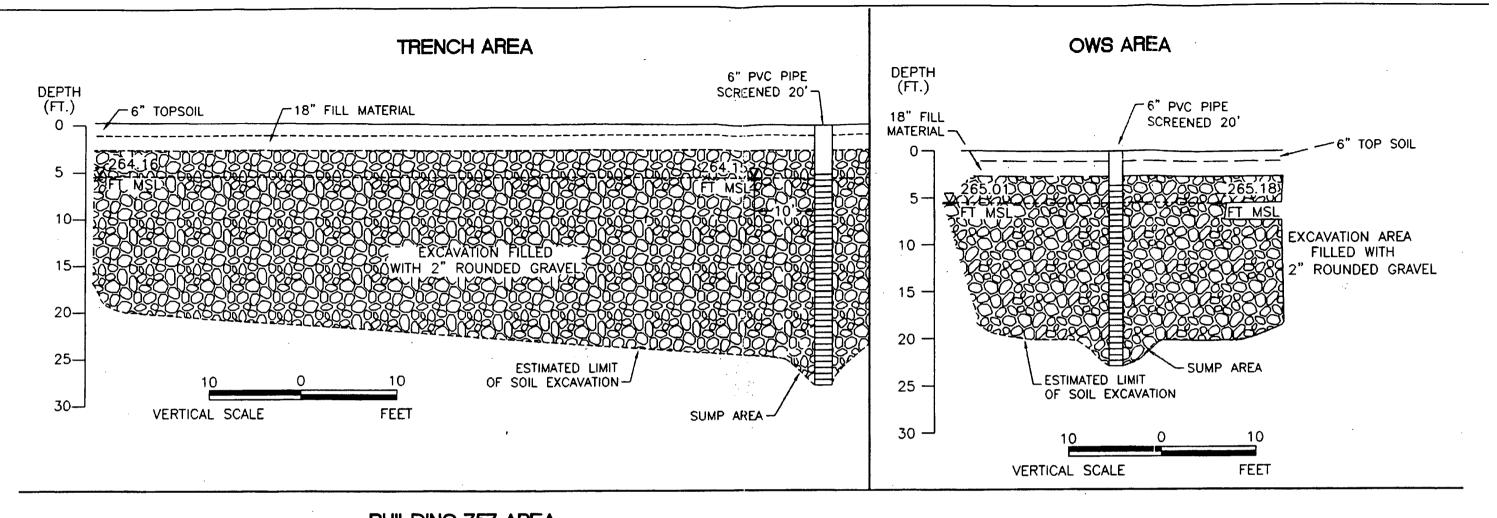
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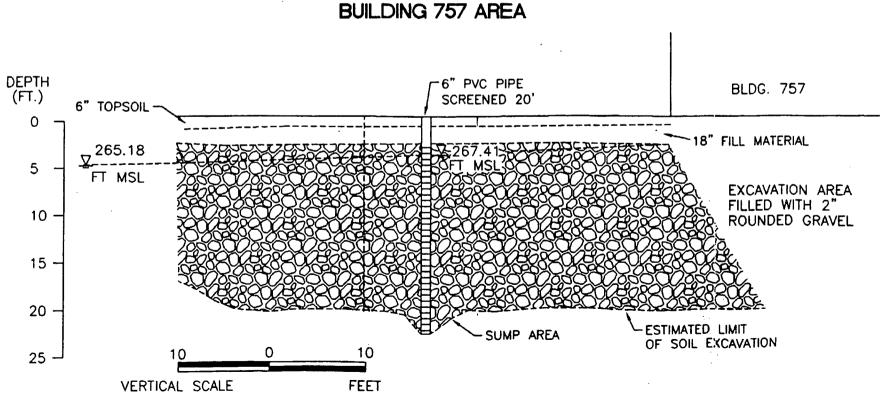
MEM-757-1

Figure 2-1 Monitoring Well Location Map NEX Gas Station NSA Mid-South Millington, TN

FEET

SCALE





LEGEND

- POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE IN EXISTING MONITORING WELL (AUG. 2000)

- 2-INCH ROUNDED GRAVEL

Figure 2

Trench Area Deta



Figure 2-2
Trench Area Detail
NEX Gas Station
NSA Mid-South
Millington, TN

to fingerprint the limit of benzene contamination. Limits of excavations will be based upon immunoassay results collected from the walls of the excavations. An upper limit of 5 mg/kg benzene will delineate the area of excavation. Confirmatory sampling will be performed only after it has been determined through immunoassay tests that the 5 mg/kg benzene level has been met. Confirmatory sampling will occur every 25 linear feet of excavation for both benzene and TPH-GRO. As shown on Figures 2-1 and 2-2, soil will be excavated to approximately 20 feet. From previous boring logs, it is assumed that the water table is at approximately 12 feet. The sump recovery wells must extend into the groundwater table for the pumps to operate properly.

The open excavation will be covered until after confirmatory sampling is received and approved. Groundwater infiltration will be pumped into the frac tank for disposal through the oil/water separator. CCI will schedule the time from opening the excavation to final backfill once final confirmation sampling data is provided by laboratory analysis and the excavation has been cleared for backfill by the Navy. The excavations will be covered and the surrounding terrain shaped to prevent the accumulation of stormwater in the open excavation.

If the excavation bottom is dry, soil samples for benzene and TPH will be taken on a 25-foot grid pattern for confirmation sampling. If the excavation bottom contains water, soil sampling will be biased, and results inaccurate. Therefore, if the bottom contains water, it will not be sampled.

Benzene contaminated soil will be direct-loaded for disposal at the Waste Management Class I landfill in Tunica, Mississippi.

2.1.2.1 Building 757 and Pump Island 4 Area

CCI will excavate approximately 4800 cubic yards of petroleum contaminated soil in accordance with the CAP. Building 757 excavation will be within the limits shown on Figure 2-1. At Pump Island 4 area, once the canopy and pump island have been removed (see Sections 2.1.4 and 2.1.5), excavation of this area will proceed. The length of the original pump island will be excavated along with 15 feet to either side of the pump island centerline. Initial excavation to the south of Pump Island 4 will proceed for approximately 5 feet until the excavation has come within 3 feet from monitoring well MEM-757-2. The depth of this excavation will be 15 feet. This area of excavation will be the Building 757 excavation area. Shoring or other controls will be implemented as necessary to protect other pump islands and wells from damage.

Care will be taken around existing structures. Plumes that extend underneath the buildings or structures will be excavated up to the building or structure footprint. Limits of excavation will stop at the building footprint. Shoring and sheeting will be used around existing structures to protect them from damage and will conform to Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) requirements for protection of excavations and the existing structures. Shoring and sheeting will be designed and sealed by a State of Tennessee Professional Engineer and submitted to the Navy. When excavations are open, shoring and sheeting plans will be kept onsite in accordance with OSHA requirements. The engineer will oversee installation of any sheeting or shoring and will ensure safety and structural integrity of the excavation and supported facilities are maintained.

Recovery sump installation, as identified in the CAP for this area, will be in accordance with Section 2.1.3.

2.1.2.2 Interceptor Trench Installation

The greatest concentration of groundwater contamination was found in the area where the inceptor trench will be installed. Care will be taken to protect all existing wells in the area. Trench installation will be performed to the depth and width shown on Figure 2-2. Protection of existing wells in the area is paramount. The approximate amount of excavation for this area is 560 cubic yards of material. It is not anticipated that additional excavation for the trench is required to the limit of 5mg/kg benzene. The area will be backfilled as described in Section 2.1.3.

Recovery sump installation, as shown on Figure 2-2 for this area, will be in accordance with Section 2.1.3.

2.1.2.3 Oil/water Separator Area

CCI will excavate approximately 1500 cubic yards of petroleum contaminated soil in accordance with the CAP. The existing oil/water separator and structures will be protected from damage.

Recovery sump installation, as identified in the CAP for this area, will be in accordance with Section 2.1.3.

2.1.2.4 Repair Service Building Area

CCI will excavate approximately 118 cubic yards of petroleum contaminated soil in accordance with the CAP. Utilities are known to be in the proximity of this excavation and safety and care will be taken to protect any existing utilities. It is anticipated that shoring of this excavation will be required along the roadway side of the excavation. The existing roadway structural subgrade will not be degraded.

No sump is to be installed in the repair service building area excavation; however, backfill operation will be performed as described in Section 2.2.3.

2.1.3 **Backfill and Sump Installation**

Backfill on all excavations will be in accordance with the CAP. First, 2-inch rounded gravel rigure 2-2. The screens will be 20-foot screened and 0.020-inch slotted. CCI will obtain a permit issued by Shelby County prior to installation of the recovery wells. Wells will be flush-mounted to the top of the final cover, protected from damage by concrete at the surface in accordance with Shelby County requirements. All well-protected from aboveground activities. will be used to backfill to 24 inches to the ground surface in order to promote drainage to 6-inch polyvinyl chloride (PVC) screened pipe used as the sump recovery well as shown on protected from aboveground activities. Above the gravel fill, 18 inches of soil fill material imported natural sand, free from roots, organic matter, debris and other deleterious materials well graded from coarse to fine, containing no more than 5 percent of fines passing the No. 200 sieve. Certification of clean fill will be required for backfill material. The

final cover of limerock will be free from roots, organic matter, debris and other deleterious materials.

2.1.4 Partial Demolition of Canopy Above Pump Islands

CCI will demolish the metal canopy beginning above Pump Island 3 and extending to the end pump island, for a total of approximately 90 feet of canopy removal. Canopy and supports that are not demolished will remain in place and will be protected from damage. Removal of stanchion supports and all associated appurtenances is included in this removal. It is anticipated that limited lead paint abatement at the point of cutting is required. It is not hazardous and will be disposed of as construction and demolition debris. If additional lead based paint is identified, disposal will be in accordance with Section 4.0 Waste Management Plan and applicable regulations. Storage, segregation and disposal of all canopy material will be in compliance with all federal, state, and local regulations.

2.1.5 Demolition of Pump Island 4

CCI will demolish Pump Island 4 after the canopy has been removed. Any soil material will be removed from the pump island material as a decontamination measure. It is anticipated that the concrete will then be able to be disposed of as construction and demolition debris. Storage, segregation and disposal of all pump island material will be in accordance with Section 4.0 Waste Management Plan and in compliance with all federal, state, and local regulations.

2.1.6 Asphalt disposal

CCI will recycle or dispose of asphalt as appropriate and in accordance with Section 4.0 Waste Management Plan and in compliance with all applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

2.1.7 Groundwater Removal

Prior to pumping, sump recovery wells will be tested to ensure they are working properly. Groundwater will be pumped from the sump recovery wells installed in the excavations, through a flexible or rigid conveyance to an aboveground storage tank (portable frac tank), and conveyed into the existing oil/water separator onsite prior to disposal.

Samples will be collected from the frac tanks and analyzed for benzene and TPH-GRO as listed in Table 2-1. The collected groundwater will be disposed of in accordance with limits placed upon disposal by the City of Millington, i.e., 15.7 milligrams per liter (mg/L) at flow rates of less than 50 gallons per minute (gpm). A flow meter will be attached to an outflow valve of the frac tank to regulate discharge into the oil/water separator. After 5 hours of flow into the oil/water separator, a sample will be taken from a manhole 30 feet downstream of the oil/water separator and analyzed for benzene.

TABLE 2-1 Sampling Event Summary

Sampling Event/Frequency	Before Remediation	During Remediation	End of Remediati n
Comprehensive Preconstruction sampling event	All 21 wells for benzene and TPH-GRO and requirements in TN TGD 007, including vapor monitoring 72 hours prior to startup.		
Corrective action sampling event/Site status monitoring		All 21 wells for benzene and TPH-GRO, including vapor monitoring 6 months after preconstruction sampling (if duration of work is that long) and requirements in TN TGD 007	
Pumping into Frac Tank evolution #1		Composite sample of the three wells from the frac tank analyzed for benzene and TPH-GRO. 24-hour turnaround time	
Sampling post oil/water separator from evolution #1		One sample taken from manhole 30 feet downstream from oil/water separator for benzene and TPH-GRO. 24-hour turnaround time	
Pumping into Frac Tank evolution #2		Composite sample of the three wells from the frac tank analyzed for benzene and TPH-GRO. 7-day turnaround time	
Sampling post oil/water separator from evolution #2		One sample taken from manhole 30 feet downstream from oil/water separator for benzene and TPH-GRO. 7-day turnaround time	
Pumping into Frac Tank evolution #3	•	Composite sample of the three wells from the frac tank analyzed for benzene and TPH-GRO. 7-day turnaround time	
Sampling post oil/water separator from evolution #3		One sample taken from manhole 30 feet downstream from oil/water separator for benzene and TPH-GRO. 7-day turnaround time	

TABLE 2-1 Sampling Event Summary

Sampling Event/Frequency	Before Remediation	During Remediation	End of Remediati n
Closure Monitoring/ Comprehensive monitoring			1 st quarter post remediation. All 21 wells for benzene and TPH-GRO, including vapor monitoring and requirements of TN TGD 007.
Site Status monitoring/ Comprehensive			2 nd , 3 rd and 4 th quarter post remediation. All 21 wells for benzene and TPH-GRO, including vapor monitoring and requirements of TN TGD 007. Submittal of four sampling reports.
Comprehensive monitoring			4th quarter post remediation All 21 wells for benzene and TPH-GRO, including vapor monitoring and requirements of TN TGD 007.

These pumping events will be at a rate equivalent to the recharge rate within the well. Pumping will continue for 6 days or until no further recharge is realized. If groundwater contamination levels are still above regulatory limits, another pumping event will occur. This evolution of pumping will occur a maximum of three times.



2.1.8 Storage of Solid Wastes and Construction Debris

CCI will contain and store all construction debris, and contaminated solid wastes (such as PPE and plastic sheets used for decontamination, and canopy material) as described in Section 4.0 Waste Management Plan and in accordance with all applicable rules and regulations until it is disposed offsite. Specifically, CCI is responsible for storing all wastes within a regulated area designated by Navy, and in accordance with storage requirements as defined in applicable rules and regulations.

CCI will be responsible to make sure all containers are properly labeled, with labels visible, and to maintain good housekeeping again in accordance with all applicable regulations.

2.1.9 Solid Waste Management, Characterization, and Disposal

2.1.9.1 Soil and Solid Waste

Soil and solid waste will be analyzed, stockpiled, transported, and disposed in accordance with all applicable federal, state, and local requirements as described in Sections 3.0 Sampling and analysis Plan and 4.0 Waste Management Plan.

Soil and solid waste sampling will consist of:

- MTBE EPA SW-846 Methods 8260B/5030A
- Benzene EPA SW-846 Methods 8260B/5030A
- Toluene EPA SW-846 Methods 8260B/5030A
- Ethyl Benzene EPA SW-846 Methods 8260B/5030A

3.00,000gul/coent = 3000gal/h = 50160 = 100 thrs = 10=10id. -

ATL\I:\NAVY RAC\NSA MID-SOUTH\WP ADD 02\WP.DOC

2-9

Xylenes-m,p – EPA SW-846 Methods 8021B/5030A Xylenes-o – EPA SW-846 Methods 8021B/5030A

TPH-GRO- EPA SW-846 Method 8015 modified/5030A

In addition, the following analyses are anticipated by the disposal facility:

- Ignitability, Corrosivity, Reactivity EPA SW-846 Methods 1010 or 1030, 9045B, chapter 7.3
- TCLP Volatiles EPA SW-846 Method 1311/8260B
- TCLP Semi-volatiles EPA SW-846 Methods 1311/8270C
- TCL PCB EPA SW-846 Methods 8082
- TCLP Herbicides EPA SW-846 Methods 1311/8151A
- TCLP Metals EPA SW-846 Methods 1311/6010B/7471A

Analyses will be provided on a 7-day turnaround time basis. The results of the analyses will be forwarded to CCI within 1 day following receipt of the analytical results along with the waste profile package.

2.1.9.2 **Transportation and Disposal**

CCI will identify and coordinate transporters and disposal facilities as described in Section 4.0 Waste Management Plan. For each waste, the disposal log will state the classification of the waste, amount, location, and name of the business receiving the solid waste. Documentation will be submitted for all waste transported for disposal.

2.1.10 Liquid Waste Management, Characterization, and Disposal

2.1.10.1 Liquid Waste Management

Decon water, groundwater, and stormwater will be addressed as follows. After it has been sampled for benzene and TPH-GRO, decon water will be processed through the oil/water separator.

As described in the Environmental Protection Plan submitted, CCI will apply appropriate erosion and sediment control measure to prevent the migration of dust and debris from the excavation areas and to limit storm water runoff from entering or eroding the excavations.

Groundwater from the excavation areas will be pumped into the frac tank by flexible or rigid conveyance. The frac tank will comply with all applicable rules concerning temporary above ground storage tanks. A flow meter with accuracy of 5 gpm will be installed on the outflow of the frac tank to the oil/water separator.

2.1.10.2 **Liquid Waste Characterization**

For liquids (i.e., groundwater, decon fluid etc.), CCI will collect representative samples for waste characterization as described in Section 3.0 Sampling and Analysis Plan. Representative samples from each sump recovery well will be collected and analyzed at a State- and Navy-approved laboratory for the following parameters using Level III QA/QC protocols:

- MTBE EPA SW-846 Method 8260B/5030A
- Benzene EPA SW-846 Method 8260B/5030A
- Toluene EPA SW-846 Method 8260B/5030A
- Ethyl Benzene EPA SW-846 Method 8260B/5030A
- Xylenes-m,p EPA SW-846 Method 8260B/5030A
- Xylenes-o EPA SW-846 Method 8260B/5030A
- TNGRO TPH Method TNGRO 5030A

It is not anticipated that the City of Millington POTW will require additional sampling.

Analyses will be provided on a 3-day turnaround time basis. The results of the analyses will be forwarded to Navy within 2 days following receipt of the analytical results along with the waste profile package.

2.1.10.3 Liquid Waste Disposal

CCI assumes all liquid waste may be disposed through the oil/water separator. Prior to disposal, CCI will provide Navy with a waste sampling package for the liquid wastes. This package will include the waste characterization data summary, and letter of approval from the POTW to accept the waste (provided by NSA Mid-South), and any other applicable information necessary for Navy to complete its review of the disposal package.

2.1.10.4 Spills of oil and gasoline materials

CCI will take precautions to prevent spills of oil and gasoline materials. Any spill events will be managed in accordance with the Environmental Protection Plan (submitted as a separate document) and the Health and Safety Plan (Appendix B). In the event of a spill, during normal working hours, immediately notify Navy Public Works Department, and the environmental division of NSA Mid-South. If the spill is mobile or enters stormwater or sanitary sewer or is after hours, NSA Mid-South and the base fire department and the Officer of the Day (OOD) will be notified. Spill response will be in accordance with the base facility response plan and applicable federal, state and local regulations.

2.1.10.5 Site Restoration

The disturbed areas will be graded to existing drainage contours.

2.1.10.6 Final Decontamination and Demobilization

Personnel and equipment will be decontaminated in accordance with Section 4.0 Waste Management Plan prior to leaving the area to avoid the possibility of inadvertently spreading contamination. Equipment will be properly decontaminated to remove all contamination that may be adhering to the equipment components as a result of the interim remedial action. All debris generated by the decon will be properly containerized, sampled, analyzed, and disposed offsite as specified. Rinsate will be disposed in the same manner as previously described for groundwater.

Following approval from Navy, all personnel, equipment, temporary facilities and utilities will be demobilized from the site. In addition, any remaining debris or other wastes generated during the work will be removed and properly disposed.

2.1.11 Quarterly Sampling

As described in Section 3.0 Sampling and Analysis Plan, quarterly sampling will be in accordance with the CAP and State of Tennessee regulations TGD 007.

2.1.12 Interim and Final Reports

CCI will submit draft quarterly sampling reports within 15 days of sampling event completion and final quarterly reports within 30 days of sampling event completion, along with analytical data for each event. A final report documenting construction completion will be provided to Navy within 30 days after completion of construction.

2.1.13 Project Schedule

CCI will provide the necessary resources to complete the scope of work tasks within the timeframe presented in the final project schedule. The proposed site operations are 7:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. Monday through Friday.



It is anticipated that mobilization to the site will begin within 30 days of approval of the cost proposal and Work Plan Addendum. A proposed schedule is provided as Appendix A.

Should inclement weather impact the schedule, time lost during the scheduled workweek may be made up on an accelerated schedule (including weekends) at the discretion of the Navy and CCI.

2.2 Traffic Control Plan

Traffic control will be the responsibility of the CCI Site Superintendent. However, traffic control is not anticipated to be a major concern for NSA Mid-South at the NEX gas station site. CCI will consult with NSA Mid-South personnel to evaluate placement of equipment, temporary storage areas, and traffic flow to minimize the impact of this work. Further, CCI will review and follow all base regulations and standard operating procedures regarding vehicle movement and control inside the property.

2.3 Communications Plan

A communication matrix outlining the lines of communications for the Southern Division, NAVFAC and CCI personnel for this work is presented in Table 2-2. Table 2-3 provides a project personnel directory.

TABLE 2-2Communications Matrix

CCI Position	Navy Direct Report					
R. Scott Newman, Program Manager	Eva Clement, Contracting Officer					
Marsha Robinson, Contracts Manager	Jimmy Jones, COTR Richard Stanley, ACO					
Philip Altman, Senior Project Manager	Jimmy Jones, COTR Richard Stanley, ACO					
Matt Haupt, CTO Project Manager	John Karlyk, RPM Frank Novitzki, NTR					
CO – Contracting Officer ACO – Administrative Contracting Officer COTR – Contracting Officer's Technical Repres	RPM - Remedial Project Manager NTR - Navy Technical Representative sentative					

TABLE 2-3
Project Personnel Directory

Contact	Company
Scott Newman, Program Manager	CH2M HILL Constructors, Inc
Philip Altman, Senior Project Manager Bob Nash, Health and Safety Manager Theresa Rojas, QA/QC Manager	115 Perimeter Center Place, N.E. Suite 700 Atlanta, GA 30346-1278 770/604-9095
Marsha Robinson, Contract Administration Manager	
Matt Haupt, Project Manager Eva Clement, CO	Southern Division Naval Facilities Engineering Command P.O. Box 190010 North Charleston, SC 29419-9010 843/820-5518
Richard Stanley, ACO	As above 843/820-5939
Jimmy Jones, COTR	As above 843/820-5544
John Karlyk, RPM	As above 843-820-5624
Frank Novitzki, NTR	NSA Mid-South Mail: ROICC NSA Mid-South 5722 Integrity Drive Millington, TN 38054-5018 FedEx: ROICC NSA Mid-South 7700 Hornet Avenue Building 455 Millington, TN 38054-5018 901-874-5490
CO - Contracting Officer	RPM – Remedial Project Manager

ACO – Administrative Contracting Officer
COTR – Contracting Officer's Technical Representative

RPM – Remedial Project Manager NTR – Navy Technical Representative

3.0 Sampling and Analysis Plan

The Sampling and Analysis Plan (SAP) provided in this Work Plan Addendum, outlines the required sampling activities associated with the removal of the benzene and TPH-GRO contaminated soil and groundwater at NSA Mid-South, Millington, Tennessee. This SAP outlines the required locations, frequency, and analyses for the groundwater and soil samples to be collected prior to, during, and after remedial activities. In addition, this Plan provides the required analyses for disposal characterization for wastes generated during removal activities. The Basewide Work Plan provides sample collection frequency and sampling methodology for waste characterization and incidental samples collected during the remedial phase of the project completed under this contract; sample quality assurance/quality control procedures to be maintained during all sample collection activities; and sample equipment decontamination procedures.

Samples will be collected in accordance with the EPA Region IV Environmental Investigative Standard Operating Procedures and Quality Assurance Manual (EISOPQAM), 1996 and 1997 revisions and Tennessee Department of UST rules (CH 1200-1-15). The sampling team will be qualified under Tennessee requirements and the Navy Installation Restoration Chemical Data Quality Manual (IRCDQM) sampling requirements.

3.1 Data Quality Objectives for Measurement Data

The data quality objectives (DQOs) for each sampling task described above are listed in Table 3-1. The sampling and analytical requirements, along with the required level of quality and data packages are listed in Table 3-2. A Navy-, United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE)-, or Air Force Center for Environmental Excellence (AFCEE)- and Tennessee-approved laboratory will be used for all sample analyses.

TABLE 3-1
Data Quality Objectives

Sampling Activity	Data Quality Objective Category
Confirmation soil sampling (offsite laboratory analyses)	Definitive
Preconstruction groundwater sampling (offsite laboratory analyses)	Definitive
Preconstruction vapor sampling (OVA/FID)	Screening
Corrective action sampling/site status monitoring for groundwater (offsite laboratory analyses)	Definitive
Corrective action sampling/site status monitoring for vapor (OVA/FID)	Screening
Sampling of recovery wells and manhole near OWS (offsite laboratory analyses)	Definitive
Post remediation groundwater sampling (offsite laboratory analyses)	Definitive
Post remediation sampling for vapor (OVA/FID)	Screening
Waste characterization of the solid waste (offsite laboratory analyses)	Definitive
Backfill characterization (offsite laboratory analyses)	Definitive

TABLE 3-2Sampling and Analysis Summary

Sample Task	Sample Point	Matrix	Sampling Frequency	Approx Sample No	Sampling Method	Sampling Equipment	TAT	DQO Level/ Data Package Reqmnt	Required Analysis	Analytical Methods	Holding Time	Sample Preserva- tion	Containers
Excavation Sc	oil Confirmation Sampling		/								<u> </u>	•	•
Soil Immunoassay Sampling at 3 areas to determine limits of excavation	Bldg 757/Pump Island #4; OWS Area; Repair Service Bldg Area	Soil (Once per sidewall at each area	Once per sidewall per area +/duplicates at 10%	Grab	SS spoon, SS bowl	ASAP	DQO Level II, Screening	Benzene (kit measures BTEX)	Immunoassay kit	N/A	N/A	(1) 8 oz amber glass
	Immunoassay sample points in order to determine correlation of BTEX results to actual benzene	Soil	Once per area	3 samples	Grab	SS spoon, SS bowl	24 hours	DQO Level III, CCI Level C	BTEX	8260B	48 hours	Cool to 4oC	(3) 5 gm Encores
Soil Confirmation Sampling at 3 areas	Bidg 757/Pump Island #4; OWS Area; Repair Service Bidg Area	Soil	Once per 20 linear feet	Once per 20 linear feet + duplicates at 10% + MS/MSD at 5% per each area	Grab	SS spoon, SS bowl	3 days	DQO Level III, CCI Level C	Benzene	8260B	48 hours	Cool to 4°C	(3) 5 gm Encores
									TN-GRO	8015B Modified	48 hours	Cool to 4oC	(3) 5 gm Encores
	Equipment Rinsate Blank	Water	1 per set of pre-cleaned equipment (10%)	10% per area	Prepared in Field	Analyte-free water, SS funnel	3 days	DQO Level III, CCI Level C	Benzene	8260B	14 days	HCI pH< 2; Cool to 4°C	(2) 40ml vial
									TN-GRO	8015B Modified	14 days	HCl pH< 2; Cool to 4°C	(2) 40ml vial
	Trip Blank	Water	1 per VOC cooler	As necessary	Prepared by Lab	. N/A	3 days	DQO Level III, CCI Level C	Benzene	8260B	14 days	HCl pH< 2; Cool to 4°C	(2) 40ml vial

TABLE 3-2Sampling and Analysis Summary

Sample Task	Sample Point	Matrix	Sampling Frequency	Approx Sample No	Sampling Method	Sampling Equipment	TAT	DQO Level/ Data Package Reqmnt	Required Analysis	Analytical Methods	Holding Time	Sample Preserva- tion	Containers
Preconstruction	on Comprehensive Groundwater	and vap	oor Sampling E	vents	· .		τ		1			· ·	
Sampling of all area wells and OWS 72 hours prior to remediation	21 wells as listed in Figure 2.1 of	Water	72 hours prior to start of remediation	21 + 2 dups + 2 MS/MSDs	Grab	Peristaltic pump; Teflon tubing	3 days	DQO Level III, CCI Level C	Benzene	8260B	14 days	HCl pH<2; Cool to 4°C	(2) 40ml vial
									TN-GRO	8015B Modified	14 days	HCI pH< 2; Cool to 4°C	(2) 40ml vial
	Equipment Rinsate Blank	Water	1 per set of pre-cleaned equipment (10%)	10% per area	Prepared in Field	Analyte-free water, SS funnel	3 days	DQO Level III, CCI Level C	Benzene	8260B	14 days	HCl pH< 2; Cool to 4°C	(2) 40ml vial
						,			TN-GRO	8015B Modified	14 days	HCl pH< 2; Cool to 4°C	(2) 40ml vial
	Trip Blank	Water	1 per VOC cooler	As necessary	Prepared by Lab	N/A	3 days	DQO Level III, CCI Level C	Benzene	8260B	14 days	HCl pH< 2; Cool to 4°C	(2) 40ml vial
	Vapor Sampling of OWS	Vapor	Once 72 hours prior to remediation	1	Grab	OVA/FID	ASAP	DQO Level II; Screening	Organics	OVA/FID	N/A	N/A	N/A
Corrective Act	tion Sampling/Site Status Monito	ring										-	·
Corrective Act Sampling of all area wells and OWS 6 months after preconstructio n sampling (if duration of work is that long)		Water	Once; six months after preconstruc- tion sampling	21 + 2 dups + 2 MS/MSDs	Grab	Peristaltic pump; Teflon tubing	3 days	DQO Level III, CCI Level C	Benzene	8260B	14 days	HCI pH< 2; Cool to 4°C	(2) 40ml vial
									TN-GRO	8015B Modified	14 days	HCI pH< 2; Cool to 4°C	(2) 40ml vial
	Equipment Rinsate Blank	Water	1 per set of pre-cleaned equipment (10%)	10% per area	Prepared in Field	Analyte-free water, SS funnel	3 days	DQO Level III, CCI Level C	Benzene	8260B	14 days	HCI pH<2; Cool to 4°C	(2) 40ml vial
			(1070)						TN-GRO	8015B Modified	14 days	HCl pH< 2; Cool to 4°C	(2) 40ml vial
	Trip Blank	Water	1 per VOC cooler	As necessary	Prepared by Lab	N/A	3 days	DQO Level III, CCI Level C	Benzene	8260B	14 days	HCI pH< 2; Cool to 4°C	(2) 40ml vial
	Vapor Sampling of OWS	Vapor	Once; six months after preconstruc- tion sampling	1	Grab	OVA/FID	ASAP	DQO Level II; Screening	Organics	OVA/FID	N/A	N/A	N/A

TABLE 3-2Sampling and Analysis Summary

Sample Task	Sample Point	Matrix	Sampling Frequency	Approx Sample No	Sampling Method	Sampling Equipment	TAT	DQO Level/ Data Package Reqmnt	Required Analysis	Analytical Methods	Holding Time	Sample Preserva- tion	Containers
Groundwater	Sampling for Approval to Discha	arge Gro	undwater to O	WS/POTW									
Recovery Well Sampling	3 recovery wells within each excavation	Water	Once each groundwater pumping event; max of 3 events	3 + 1 dup + 1 MS/MSD per event	Grab	Peristaltic pump; Teflon tubing	24 hours	DQO Level III, CCI Level C	BTEX + MTBE	8260B	14 days	HCI pH< 2; Cool to 4°C	(2) 40ml vial
				·					TN-GRO	8015B Modified	14 days	HCl pH< 2; Cool to 4°C	(2) 40ml vial
	Equipment Rinsate Blank	Water	1 per set of pre-cleaned equipment (10%)	1 per event	Prepared in Field	Analyte-free water, SS funnel	24 hours	DQO Level III, CCI Level C	BTEX + MTBE	8260B	14 days	HCl pH<2; Cool to 4°C	(2) 40ml vial
									TN-GRO	8015B Modified	14 days	HCl pH< 2; Cool to 4°C	(2) 40ml vial
	Trip Blank	Water	1 per VOC cooler	As necessary	Prepared by Lab	N/A	24 hours	DQO Level III, CCI Level C	BTEX + MTBE	8260B	14 days	HCI pH< 2; Cool to 4°C	(2) 40ml vial
Sample from manhole 30 ft from OWS	Within 5 hours of the beginning to pump from frac tank to OWS, sampling of water from manhole 30 ft from OWS	Water	Once each groundwater pumping event; max of 3 events	1 per event	Grab	Dip jar or Teflon Bailer	24 hours	DQO Level III, CCI Level C	Benzene	8260B	14 days	HCl pH<2; Cool to 4°C	(2) 40ml vial
									TN-GRO	8015B Modified	14 days	HCl pH<2; Cool to 4°C	(2) 40ml vial
	Trip Blank	Water	1 per VOC cooler	As necessary	Prepared by Lab	N/A	24 hours	DQO Level III, CCI Level C	Benzene	8260B	14 days	HCl pH< 2; Cool to 4°C	(2) 40ml vial
Post-Remediat	tion Sampling												
Groundwater Sampling	21 wells as listed in Figure 3-1 of SAP	Water	Quarterly for one year	21 + 2 dups + 2 MS/MSDs per quarter	Grab	Peristaltic pump; Teflon tubing	14 days	DQO Level III, CCI Level C	Benzene	8260B	14 days	HCl pH<2; Cool to 4°C	(2) 40ml vial
				: :				-	TN-GRO	8015B Modified	14 days	HCl pH< 2; Cool to 4°C	(2) 40ml vial
	Equipment Rinsate Blank	Water	1 per set of pre-cleaned equipment (10%)	2 per quarter	Prepared in Field	Analyte-free water, SS funnel	14 days	DQO Level III, CCI Level C	Benzene	8260B	14 days	HCl pH<2; Cool to 4°C	(2) 40ml vial
									TN-GRO	8015B Modified	14 days	HCI pH<2; Cool to 4°C	(2) 40ml vial
	Trip Blank	Water	1 per VOC cooler	As necessary	Prepared by Lab	N/A	14 days	DQO Level III, CCI Level C	Benzene	8260B	14 days	HCI pH<2; Cool to 4°C	(2) 40ml vial
	Vapor Sampling of OWS	Vapor	Quarterly for one year	4	Grab	OVA/FID	ASAP	DQO Level II; Screening	Organics	OVA/FID	N/A	N/A	N/A



TABLE 3-2Sampling and Analysis Summary

Sample Task	Sample Point	Matrix	Sampling Frequency	Approx Sample No	Sampling Method	Sampling Equipment	TAT	DQO Level/ Data Package Reqmnt	Required Analysis	Analytical Methods	Holding Time	Sample Preserva- tion	Containers
Waste Characterization of Solids													
Lead-based Paint Sampling	Debris from Pump Island #4	Paint chips	Once	1 composite sample	Composite	Scraper; visqueen or bowl	7 day	DQO Level III, CCI Level B	Lead.	6010B	6 months	Cool to 4°C	(1) 4 oz amber glass
Soil/solids Character- ization Sampling	Stockpiles (if needed)	Soil	As needed for disposal	1 per area per matrix (soil, concrete, etc) consisting of minimum of 5 grabs per composite	Composite (except for volatiles - grab)		7 day	DQO Level III, CCI Level B	TCLP Volatiles	1311/8260B	14 day TCLP extr, 14 day analysis	Cool to 4°C	(1) 4 oz amber glass
	·								TCLP Semi- Volatiles	1311/8270C	14 day TCLP extr; 7 day extr; 40 day analysis	Cool to 4°C	(2) 8 oz amber glass
									TCLP Pesticides	1311/8081A	14 day TCLP extr; 7 day extr; 40 day analysis		
									TCLP Herbicides	1311/8151A	14 day TCLP extr; 7 day extr; 40 day analysis		
									TCLP Metals	1311/6010B, 7470A	6 month TCLP extr; 6 month analysis Hg: 28 day TCLP extr; 28 day analysis	Cool to 4°C	(3) 8 oz amber glass
									TCL PCBs	8082	14 day extr; 40 day analysis		
			1						Ignitabiltiy	1030	ASAP		
	,							1	Corrosivity	9045A	ASAP		
		ı			1	1	l	l	Reactivity	Chapter 7.3	ASAP		

TABLE 3-2 Sampling and Analysis Summary

Sample Task	Sample Point	Matrix	Sampling Frequency	Approx Sample No	Sampling Method	Sampling Equipment	TAT	DQO Level/ Data Package Regmnt	Required Analysis	Analytical Methods	Holding Time	Sample Preserva- tion	Containers
Imported Back	fill Material Sampling								<u> </u>				
Character- ization of Fill Material	Once per Offsite Source per Material	Soil	1 composite sample of 4 grabs	Once per source	Composite 5 random grabs into 1 sample	SS bowl,	7 day	DQO Level III, CCI Level B	TCL Volatiles	SW-846 5035/8260B	14 day	Cool to 4°C	(3) 5g Encore Samplers
			(1 grab for volatiles)		(1 grab for volatiles)				TCL Semi- Volatiles	SW-846 8270C	14 day extr; 40 day analysis	Cool to 4°C	(2) 16 oz amber glass
									TCL Pesticides	SW-846 8081A	14 day extr; 40 day analysis		
									Herbicides	SW-846 8151A	14 day extr; 40 day analysis		
									PCBs	SW-846 8082	14 day extr; 40 day analysis		
									TPH	FL-PRO	14 day extr; 40 day analysis		
									TAL Metals	SW-846 6010A/7471	6 month; Hg 28 days	Cool to 4°C	(1) 16 oz HDPE
		Ll							pН	SW-846 9045B	ASAP		

Target cleanup levels are as follows

Benzene

- Soil: 5 mg/kg

- Groundwater: 0.07 mg/L

TPH-GRO

Soil: 500 mg/kg

- Groundwater: 1.0 mg/L

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3.2 Soil Sampling at the Excavations

Four areas will be excavated to pre-determined limits as described in Section 1.0 of this Work Plan. Once these limits have been reached, grab samples will be collected from each sidewall of the excavations using the excavator or backhoe bucket. These samples will be analyzed onsite using an immunoassay field analysis kit for BTEX to determine if the limit of 5 mg/kg benzene and appropriate PH-GRO levels have been reached. Because there is not an immunoassay field test kit available for only benzene, at least one soil sample, collected at the same time as the field test kit sample, will be sent offsite to correlate the BTEX results to the single analyte, benzene. Excavation will continue in accordance with Section 1.0 and 2.0 until immunoassay field test kit results show the benzene action limit of 5 mg/kg has been reached. Confirmation samples will then be collected at a rate of one per 25 linear feet. Confirmation samples will also be collected using the excavator or backhoe bucket and analyzed in accordance with Table 3-2. The immunoassay field test kits will be used and calibrated in accordance with manufacturer instructions.

? Table 3-2 wife

3.2.1 Soil Sampling Procedures

Because the excavations will be too deep for entrance, samples will be collected from the sidewalls using the excavator or backhoe bucket.

- 1. Remove the top 2 to 3 inches of soil that is in bucket.
- 2. Collect the immunoassay field test kit samples in a 4-ounce jar, without headspace.
- 3. When collecting confirmation samples, open the Encore reusable package and remove the core device and cap.
- 4. Place into the T-handle and core the sample directly from the exposed soil in the bucket. (Take care not to collect sample that has come into contact with the bucket.)
- 5. Remove from the soil, brush off the sides, and put the cap seal onto the sampler.
- 6. Label and reseal in the original package.
- 7. Place into cooler for shipment.

Immunoassay field test kit results are for screening purposes only and need to be documented at a minimum in the samplers log book.

For confirmation samples, CCI Level C package will be required along with appropriate Quality Control samples for the soil samples. All analytical data will be submitted by both

hard copy and electronic files. Results will be validated by a third party to ensure data quality and validity.

3.3 Preconstruction Comprehensive Monitoring

Preconstruction comprehensive monitoring will be performed within 72 hours prior to the start-up of the corrective action activities. This consists of, in sequence:

- 1. Obtain water and free product level measurements (if existing) from the 21 monitoring wells shown on Figure 2-1.
- 2. Sample all 21 monitoring wells shown on Figure 2-1.
- 3. Conduct vapor monitoring using an organic vapor analyzer (OVA)/flame ionization detector (FID) of the nearby oil/water separator (screening only).

These samples will be collected using low-flow methodology and analyzed in accordance with Table 3-2.

CCI Level C package will be required along with appropriate Quality Control samples for the groundwater samples. All analytical data will be submitted by both hard copy and electronic files. Results will be validated by a third party to ensure data quality and validity.

Corrective action sampling/site status monitoring will be done within 6 months of the preconstruction comprehensive monitoring only if the duration of the project will exceed the 6 months. This sampling consists of the same monitoring as described above.

3.4 Groundwater Sampling for Discharge Approval

Groundwater samples will be collected using low-flow methodology and analyzed in accordance with Table 3-2.

One water sample per groundwater pumping event will also be collected from the frac tank. This sample will be collected using a dip jar or bailer. The appropriate containers will be filled and analyzed in accordance with Table 3-2.

CCI Level C package will be required along with appropriate Quality Control samples for the groundwater samples. All analytical data will be submitted by both hard copy and electronic files. Results will be validated by a third party to ensure data quality and validity.

3.5 Post-Remediation Sampling

After the corrective action activities are complete, and with the approval of the Navy and State of Tennessee, post-remediation sampling will be required on a quarterly basis for one year. Post-remediation sampling consists of the requirements as outlined below:

1. Obtain water and free product level measurements (if existing) from the 21 monitoring wells and the three recovery wells shown on Figure 2-1.

- 2. Sample of all 21 monitoring wells shown on Figure 2-1 and the three recovery wells within each excavation.
- 3. Conduct vapor monitoring using an OVA/FID of the nearby OWS (screening only).

These samples will be collected using low-flow methodology and analyzed in accordance with Table 3-2.

CCI Level C package will be required along with appropriate Quality Control samples for the groundwater samples. All analytical data will be submitted by both hard copy and electronic files. Results will be validated by a third party to ensure data quality and validity.

3.6 Monitoring Well Sampling Collection Procedures

3.6.1 Water-level Measurements

Groundwater levels will be measured in monitoring wells prior to and during each sampling event. Water levels will be measured using an electronic sensor with tape graduated in 0.01 feet. Measurements will be recorded as depth to water from the mark on the top of the well casing. Well number, date and time of measurement, and depth to water will be recorded in the field logbook.

3.6.2 Well Purging

Before sampling, each well will be purged using a low-flow pump to minimize both agitation of the groundwater and sample turbidity. The following methods are consistent with Low-Flow (Minimal Drawdown) Groundwater Sampling Procedures (EPA, 1996). The intent of this procedure is to remove stagnant water from the well and introduce fresh groundwater into the well at a rate that does not produce drawdown of the water table in the well being sampled. This procedure also reduces the time it takes to purge the wells and the quantity of water removed as IDW. The field team should keep the pumping rate as low as possible, being careful not to lower the water table in the well. The anticipated pumping rate is 0.15 to 0.25 gpm. Water level measurements should be made concurrently with the water quality parameter measurements. Field measurements of dissolved oxygen (DO), oxidation-reduction potential (ORP), turbidity, pH, temperature, and specific conductance will be made before initial purging and at 5-minute intervals thereafter. The water quality parameters should be measured using an airtight flow-through cell. Measurement data will be recorded on the Well Purging Form and/or the field logbook. Purging will continue until field measurements are stable to within +/-10 percent over three successive measurements. It should be noted that no more than five well volumes will be removed if parameters do not stabilize. The above parameters will be documented and the wells will then be sampled.

3.6.3 Groundwater Sampling

Samples will be collected as soon as enough water recharges after purging. Water samples will be collected and preserved as required in Table 3-2 and will be delivered to a laboratory within the appropriate holding period.

Samples will be collected using the low-flow pump. Once the field parameters have stabilized per Section 3.6.2, the pump will be momentarily turned off and the tubing leading

to the flow-through cell will be removed. The pump will then be turned back on and the appropriate sample containers will be filled. Headspace in the volatile sample container must be minimized by filling the sample jar until a positive meniscus is present.

Containers should be quickly and adequately sealed; container rims and threads should be clean before tightening lids; unless otherwise specified, Teflon-lined screw lids should be used to seal the jar.

3.7 Waste Characterization and Incidental Wastestream Sampling and Analyses

3.7.1 Debris Containing Possible Lead-Based Paint

Pump Island 4 and canopy will be demolished in order to perform excavation activities in that area. This debris is believed to coated with lead-based paint. Once the structure is demolished. Disposal will be based on the results and obtained by previous sampling events by NSA Mid-South in accordance with Section 4.0, the Waste Management Plan.

3.7.2 Soil Characterization

Waste characterization samples will be collected to evaluate the handling, transportation, and disposal requirements of any contaminated soil accumulated during soil and solids removal activities. Solid samples will be collected as follows, delivered to a Navy-, USACE-, or AFCEE- and Tennessee-approved laboratory and analyzed for the parameters listed in Table 3-2.

Excavated soil will be direct-loaded and transported offsite for disposal at the Waste Management Class I landfill in Tunica, Mississippi.

CCI Level B package will be required along with appropriate Quality Control samples for the required waste characterization and incidental wastestream samples. All analytical data will be submitted by both hard copy and electronic files.

3.8 Imported Backfill Sampling and Analyses

Imported backfill material is currently anticipated and excavated material must be disposed offsite, analytical data must be provided showing uncontaminated material is being backfilled into the excavation. If no data is provided by the vendor providing the backfill material (backfill, limerock, etc.), then one sample will be collected per source and material. The samples will be collected using the same procedures as the confirmation samples and delivered to Navy, USACE, or AFCEE and Tennessee-approved laboratory and analyzed for the parameters listed in Table 3-2.

3.9 Field Quality Control

Field duplicate samples and equipment blank samples will be collected at a minimum frequency of 5 percent times the total number of samples collected for an analysis and rounded to the nearest whole number. One trip blank sample will be provided at a

frequency of one per sample cooler containing volatile samples. Matrix spike/matrix spike duplicates (MS/MSD) will be required at a maximum frequency of one per area or a minimum frequency of one per 20 samples. Field QC will be collected as described in Table 3-2.

3.10 Analytical Methods

3.10.1 Analytical Methods

Samples will be collected for analytical methods summarized in Table 3-2.

Preliminary analytical results will be faxed to Jeff Wilmoth at the following fax number per the turnaround times listed in Table 3-2 from day of sample receipt. The final hardcopy data and electronic file will be delivered to Jeff Wilmoth within 14 days of sample receipt.

Jeff Wilmoth CCI 115 Perimeter Center Place, Suite 700 Atlanta, GA 30346 (770) 604-9182 x268 (678) 604-9282 (fax) jwilmoth@ch2m.com

4.0 Waste Management Plan

The Waste Management Plan describes the waste management requirements and procedures for groundwater remediation activities at NSA Mid-South, Millington, Tennessee. These activities are anticipated to generate the following wastes:

- Petroleum contaminated soil
- Aqueous waste (including petroleum contaminated groundwater, and decontamination water
- Demolition debris, including scrap metal, road materials (e.g., asphalt), concrete
 - Demolition debris with lead-based paint
 - Contaminated demolition debris (e.g., with petroleum)
 - Uncontaminated or decontaminated demolition debris
- · Spent or contaminated sampling equipment
- Spent personal protective equipment (PPE)
- Uncontaminated construction waste (such as caution tapes, barricades, signs, packing materials)

4.1 Waste Characterization

Petroleum-contaminated media (e.g., contaminated soil) generated from these activities that fail the Toxicity Characteristic test for the organic compounds associated with the D018 through D038 waste codes are not hazardous waste because they are part of state UST/petroleum cleanup activities (40 CFR 261.4(b)(10)). However, media that contain other hazardous waste constituents at toxicity characteristic levels would be considered hazardous wastes For example, soil that contains ≥5 mg/L lead (using [TCLP) would be considered a D008 hazardous waste; groundwater that contains ≥0.02 mg/L of the pesticide Endrin would be considered a D012 hazardous waste.

Section 3.0 Sampling and Analysis Plan provides detailed information on the sampling and analysis requirements for waste characterization, as required for disposal. In some cases, offsite facilities may require additional analyses to evaluate the wastestream prior to acceptance. Uncontaminated wastes and debris will be characterized using process knowledge and generally will be classified as municipal solid waste.

4.2 Waste Profile

Except for water discharged to the City of Millington waste water treatment plant (via an oil water separator), waste characterization information will be documented on a waste profile form provided by the offsite treatment or disposal facility as part of the waste acceptance

process. An approved copy of the waste profile will be received prior to offsite transportation of the material. Tonya Barker, or a designated representative from the Environmental Department, NSA Mid-South, will provide necessary signatures.

The profile typically requires the following information:

- Generator (Navy) information including name, address, contact, and phone number
- Site name including street/mailing address
- Activity generating waste (groundwater remediation)
- Source of contamination (petroleum underground storage tanks)
- Physical state of waste (e.g., soil, groundwater, etc.)

4.3 Waste Management

4.3.1 Waste Storage Time Limit

Hazardous waste must be removed within 90-days from the date of generation and other wastes will be removed from the site as soon as possible. The date of generation is the day that a waste is first placed in a container.

4.3.2 Labels

All containers, tanks, and roll-off containers will be labeled, and labels will be visible. Hazardous waste labels will be used where a site has been pre-characterized, and/or known to be contaminated with listed or characteristic hazardous wastes.

Pre-printed "Hazardous Waste" labels will include the following information:

- Accumulation start date
- Generator Name: U.S. Navy
- EPA ID number: TN 2170022600
- Waste codes:

For containers of less than 110 gallons, the manifest number must be on the label before transporting.

Containers of known non-hazardous waste will have pre-printed "Non-Hazardous Waste" labels that include the following information:

- Accumulation start date
- Generator Name: U.S. Navy
- EPA ID Number: TN 2170022600
- Waste-specific information (e.g., contaminated groundwater)

When waste characterization is unknown and analytical results are pending, the pre-printed "Analysis Pending" label will be used until analytical results are received and reviewed, and a waste designation determined. These wastes will contain the equivalent information provided on a Hazardous Waste label:

- Accumulation start date
- Generator Name: U.S. Navy

- EPA ID Number: TN 2170022600
- Waste-specific information (e.g., contaminated groundwater)

4.3.3 Waste Management Area Requirements

All wastes will be contained in a manner that prevents the spread of contamination. Wastes may be contained in drums, portable tanks, roll-off boxes, and stockpiles. Unless the Navy has designated a specific waste storage area, wastes will be accumulated (and stored) near the project site. These waste storage areas are under CCI control. Waste-specific requirements include:

- Groundwater and/or decontamination water will be contained in 55-gallon drums or aggregated in portable tanks.
- Contaminated soil will be contained in drums, stockpiles, or roll-off boxes.
- Construction/demolition debris will be contained in stockpiles or in roll-off boxes.
- Contaminated sampling equipment, PPE, and other debris will be contained in drums. If
 decontaminated, these wastes can be disposed as uncontaminated debris/solid waste; if
 not, these wastes will be managed and disposed at the source concentration.
- Uncontaminated general construction debris will be placed with in containers or placed in storage piles, pending offsite disposal.

A barrier, such as barricade tape or temporary fencing, will be provided for hazardous waste accumulation areas and for other waste storage areas that are accessible to the general public. All petroleum and hazardous waste storage areas will also have signs providing 24-hour emergency contacts and telephone numbers.

Hazardous and petroleum waste management areas will contain emergency equipment, including fire extinguishers, decontamination equipment, and an alarm system (if radio equipment is not available to all staff working in storage area). Spill control equipment (e.g., sorbent pads) will be available in all waste storage areas, and where liquids are transferred from one vessel to another.

4.3.3.1 Drums (or other small containers)

- Drums of hazardous waste will be transported onsite on wood pallets and will be secured together with non-metallic bonding.
- All drums will be inspected and inventoried upon arrival onsite for signs of contamination and/or deterioration.
- Adequate aisle space (e.g., 30 inches) between drums will be provided to allow the unobstructed movement of personnel and equipment. A row of drums should be no more than 2 drums wide.
- Each drum will be provided with its own label as described above.
- Drums will remain covered except when removing or adding waste to the drum. Covers
 will be properly secured at the end of each workday.

 Drums will be disposed of with the contents. If the contents are removed from the drums for offsite transportation and treatment or disposal, the drums will be decontaminated prior to re-use or before leaving the site.

4.3.3.2 Portable Tanks

- Tanks will be inspected upon arrival onsite for signs of deterioration and contamination.
 Any tank arriving onsite with contents will be rejected.
- Tanks will be provided with covers.
- Each tank will be labeled, as described above.
- All tanks will be provided with secondary containment.

4.3.3.3 Roll-off Boxes

- Roll-off boxes will be inspected upon arrival onsite. Any roll-off box arriving onsite with contents will be rejected.
- Roll-off boxes for hazardous or excessively contaminated soils will be provided with disposable liners, which will be disposed of as contaminated debris.
- When not in use, securely fastened covers will be installed on all roll-off boxes.
- Old labels will be removed, and new labels will be attached as described above
- Roll-off containers will be inspected by the transporter after removal of the liner and decontaminated in the event of evidence of liner failure.

4.3.3.4 Stockpiles

The following procedures will be followed when using stockpiles:

- Stockpiled soil or contaminated demolition debris will be provided with secondary containment (i.e., a liner, and perimeter berm to prevent rupture and release or infiltration of liquids), and a cover.
 - Minimum 6-mil polyethylene sheeting will be used for liners and covers.
 - The perimeter berm, typically hay bales placed beneath the liner, will be constructed to allow for collection of any liquids draining from the stockpile.
 - Contaminated liquids that accumulate in the secondary containment will be pumped (or otherwise removed) to a container or tank.
- Covers and perimeter berms will be secured in-place when not in use and at the end of each workday, or as necessary to prevent wind dispersion or run-off from major precipitation events.
- Construction materials for the stockpiles that contact waste will be disposed of as contaminated debris.
- Accumulation start dates will be recorded on a log or a sign located at the stockpile.

4.3.4 Waste/Fuel Storage Area Inspections

Areas used for waste/container storage will be inspected for malfunctions, deterioration, discharges, and leaks that could result in a release. The following inspection schedule will be followed:

- Daily inspection of containers, tanks, roll-off boxes, stockpiles and applicable secondary containment systems for leaks, spills, signs of corrosion, or signs of general deterioration or releases
- Daily inspection of fuel storage areas (e.g., look for eroding containment systems and rusting tanks/ancillary equipment)

Waste storage areas will be inspected each day of operation during the scheduled shift (i.e., Monday through Friday). If operations will suspend for more than 7-days, alternate inspection arrangements will be made, such that waste storage areas are inspected at least weekly. Prior to demobilization, all hazardous wastes or materials will be removed from the site. Inspections will be recorded in the Contractor Quality Control Report, and copies of the report will be maintained onsite, and available for review.

4.4 Waste Transportation

Each transportation vehicle and load of waste will be inspected before leaving the site. The quantities of waste leaving the site will be recorded. A contractor licensed for commercial transportation will transport non-hazardous wastes. A copy of the documentation indicating that the selected transporter has appropriate licenses will be received prior to transport of any waste material.

4.4.1 Manifests/Shipping Documentation

Each load of waste material will be manifested prior to leaving the site. At a minimum, the manifest form will include the following information:

- Transporter information including name, address, contact and phone number
- Generator information including name, address, contact, and phone number
- Site name including street/mailing address
- Description of waste
- Type of container
- Quantity of waste (volumetric estimate)
- Additionally, each shipment of waste will also have a waste profile, a Land Disposal Restriction (LDR) Notification/Certification for hazardous wastes, and a haul ticket.

If the signed hazardous waste manifest from the designated offsite facility is not received within 35 days, CCI will contact the transporter or the designated facility to determine the status of the waste. If the signed hazardous waste manifest has not been received within 45 days, CCI will prepare an "Exception Report" for the Navy to submit to the State of Tennessee, as required under 40 CFR 262.42.

4.4.2 Transporter Responsibilities

In general, the transporter will be responsible for weighing loads of non-hazardous waste at a certified scale. For each load of material, weight measurements will be obtained for each full and empty container or tanker truck (for bulked aqueous wastes). Disposal quantities will be based on the difference of weight measurements between the full and empty container or tanker truck. Weights will be recorded on the shipping documentation. The transporter will provide copies of weight tickets with the final manifest to CCI.

The transporter will observe the following practices when hauling and transporting wastes offsite:

- Minimize impacts to general public traffic.
- Repair road damage caused by construction and/or hauling traffic.
- Clean-up material spilled in transit.
- Line and cover trucks/trailers used for hauling contaminated materials to prevent releases and contamination.
- Decontaminate vehicles prior to re-use, other than hauling contaminated material.
- Seal trucks transporting liquids.

All personnel involved in offsite disposal activities will follow safety and spill response procedures outlined in the Health and Safety Plan.

No materials from other projects will be combined with materials from NSA Mid-South Millington.

4.4.3 Transportation and Disposal Log

Transportation of wastes will be inventoried the day of transportation from the site using the Transportation and Disposal Log. A carbon copy of the initial manifest form for each load will be retained onsite and attached to the Daily Production Report. All required transportation manifests will be prepared by CCI and signed by NSA Mid-South Millington representative.

4.5 Waste Disposal

Offsite treatment or disposal facilities will use the waste profile and supporting documentation (e.g., analytical results and flow-rate data) to determine if they will accept a waste. The treatment or disposal facility will be responsible for providing a copy of the final waste manifest and for a certificate of treatment or disposal for each load of waste received.

- Soil that contains a hazardous waste will be disposed at a permitted hazardous waste facility (i.e., Subtitle C facility).
- Non-hazardous, contaminated soils and contaminated demolition debris, including
 petroleum contaminated soils will be disposed in a facility permitted to accept the types
 and quantities of contamination (e.g., Subtitle D landfills).

- Aqueous wastes may be discharged to the City of Millington POTW permitted with written approval from the facility. The point of discharge (e.g., oil/water separator connected to a sewer) will be designated by this facility. Otherwise, contained aqueous wastes will be disposed offsite at a facility permitted to accept the waste.
- Uncontaminated, or decontaminated, construction and demolition debris may be sent to municipal landfills, or landfills designated for construction/demolition debris.

5.0 Quality Control Plan

The Quality Control Plan provided in the Basewide Work Plan details the quality administrators, the project organization for the work to be completed at NSA Mid-South, and the definable features of work for each project site.

The Submittal Register, included in Appendix C of this work plan addendum, documents submittals in accordance with CCI's Contract Management Plan (CCI, 1998). CCI, the Navy, or others will approve submittals as identified in the Submittal Register. All approved submittals will be distributed by CCI to the appropriate Navy personnel (CO, ROICC (in duplicate), etc.), the project site, and to the project file.

The site-specific project organization chart (Figure 5-1) depicts the chain-of-command for this CTO and the individuals responsible for executing the work as indicated. Individual roles and responsibilities of CTO personnel are summarized in Table 5-1.

5.1 Project QC Manager

The Project QC Manager is yet to be determined.

5.2 Testing Requirements

Construction testing and environmental analysis laboratories and their certifications; construction testing and environmental sampling and analysis; and test control are described in this section. The Testing Plan and Log is provided in Appendix D.

5.2.1 Identification and Certification of Testing Laboratories

The construction testing and environmental testing laboratories utilized for this CTO project will function as a subcontractor or a lower tier subcontractor, and have not yet been identified.

5.2.2 Construction

Construction testing laboratories will be National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST), National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP), American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), or American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (AALA) certified.

5.2.3 Environmental

Laboratories performing analysis of environmental samples will be state- and Navy-approved.

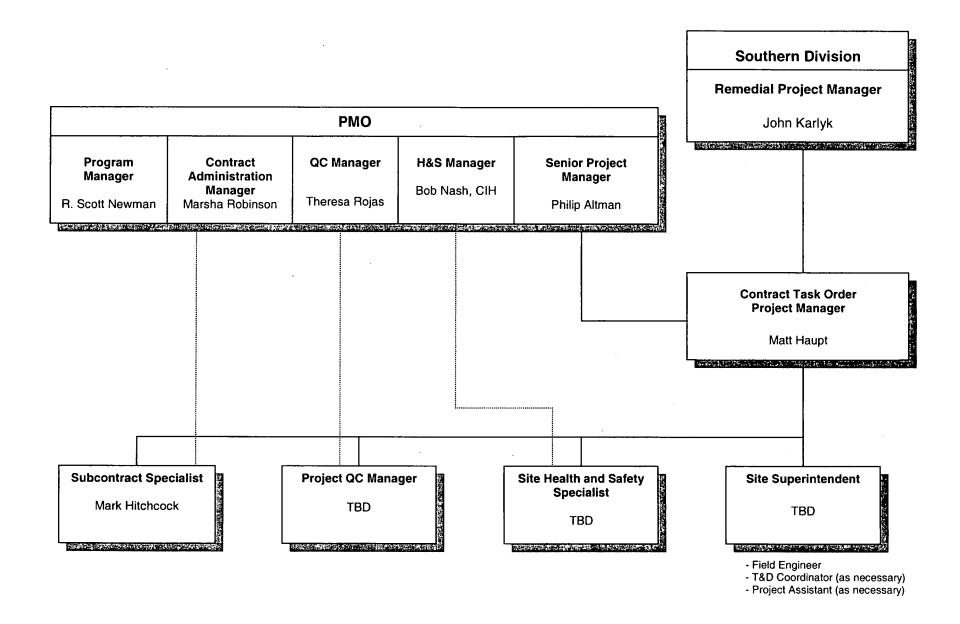


TABLE 5-1Roles, Responsibilities, and Authorities of Project Personnel

Role	Responsibility	Authority
Role Project Manager Site Superintendent Project QC Manager	Management and Technical Direction of work Communication with Southern Division RPM and NTR Overview subcontractor performance Select CTO staff Develop CTO Work Plan and supporting plans Meet CTO Performance Objectives Prepare status reports Prepare Field Change Requests Responsible for all site activities Provide direction to subcontractors Act for Project Manager Provide daily status reports Prepare CTO Work Plan Conduct daily safety meetings Review subcontractor qualifications Stop work for unsafe conditions or practices Monitor and oversee subcontractor compliance with scope of work Review requests for changes in scope of work Recommend improvements in work techniques or metrics Recommend work-around to Site	 Approve subcontractor selection Approve invoices to Southern Division Approve CTO baseline schedule Stop work at the site for any reason Approve payment to vendors and suppliers Approve payment to subcontractors Review technical qualifications of subcontractors Respond to Design Change Notices Stop work for subcontractors Approve corrective action for site work-arounds Approve materials and labor costs fo site operations Resolve subcontractor interface issues Approve daily and weekly status reports Complete daily compliance report Monitor and report on subcontractor
	 Hecommend work-around to Site Superintendent Monitor and report on subcontractor quality and quantities Audit subcontractors offsite fabrication Maintain Submittal Register Participate in Incident-Free Operations conference call 	 Stop work for non-compliant operations Maintain Rework Items list Stop work for non-compliant operations
Site Health and Safety Specialist	Monitor and report on subcontractor safety and health performance Record and report safety statistics Conduct needed site safety and health orientation Maintain Environmental Log Stop work for unsafe practices or conditions	 Stop work for unsafe practices or conditions Approve subcontractor site specific health and safety plan Set weekly safety objectives Approve resumption of work for resolved safety issues
Subcontract Specialist	 Prepare bid packages Purchase disposable materials Maintain subcontract log Approve payables for disposable items Maintain government property records 	 Provide project scheduling coordination Responsible for site cost tracking an reporting Maintain record of site purchases

5.2.4 Testing and Sampling

Soil, water, decontamination waste, and excavation contact water will be sampled under CCI or its subcontractors. Soil compaction testing and concrete testing (compressive strength) will also be performed under CCI or its subcontractors.

5.2.4.1 Construction Testing

No physical testing is anticipated for NSA Mid-South; however, the topographical surveying performed will meet the following requirements:

- Horizontal
 - Mercator Projection
 - GRS 80
 - State Plane Coordinate System
 - North American Datum 1983
 - Lambert Zones 1 6
 - Feet
- Vertical
 - Mean Sea Level
 - North American Vertical Datum 1988
 - Feet

5.2.4.2 Recovery Well Installation

The excavation bottoms will be graded to the down flow gradient direction in accordance with Figure 2-2. A sump will be installed to create a french drain, filling with rock in lifts averaging no greater than 18 inches. Precautions will be taken to avoid collapsing the perforated pipe. The material used to backfill the excavation areas to within 18 inches of land surface, will be rock averaging 2-inch diameters, free of debris and other foreign matter.

The upper 18 inches of fill will be granular soil placed in 6-inch loose lifts, as shown on Figure 2-2. Clay will be compacted to 85 percent standard proctor; no compaction testing is required for this project.

5.2.4.3 Environmental Sampling and Analysis

Environmental sampling and analysis, including QC sampling and analysis, is specified in Section 3.0 Sampling and Analysis Plan. Samples will be collected in accordance with EPA methods and industry standards of practice. Additionally, personnel that perform sampling will meet the requirements stated in the Navy Installation Restoration Chemical Data Quality Manual – September 1999 (IR CDQM).

5.2.5 Test Control

Environmental samples will be collected in accordance with EPA methods and procedures. Other controls will include, but are not limited to, maintaining a chain of custody; proper handling, packing, and shipping; and the use of qualified laboratories.

The Project QC Manager will verify the following items:

- Facilities and testing equipment are available and comply with testing standards.
- Test instrument calibration data, including the flow measuring device recording flow to the oil water separator, has been checked.
- Recording forms, including all of the test documentation requirements, have been prepared.
- The compactive effort for all areas backfilled is acceptable.
- The excavated areas have been approved for backfill.
- General survey services for locating the excavation boundaries and well points are complete.

5.3 CTO Support Organizations

The supporting organizations are yet to be determined.

6.0 References

CH2M HILL Constructors, Inc. July 1998. Contract Management Plan. Prepared for Southern Division, Naval Facilities Engineering Command, Contract No. N6246-98-D0995.

CH2M HILL Constructors, Inc. April 2001. Basewide Work Plan for Naval Support Activity Mid-South, Millington, Tennessee, Revision 01.

Ensafe, Inc. December 4, 2000. Corrective Action Plan Addendum, Navy Exchange Service Station Facility ID #0-791718, Naval Support Activity Mid-South Millington, Revision 1.

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. 1996. Low-Flow, Minimal Drawdown Groundwater Sampling Procedures.

Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation, Division of UST, Reference Handbook.

Appendix A CPM Project Schedule

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Appendix B Health and Safety Plan

Health and Safety Plan NEX Gas Station Remediation Naval Support Activity Mid-South Millington, Tennessee

Revision 00

Contract No. N62467-98-D-0995 Contract Task Order No. 0061

Submitted to:

U.S. Naval Facilities Engineering Command Southern Division

Prepared by:



115 Perimeter Center Place, N.E. Suite 700 Atlanta, GA 30346

June 2001

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Acronyms

°F degrees Fahrenheit

ALARA as low as reasonably achievable

APR air-purifying respirator

ATL Atlanta, Georgia

BRAC Base Realignment and Closure CCI CH2M HILL Constructors, Inc.

CNS central nervous system

CPR cardiopulmonary resuscitation

CTO Contract Task Order dBA decibel A-rated

DOT Department of Transportation

FA first aid

FID flame ionization detector GFCI ground fault circuit interrupter

HAZCOM hazard communication

HR heart rate

HSM Health and Safety Manager HSP Health and Safety Plan

IDLH immediately dangerous to life and health

IDW investigation-derived waste

lb pound

LEL lower explosive limit
mg/m³ milligrams per cubic meter
MSDS Material Safety Data Sheet
mW/cm² milliwatt per square centimeter

NAVFAC Naval Facilities Engineering Command

NEX Navy Exchange

NSA Naval Support Activity NDG nuclear density gauge NSC National Safety Council

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PAPR powered air-purifying respirator

PDF personal flotation device PID photoionization detector

PPE personal protective equipment

ppm parts per million

RMSF Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever

SAR supplied-air respirator

SCBA self-contained breathing apparatus SHSS Site Health and Safety Specialist

SOP standard of practice STEL short-term exposure limit

SZ support zone

TBD to be determined

TSDF treatment, storage, and disposal facility

This health and safety plan (HSP) will be kept on the site during field activities and will be reviewed and updated as necessary. The plan adopts, by reference, the standards of practice (SOPs) in the CH2M HILL Corporate Health and Safety Program, Program and Training Manual, and CH2M HILL Constructors, Inc. (CCI) Health and Safety Guidelines as appropriate. The Site Health and Safety Specialist (SHSS) is to be familiar with these SOPs and the content of this plan. Site personnel must sign Attachment 1. In addition, this plan adopts procedures in the work plan for the project.

1.0 Project Information and Description

Client or Owner: Southern Division, Naval Facilities Engineering Command (NAVFAC)

Project No: CTO-0061

CCI Project Manager: Matt Haupt

Office: Atlanta, Georgia (ATL)

Site Name: Naval Support Activity (NSA) Mid-South

Site Address: Millington, Tennessee

Date Health and Safety Plan Prepared: May 2001

Date(s) of Initial Visit: September 2000

Date(s) of Site Work: June - October 2001

Site Access: Access is not restricted as most of the facility has been turned over to the city of

Millington.

Site Size: The site occupies about an acre. It is located on the north side adjacent to Old /

Navy Road.

Site Topography: flat plain with slight rolling hills

Prevailing Weather: hot humid summers with cold winter and potential for snow.

Site Description and History: The facility was closed under Phase III of the Base

Realignment and Closure (BRAC) program in 1998 and turned over to the city of Millington.

The Navy Exchange (NEX) gas station is the site of this activity. It is currently out of service.

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2.0 Project Organization and Tasks to be Performed under this Plan

2.1 Project Organization

Client: Southern Division, Naval Facilities Engineering Command

CCI:

Project Manager: Matt Haupt/ATL Field Team Leader: TBD/ATL Refer to Section 4.0 for field staff.

Contractors and Subcontractors: Refer to Section 4.2.

2.2 Description of Tasks

Refer to project documents (i.e., work plan) for detailed task information. A health and safety risk analysis has been performed for each task and is incorporated in this HSP through task-specific hazard controls and requirements for monitoring and protection. Tasks in addition to those listed below require an approved amendment to this plan before additional work begins. Refer to Section 10.2 for procedures related to tasks that do not involve hazardous waste operations and emergency response (HAZWOPER).

2.2.1 HAZWOPER-Regulated Tasks

HAZWOPER-regulated tasks include:

- Well sampling
- Installation of interceptor trench
- Excavation of four areas for volatile organic compound (VOC) contamination including shoring near buildings
- Pumping of excavated groundwater
- Partial demolition of canopy over Pump Islands 4 through 7 (lead paint)
- Demolition of Pump Island 4

2.2.2 Non-HAZWOPER-Regulated Tasks

Under specific circumstances, the training and medical monitoring requirements of federal or state HAZWOPER regulations are not applicable. It must be demonstrated that the tasks can be performed without the possibility of exposure in order to use non-HAZWOPER-trained personnel. Prior approval from the Health and Safety Manager (HSM) is required before these tasks are conducted on regulated hazardous waste sites.

TASKS

General heavy equipment (excavation, grading, etc.)

CONTROLS

- Brief on hazards, limits of access, and emergency procedures
- Post contamination areas as appropriate

A task hazard analysis is provided in Table 2-1.

TABLE 2-1Task Hazard Analysis

			Tasks		
Potential Hazards	Soil Excavation/ Trenching HS-32	Groundwater Monitoring	Shoring and Bracing	Demolition HS-45	Loading material for offsite disposal
Aerial Lifts HS-41					,
Benzene HS-67	X	X			X
Buried Utilities, Drums, Tanks	X			X	·
Compressed Gas HS-63	X			X	
Confined Space Entry HS-17	X				
Cranes, Hoist, Rigging HS-44			Х	X	
Earthmoving HS-27	X			X	Х
Electrical HS-23	X		X	X	
Excavation HS-32	X			X	
Fire Protection HS-22	X	X	Х	Х	X
Hand and Power Tools HS-50	X	X	Х	Х	
Heavy Equipment HS-27	X		Х	X	X
Ladders HS-25	Х	·	X	X	
Lead HS-57				Х	X
Lockout/Tagout HS-33	Х			X	
Manual Lifting HS-29	X	X	Х	X	
Noise >85dBa HS-39	Х	X	Х	Х	Х
Respirators HS-08	X			×	
Rigging HS-44	X		X	X	
Scaffolding HS-73				Х	
Traffic Control HS-24	X	X	Χ	X	Х
Visible lighting	X	X	Х	X	X
Welding and Cutting HS-63	X		X	X	

2.2.3 Hazard Controls

This section provides safe work practices and control measures used to reduce or eliminate potential hazards. Table 2-2 lists safe work practices and control measures used to reduce or eliminate potential hazards for the activities associated with this project. Inspection and training requirements for equipment are listed in Table 2-3. These practices and controls are to be implemented by the party in control of either the site or the particular hazard. CCI employees and subcontractors must remain aware of the hazards affecting them regardless of the party responsible for controlling the hazards. CCI employees and subcontractors who do not understand any of these provisions should contact the SHSS for clarification.

In addition to controls specified in this section, activity Self-Assessment Checklist is provided in Attachment 5. This checklist is to be used to assess the adequacy of CCI and subcontractors site-specific safety requirements. Objective of the self-assessment process is to identify gaps in project safety performance, and prompt for corrective actions in addressing gaps. A Self-Assessment Checklist will be completed weekly and returned to the Senior Project Manager, with a copy to HSM.

TABLE 2-2 Recommended Safety Controls

Principal Steps	Potential Safety/Health Hazards	Recommended Controls							
General Hazards	Reduce general safety hazards found at most sites; referenced in CH2M HILL SOP HS-20	Site work will be performed during daylight hours whenever possible. Work conducted during hours of darkness will require enough illumination intensity to read a newspaper without difficulty.							
		Hearing protection worn in areas where you need to shout to hear someone within 3 feet.							
		Good housekeeping must be maintained at all times in project work areas.							
		Common paths of travel established and kept free from accumulation of materials.							
		Provide slip-resistant surfaces, ropes, and /or other devices to be used.							
		Specific areas should be designated for the proper storage of materials.							
		Tools, equipment, materials, and supplies will be stored in an orderly manner.							
		As work progresses, scrap and unessential materials must be neatly stored or removed from the work area.							
		Containers should be provided for collecting trash and other debris and will be removed a regular intervals.							
		Spills will be cleaned up. Oil and grease will be cleaned from walking surfaces.							
Hazard Communication	Comply with the Hazard Communication Standard informing worker about the	Complete an inventory of chemicals brought on site by CCI using the Project-Specific Chemical Hazard Communication Form provided in Attachment 2.							
	chemical to which they may be exposed;	Confirm inventory of chemicals brought on site by CCI subcontractors is available.							
	referenced in 29 CFR 1926 and CH2M HILL SOP HS-05	Confirm locations of Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDSs) from client, contractors, and subcontractors for chemicals to which CCI employees potentially are exposed.							
		Before or as the chemicals arrive onsite, obtain an MSDS for each hazardous chemical.							
		Label chemical containers with the identity of the chemical and with hazard warnings, and store properly.							
		Give employees required chemical-specific HAZCOM training using the Chemical-Specific Tracking Form provided in Attachment 3.							
Chemicals									
Benzene (Soil contamination) If	Exposure to Benzene above the PEL as listed in 29 CFR 1926.1128; referenced in	Do not enter regulated work areas unless training, medical monitoring, and PPE requirements established by the competent person have been met.							
confirmed by Drager	29 CFER 1910.1028 and CH2M HILL SOP	Do not eat, drink, smoke, chew tobacco or gum, or apply cosmetics in regulated areas.							
tubes in excess of 1ppm in breathing	HS-67	Skin absorption is a potential route of benzene exposure.							
zone, Personnel		Benzene is considered a "Confirmed Human Carcinogen."							
Monitoring Required		An STEL of 15 minutes exists for this material of 5 ppm.							
in addition to Real- time monitoring.		Benzene has an aromatic odor.							
ime monitoring.		Respiratory protection and other exposure controls selection will be based on the most recent exposure monitoring results obtained from the competent person.							



Principal Steps	Potential Safety/Health Hazards	Recommended Controls
Lead (Canopy Demolition) Respiratory Protection	Exposure to Lead above the PEL; referenced in 29 CFR 1926.62 and CH2M HILL SOP-57	Work activities involving cutting, grinding, burning, welding, and other abrasive operations performed on any painted and/or coated surfaces should be treated as having an increased potential for lead exposure.
required for this activity as long as		Surfaces suspected of containing lead will be treated as lead unless documentation and/or testing results indicate otherwise.
painted surfaces are involved. Burning or		Do not enter regulated work areas unless training, medical monitoring, and PPE requirements established by the competent person have been met.
welding on painted		Do not eat, drink, smoke, chew tobacco or gum, or apply cosmetics in regulated areas.
surface may release additional lead fume.		Do not launder work clothes with ordinary clothes.
additional lead fume.		Respiratory protection and other exposure controls selection will be based on the most recent exposure monitoring results obtained from the competent person.
		The following requirements pertain to lead contaminated soils:
		Work will progress in a sequence from less contaminated to more contaminated areas.
		Water should be added to soils prior to and during excavation, air rotary drilling, and other activities that create or have the potential to create airborne lead contaminated dust. For air rotary drilling operations, water can be added to the boring to reduce dust generation from the cyclone. Depending upon soil type, watering of soil may be required several days prior to commencing ground intrusive activities.
		Personnel working in the vicinity of lead contaminated soil will wear disposable coveralls or equal and exercise enhanced personal hygiene (i.e., frequent hand washing prior to eating, drinking, smoking; separation of work and street clothing/footwear; etc.).
Physical Conditions		
Aerial Lifts Canopy	Reduce risk to equipment and personnel	Only authorized and trained personnel are permitted to operate aerial lifts.
Demolition	when lifting materials; referenced in 29 CFR	Inspect aerial lifts and test lift controls prior to use.
	1926, Subpart N, and CH2M HILL SOP-41	Wear a full body harness with lanyard attached to the boom or platform. For scissors lifts where a standard guardrail system is installed and you are working within the confines of such a system, full body harness and lanyard are not required.
		Do not attach lanyard to adjacent structure or equipment while working from aerial lift.
		Stand firmly on the floor of the platform and do not sit or climb on the railings of the platform or use planks, ladders, or other devices to increase working height.
		Remain in platform at all times and do not leave platform to climb to adjacent structures.
		Position aerial lifts on firm, level surfaces when possible, with the brakes set. Use wheel chocks on inclines. If outriggers are provided, position on solid surfaces or cribbing.
		Maintain safe clearance distances between overhead power lines and any part of the aerial lift or conducting material unless the power lines have been de-energized and grounded, or where insulating barriers have been installed to prevent physical contact. Maintain at least 10 feet from overhead power lines for voltages of 50 kV or less, and 10 feet plus ½ inch for every 1 kV over 50 kV.
		Do not exceed the boom and basket load limits.
		Do not use aerial lifts as cranes, unless specifically designed/approved by manufacturer.
		Do not work or stand below aerial lift operations.
		Do not use aerial lifts when winds exceed 30 miles per hour.

TABLE 2-2 (CONTINUED)
Recommended Safety Controls

Principal Steps	Potential Safety/Health Hazards	Recommended Controls	
Buried utilities, drums,	Reduce risk of contacting buried utilities, drums, or tanks during excavations	Contact local utility locator service or Base utilities service before excavations .	
tanks (Excavations)		Perform testing to locate buried tanks, drums or pipelines such as magnetometer or ground penetrating radar survey before excavation.	
Confined Space Entry (Required if entering excavation over 4' deep)	Reduce risk of accident or injuries during a confined space entry; referenced in 29 CFR 1910.146 and CH2M HILL SOP HS-17.	Confined space entrants, attendants, and entry supervisors must complete the CH2M HILL 8-Hour Confined Space Entry training.	
		A Confined Space Entry Permit (CSEP), Alternative Procedure Certificate (APC), or Non-permit Certificate (NPC) must be completed and posted near the space entrance point for review.	
		Each confined space entrant and attendant must attend a pre-entry briefing conducted by the entry supervisor.	
		Each confined space entrant and attendant must verify that the entry supervisor has authorized entry and that all permit or certificate requirements have been satisfied.	
		Only individuals listed on the Authorization/Accountability Log are permitted to enter the space.	
		Each confined space entrant and attendant must verify that atmospheric monitoring has been conducted at the frequency specified on the permit or certificate and that monitoring results are documented and within acceptable safe levels.	
		The following requirements must be met during confined space entry:	
		Communication must be maintained between the attendant and entrants to enable the attendant to monitor entrant status.	
		Entrants must use equipment specified on the permit or certificate accordingly.	
		All permit or certificate requirements must be followed.	
		Entrants must evacuate the space upon orders of the attendant or entry supervisor, when an alarm is sounded, or when a prohibited condition or dangerous situation is recognized.	
		Entrants and attendants must inform the entry supervisor of any hazards confronted or created in the space or any problems encountered during entry.	
Compressed gasses	Reduce the hazards when working with	Valve caps must be in place when cylinders are transported, moved, or stored.	
compressed gasses	compressed gasses	Cylinder valves must be closed when cylinders are not being used and when cylinders are being moved.	
		Cylinder valves must be closed when cylinders are not being used and when cylinders are being moved.	
		Cylinders must be shielded from welding and cutting operations and positioned to avoid being struck or knocked over; contacting electrical circuits; or exposed to extreme heat sources.	
		Cylinders must be secured on a cradle, basket, or pallet when hoisted; they may not be hoisted by choker slings.	
Energized Electrical	Reduce the hazards when dealing with energized electrical circuits; referenced in 29 CFR 1926.400 and CH2M HILL SOP-23.	Only qualified personnel permitted to work on unprotected energized electrical systems.	
		Electrical wiring and equipment will be de-energized prior to conducting work unless it can be demonstrated that de-energizing introduces additional or increased hazards or is unfeasible due to equipment design or operational limitations.	
		Electrical systems will be considered energized until lockout/tagout procedures are implemented.	

TAE (CONTINUED) Recommended Safety Controls

Principal Steps	Potential Safety/Health Hazards	Recommended Controls
Fire Protection	To reduce the incidents of fires and provide resources to fight fires; referenced in 29 CFR 1926.150 and CH2M HILL SOP-22	Fire extinguishers will be provided so travel distance from any work area to the nearest extinguisher is less than 100 feet. When 5 gallons or more of a flammable or combustible liquid is being used, an extinguisher must be within 50 feet. Extinguishers must: 1) be maintained in a fully charged and operable condition, 2) be visually inspected each month, and 3) undergo a maintenance check each year.
		The area in front of extinguishers must be kept clear.
		Post "Exit" signs over exiting doors, and post "Fire Extinguisher" signs over extinguisher locations.
		Combustible materials stored outside should be at least 10 feet from any building.
		Solvent waste and oily rags must be kept in a fire resistant, covered container until removed from the site.
		Flammable/combustible liquids must be kept in approved containers, and must be stored in an approved storage cabinet.
Ladders	Reduce the hazards from climbing and operating ladders; referenced	Ladders must be inspected by a competent person for visible defects prior to each day's use. Defective ladders must be tagged and removed from service.
	in 29 CFR 1926, Subpart X and	Portable ladders must extend at least 3 feet above landing surface.
	CH2M HILL SOP HS-25	User must face the ladder when climbing; keep belt buckle between side rails.
		User must use both hands to climb, use rope to raise and lower equipment and materials.
		Straight and extension ladders must be tied off to prevent displacement.
		Ladders that may be displaced by work activities or traffic must be secured or barricaded.
		Fixed ladders greater than or equal to 20 feet in height must be provided with fall protection devices.
		Stepladders are to be used in the fully opened and locked position.
		Users are not to stand on the top two steps of a stepladder, nor are users to sit on top or straddle a stepladder.
		Straight and extension ladders must be positioned at such an angle that the ladder base to the wall is one-forth of the working length of the ladder.
Lockout/Tagout (All electrical and pumps	Reduce the hazards of accidental machine startups while out of service; referenced in 29 CFR 1910.147, 29 CFR 1926. 417, and CH2M HILL SOP HS-33	Do not work on equipment when the unexpected operation could result in injury, unless lockout/tagout procedures are implemented.
in area to be excavated or trenched)		Staff working under a lockout/tagout procedure must complete the CH2M HILL Lockout/Tagout training course. Project-specific training may also be required on site-specific lockout/tagout procedures.
		Standard lockout/tagout procedures include the following six steps:
		Notify all personnel in the affected area of the lockout/tagout,
		Shut down the equipment using normal operating controls,
		Isolate all energy sources,
		Apply individual lock and tag to each energy isolating device,
	,	Relieve or restrain all potentially hazardous stored or residual energy, and
		Verify that isolation and de-energization of the equipment has been accomplished. Once verified that the equipment is at the zero energy state, work may begin.
		All safe guards must be put back in place, all affected personnel notified that lockout/tagout has been removed, and controls positioned in the safe mode prior to lockout/tagout removal.
		Do not remove another person's lock or tag.

TABLE 2-2 (CONTINUED)
Recommended Safety Controls

Principal Steps	Potential Safety/Health Hazards	Recommended Controls
Manual Lifting	Reduce hazards encountered when lifting	Proper lifting techniques must be used when lifting any object.
3	loads; referenced in CH2M HILL SOP HS-29	Plan storage and staging to minimize lifting or carrying distances.
		Split heavy loads into smaller loads.
	·	Use mechanical lifting aids whenever possible.
		Have someone assist with the lift especially for heavy or awkward loads.
		Ensure that the path of travel is clear prior to the lift.
Noise	Reduce the exposure to noise; referenced in 29 CFR 1926.101 and 29CFR 1910.95, and CH2M HILL SOP HS-39	Noise areas will be evaluated at the start of the project and at any time new machinery is added to the process.
		Hearing protection will be worn whenever levels in excess of 85 dBA are exceeded as in areas where you must raise your voice to communicate at a distance of 3 feet or less.
		Personnel will be trained in the proper installation techniques for ear protection that fits in the ear canal.
		Hearing protective devices will be kept clean and sanitary be between uses.
		Noise measurements may be required by the SSHS to determine protection areas. These areas need to be posted with appropriate warning signs.
Respiratory Protection	Perform respiratory protection in a safe and healthful manner; referenced in 29 CFR 1926.103 and CH2M HILL SOP HS-0	Respirator users must have completed appropriate respirator training within the past 12 months. SC training is required for air-purifying respirators (APR) use and Level B training is required for supplied-air respirators (SAR) and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) use. Specific training is required for the use of powered air-purifying respirators (PAPR).
		Respirator users must complete the respirator medical monitoring protocol and been approved for the specific type of respirator to be used.
		Tight-fitting facepiece respirator (negative or positive pressure) users must have passed an appropriate fit test within past 12 months.
		Respirator use will be limited to those activities identified in this plan. If site conditions change that alter the effectiveness of the specified respiratory protection, the HSM will be notified to amend the written plan.
		Tight-fitting facepiece respirator users will be clean-shaven and will perform a user seal check before each use.
		Canisters/cartridges will be replaced according to change-out schedule specified in this plan. Respirator users will notify SHSS of any detection of vapor or gas breakthrough.
		SHSS will report any breakthrough events to HSM for schedule upgrade.
		Respirators in regular use will be inspected before each use and during cleaning
		Respirators in regular use will be cleaned and disinfected as often as necessary to ensure they are maintained in a clean and sanitary condition.
		Respirators will be properly stored to protect against contamination and deformation.
		Field repair of respirators will be limited to routine maintenance. Defective respirators will be removed from service.
		When breathing air is supplied by cylinder or compressor, the SHSS will verify the air meets Grade D air specifications.
		The SHSS will complete the H&S Self-Assessment Checklist – Respiratory Protection include in Attachment 5 of this plan to verify compliance with CH2M HILL's respiratory protection program.

Principal Steps	Potential Safety/Health Hazards	Recommended Controls	
Scaffolding	Reduce the potential for accident from the use of scaffolding; referenced in 29 CFR	Do not access scaffolds until the competent person has completed the work shift inspection and has authorized access.	
	1926 Subpart L and CH2M HILL SOP HS-73	Follow requirements established by competent person or as identified on scaffold tag.	
		Do not access scaffolds that are damaged or unstable at any time and for any reason.	
		Only access scaffolds by means of a ladder, stair tower, ladder stand, ramp, integral prefabricated scaffold access, or other equivalent safe means of access. Scaffold crossbracing will not be used to access scaffold platforms.	
		Remain within the scaffold guardrail system when provided. Leaning over or stepping across a guardrail system is not permitted.	
		Use personal fall arrest systems when required by the competent person and when working from suspension scaffolds or boatswains' chairs. CH2M HILL's fall protection training must be completed before using personal fall arrest systems.	
		Do not stand on objects (bricks, blocks, etc.) or ladders on top of scaffold platforms to increase working height unless the platform covers entire floor area of the room.	
		Do not work on scaffolds covered with snow, ice, or other slippery material or work on scaffolds during storms or high winds unless personal fall arrest systems or wind screens are provided and competent person determines it's safe to remain on scaffold.	
Shoring and Bracing	Reduce the potential for accidents from the	Only certified operators shall operate pile driving equipment	
Choming and Bracing	installation and removal of shoring and bracing; referenced in 29 CFR 1926 Subpart P Excavations and 29CFR 1926.603 Pile Driving Equipment	Employees will be kept clear of area when piles are being lifted.	
		When cutting piles, driving operations will be suspended in the area of the cutting.	
		Engineers and winchmen shall accept signals only form the designated signalman.	
-		Sheet-piling may need bracing to support vertical walls of an excavation.	
Traffic Control	Reduce accidents related to control of traffic and impacts; referenced in CH2M HILL SOP HS-24	Exercise caution when exiting traveled way or parking along street; avoid sudden stops, use flashers, etc.	
		Park in a manner that will allow for safe exit from vehicle, and where practicable, park vehicle so that it can serve as a barrier.	
		All staff working adjacent to traveled way or within work area must wear reflective/high-visibility safety vests.	
		Eye protection should be worn to protect from flying debris.	
		Remain aware of factors that influence traffic related hazards and required controls – sun glare, rain, wind, flash flooding, limited sight-distance, hills, curves, guardrails, width of shoulder (i.e., breakdown lane), etc.	
		Always remain aware of an escape route – behind an established barrier, parked vehicle, guardrail, etc.	
		Always pay attention to moving traffic – never assume drivers are looking out for you	
		Work as far from traveled way as possible to avoid creating confusion for drivers.	
	•	When workers must face away from traffic, a "buddy system" should be used, where one worker is looking towards traffic.	
		When working on highway projects, obtain copy of the contractor's traffic control plan.	
		Work area should be protected by a physical barrier such as a K-rail or Jersey barrier.	

TABLE 2-2 (CONTINUED) Recommended Safety Controls

Principal Steps	Potential Safety/Health Hazards	Recommended Controls
Welding and Cutting	Reduce the physical hazards from welding	Only authorized/trained personnel are permitted to operate welding/cutting equipment.
3 3	and cutting; referenced in 29 CFR 1926, Subpart J and CH2M HILL SOP HS-63	Do not enter areas where welding/cutting operations are taking place unless completely necessary and only after receiving permission from the welding/cutting operator.
		If you must be present in an area during welding/cutting operations, position yourself behind flash screens or wear glasses/goggles with lenses of appropriate darkness.
		Do not look directly at the welding/cutting flash or at reflective surfaces surrounding welding/cutting operations.

TABLE 2-3 Equipment Inspection and Training Requirements

Equipment To Be Used	Inspection Requirements	Training Requirements
Forklifts, HS-48	Forklifts will be inspected by the operator prior to use.	Only authorized and trained personnel are permitted to operate forklifts.
,	No part of a load must pass over any personnel.	
	Forklifts left unattended must be immobilized and secured against accidental movement and forks, buckets or attachments must be in lowered position or be firmly supported.	·
	No load may exceed the maximum rated load and loads must be handled in accordance with the height and weight restrictions on the load chart.	
	When a load is in the raised position, the controls must be attended by an operator.	
	If an operator does not have a clear view of the path, a signaler must be used. Loads must be carried as close to the ground or floor as the situation permits. Loads that may tip or fall must be secured.	
	Where a forklift is required to enter or exit a vehicle to load or unload, the vehicle must be immobilized and secured against accidental movement.	
	Forklifts will not be used to support, raise or lower workers.	
	Forklifts operators will wear seatbelts at all times.	
	Concentrations of carbon monoxide created by forklift operation indoors must be monitored when potential exists for reaching or exceeding permissible exposure limits.	
	Barriers, warning signs, designated walkways or other safeguards must be provided where pedestrians are exposed to the risk of collision.	

TABLE 2-3 (CONTINUED)
Equipment Inspection and Training Requirements

Equipment To Be Us d	Inspection Requirements	Training Requirements
Trackhoes Backhoes Excavators Bucket Cranes Bull Dozers	Maintain safe distance from operating equipment and stay alert of equipment movement. Avoid positioning between fixed objects and operating equipment and equipment pinch points, remain outside of equipment swing/turning radius. Pay attention to backup alarms, but not rely on them for protection. Never turn your back on operating equipment.	Only authorized and trained personnel are permitted to operate earthmoving equipment.
Pile Drivers HS-27	Approach operating equipment only after receiving the operator's attention. The operator will acknowledge your presence and stop movement of the equipment. Caution will be used when standing next to idle equipment; when equipment is placed in gear it can lurch forward or backward. Never approach operating equipment from the side or rear where the operator's vision is compromised.	
	When required to work in proximity to operating equipment, wear high-visibility vests to increase visibility to equipment operators. For work performed after daylight hours, vests will be made of reflective material or include a reflective stripe or panel.	
	Do not ride on earthmoving equipment unless it is specifically designed to accommodate passengers. Only ride in seats that are provided for transportation and that are equipped with seat belts.	
	Earthmoving equipment will not be used to lift or lower personnel.	
	If equipment becomes electrically energized, personnel will be instructed not to touch any part of the equipment or attempt to touch any person who may be in contact with the electrical current. The utility company or appropriate party will be contacted to have line de-energized prior to approaching the equipment.	
Motor Vehicles (Off highway job site) HS-47	All vehicles will have working safety equipment including: two headlights, brake lights, audible warning device, and a reverse signal audible above surrounding noise levels.	Only state licensed personnel may operate company vehicles.
	Cabs shall be equipped with windshields and powered wipers.	•
	All vehicles in use will be inspected at the beginning of each shift and a CCI Heavy Equipment Checklist completed (or the subcontractor's equivalent document.)	·

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TABLE 2-3 (CONTINUED)
Equipment Inspection and Training Requirements

Equipment To Be Used	Inspection Requirements	Training Requirements
Crane or Other Lifting Devices, HS-44	Maintain safe distance from operating cranes and stay alert of crane movement. Avoid positioning between fixed objects and operating cranes and crane pinch points, remain outside of crane swing and turning radius. Never turn your back on operating cranes.	Only certified crane operators are permitted to operate cranes
	Approach cranes only after receiving the operator's attention. The operator will acknowledge your presence and stop movement of the crane. Never approach operating cranes from the side or rear where the operator's vision is compromised.	
	When required to work in proximity to operating cranes, wear high-visibility vests to increase visibility to operators. For work performed after daylight hours, vests will be made of reflective material or include a reflective stripe or panel.	
	Stay clear of all hoisting operations. Loads will not be hoisted overhead of personnel.	
•	Cranes will not be used to lift or lower personnel.	
	If crane becomes electrically energized, personnel will be instructed not to touch any part of the crane or attempt to touch any person who may be in contact with the electrical current. The utility company or appropriate party will be contacted to have line de-energized prior to approaching the crane.	
	Do not exceed hoist load limits.	
	Ensure load is level and stable before hoisting	
	Inspect all rigging equipment prior to use. Do not use defective rigging for any reason.	
	Only use rigging equipment for the purpose it was designed and intended	
	Stay clear of all hoisting operations. Loads will not be hoisted overhead of personnel.	
	Hoists will not be used to lift or lower personnel.	
	Do not exceed hoist load limits.	
	Ensure load is level and stable before hoisting	
	Inspect all rigging equipment prior to use. Do not use defective rigging for any reason.	
	Only use rigging equipment for the purpose it was designed and intended.	

3.0 Hazard Evaluation and Control

3.1 Heat and Cold Stress

Reference CH2M HILL SOP HS-09, Heat and Cold Stress

3.1.1 Preventing Heat Stress

The following guidelines relate to heat stress prevention:

- Drink 16 ounces of water before beginning work, such as in the morning or after lunch. Disposable (e.g., 4-ounce) cups and water maintained at 50 to 60 degrees Fahrenheit (°F) should be available. Under severe conditions, drink one to two cups every 20 minutes, for a total of 1 to 2 gallons per day. Take regular breaks in a cool, preferably airconditioned, area. Do not use alcohol in place of water or other nonalcoholic fluids. Decrease your intake of coffee and caffeinated soft drinks during working hours. Monitor for signs of heat stress.
- Acclimate to site work conditions by slowly increasing workloads; e.g., do not begin site
 work with extremely demanding activities.
- Use cooling devices, such as cooling vests, to aid natural body ventilation. The devices add weight, so their use should be balanced against efficiency.
- Use mobile showers or hose-down facilities to reduce body temperature and cool protective clothing.
- During hot weather, conduct field activities in the early morning or evening if possible.
- Provide adequate shelter to protect personnel against radiant heat (sun, flames, hot metal), which can decrease physical efficiency and increase the probability of heat stress.
- In hot weather, rotate shifts of workers.
- Maintain good hygiene standards by frequently changing clothing and by showering.
 Clothing should be permitted to dry during rest periods. Persons who notice skin problems should consult medical personnel.

3.1.2 Symptoms and Treatment of Heat Stress

The symptoms of heat stress are listed in Table 3-1.

TABLE 3-1
Symptoms and Treatment of Heat Stress

	Heat Syncope	Heat Rash (<i>miliaria rubra</i> , "prickly heat")	Heat Cramps	Heat Exhaustion	Heat Str k
Signs and Symptoms	Sluggishness or fainting while standing erect or immobile in heat.	Profuse tiny raised red blister-like vesicles on affected areas, along with prickling sensations during heat exposure.	Painful spasms in muscles used during work (arms, legs, or abdomen); onset during or after work hours.	Fatigue, nausea, headache, giddiness; skin clammy and moist; complexion pale, muddy, or flushed; may faint on standing; rapid thready pulse and low blood pressure; oral temperature normal or low	Red, hot, dry skin; dizziness; confusion; rapid breathing and pulse; high oral temperature.
Treatment	Remove to cooler area. Rest lying down. Increase fluid intake. Recovery usually is prompt and complete.	Use mild drying lotions and powders, and keep skin clean for drying skin and preventing infection.	Remove to cooler area. Rest lying down. Increase fluid intake.	Remove to cooler area. Rest lying down, with head in low position. Administer fluids by mouth. Seek medical attention.	Cool rapidly by soaking in cool—but not cold—water. Call ambulance, and get medical attention immediately!

3.1.3 Heat-Stress Monitoring

For field activities part of ongoing site work activities in hot weather, the following procedures should be used to monitor the body's physiological response to heat and to estimate the work-cycle/rest-cycle when workers are performing moderate levels of work. These procedures should be considered when the ambient air temperature exceeds 70°F, the relative humidity is high (greater than 50 percent), or when the workers exhibit symptoms of heat stress.

The heart rate (HR) should be measured by the radial pulse for 30 seconds, as early as possible in the resting period. The HR at the beginning of the rest period should not exceed 110 beats per minute, or 20 beats per minute above resting pulse. If the HR is higher, the next work period should be shortened by 33 percent, while the length of the rest period stays the same. If the pulse rate still exceeds 110 beats per minute at the beginning of the next rest period, the following work cycle should be further shortened by 33 percent. The procedure is continued until the rate is maintained below 110 beats per minute, or 20 beats per minute above resting pulse.

3.1.4 Preventing Cold Stress

The following guidelines relate to cold stress prevention:

- Be aware of the symptoms of cold-related disorders, and wear proper clothing for the anticipated fieldwork.
- Consider monitoring the work conditions and adjusting the work schedule, using guidelines developed by the U.S. Army (wind-chill index) and the National Safety Council (NSC).
- Wind-Chill Index. This measure relates the dry bulb temperature and the wind velocity. It is used only to estimate the combined effect of wind and low air temperatures on exposed skin. The wind-chill index sometimes is limited in its usefulness because the index does not take into account the body part that is exposed, the level of activity, or the amount or type of clothing worn. For those reasons, it is used only as a guideline to warn workers when they are in a situation that can cause cold-related illnesses. Used in conjunction with the NSC guidelines, the wind-chill index provides a starting point for adjusting work and warm-up schedules.
- NSC Guidelines for Work and Warm-Up Schedules. The cold-exposure limits recommended by the NSC can be used in conjunction with the wind-chill index to estimate work and warm-up schedules for fieldwork. The guidelines are not absolute; workers should be monitored for symptoms of cold-related illness. If symptoms are not observed, the work duration can be increased.
- The wind-chill index and the NSC guidelines are in the CH2M HILL Corporate Health and Safety Program, Program and Training Manual, SOP HS-09.

3.1.5 Symptoms and Treatment of Cold Stress

The symptoms and treatment of cold stress are listed in Table 3-2.

TABLE 3-2
Symptoms and Treatment of Cold Stress

	Immersion (Trench) Foot	Frostbite	Hypothermia
Signs and Symptoms	Feet discolored and painful; infection and swelling present.	Blanched, white, waxy skin, but tissue resilient; tissue cold and pale.	Shivering, apathy, sleepiness; rapid drop in body temperature; glassy stare; slow pulse; slow respiration.
Treatment	Seek medical treatment immediately.	Remove victim to a warm place. Rewarm area quickly in warm—but not hot—water. Have victim drink warm fluids, but not coffee or alcohol. Do not break blisters. Elevate the injured area, and get medical attention.	Remove victim to a warm place. Have victim drink warm fluids, but not coffee or alcohol. Get medica attention.

3.2 Locating Buried Utilities

3.2.1 Local Utility Mark-Out Service

The Base Civil Engineer will be responsible for marking utilities.

3.2.2 Procedures for Locating Buried Utilities

Procedures for locating buried utilities are listed as follows:

- Where available, obtain utility diagrams for the facility.
- Review locations of sanitary and storm sewers, electrical conduits, water supply lines, natural-gas lines, and fuel tanks and lines.
- Review proposed locations of intrusive work with facility personnel knowledgeable of locations of utilities. Check locations against information from utility mark-out service.
- Where necessary, clear locations with a utility-locating instrument (e.g., metal detector).
- Where necessary (e.g., uncertainty about utility locations), excavation or drilling of the upper depth interval should be performed manually. Monitor for signs of utilities during advancement of intrusive work (e.g., sudden change in advancement).
- When the client or other onsite party is responsible for determining the presence and locations of buried utilities, the SHSS should confirm that arrangement.

3.3 Biological Hazards and Controls

Biological hazards and controls are listed in Table 3-3.

TABLE 3-3Biological Hazards and Controls

Hazard and Location	Control Measures
Snakes typically are found in underbrush and tall grassy areas.	If you encounter a snake, stay calm and look around; there may be other snakes. Turn around and walk away on the same path you used to approach the area. If a person is bitten by a snake, wash and immobilize the injured area, keeping it lower than the heart if possible. Seek medical attention immediately. DO NOT apply ice, cut the wound, or apply a tourniquet. Carry the victim or have him/her walk slowly if the victim must be moved. Try to identify the type of snake: note color, size, patterns, and markings.
Poison ivy, poison oak, and poison sumac typically are found in brush or wooded areas. They are more commonly found in moist areas or along the edges of wooded areas.	Become familiar with the identity of these plants. Wear protective clothing that covers exposed skin and clothes. Avoid contact with plants and the outside of protective clothing. If skin contacts a plant, wash the area with soap and water immediately. If the reaction is severe or worsens, seek medical attention.
Exposure to bloodborne pathogens may occur when rendering first aid/CPR, when coming into contact with medical or other potentially infectious material, or coming into contact with landfill waste or waste streams containing infectious material.	Training is required before a task involving potential exposure is performed. Exposure controls and personal protective equipment (PPE) are required as specified in CH2M HILL SOP HS-36, Bloodborne Pathogens. Hepatitis B vaccination must be offered before the person participates in a task where exposure is a possibility.
Bees and other stinging insects may be encountered almost anywhere and may present a serious hazard, particularly to people who are allergic.	Watch for and avoid nests. Keep exposed skin to a minimum. Carry a kit if you have had allergic reactions in the past, and inform the SHSS and/or the buddy. If a stinger is present, remove it carefully with tweezers. Wash and disinfect the wound, cover it, and apply ice. Watch for allergic reaction; seek medical attention if a reaction develops.
Oth r potential biological hazards	None anticipated.

3.4 Tick Bites

Reference CH2M HILL HS-03, Tick Bites

Ticks typically are in wooded areas, bushes, tall grass, and brush. Ticks are black, black and red, or brown and can be up to one-quarter inch in size.

Prevention against tick bites includes avoiding tick areas; wearing tightly woven light-colored clothing with long sleeves and wearing pant legs tucked into boots or socks; spraying **only outside** of clothing with insect repellent containing permethrin or permanone, and spraying skin with DEET; and checking yourself frequently for ticks and showering as soon as possible. To prevent chemical repellents from interfering with sample analyses, exercise care while using repellents during the collection and handling of environmental samples.

If bitten by a tick, carefully remove the tick with tweezers, grasping the tick as close as possible to the point of attachment while being careful not to crush the tick. After removing the tick, wash your hands and disinfect and press the bite area. The removed tick should be saved. Report the bite to human resources personnel.

Look for symptoms of Lyme disease or Rocky Mountain spotted fever (RMSF): Lyme - a rash that looks like a bullseye with a small welt in the center; RMSF - a rash of red spots under the skin 3 to 10 days after the tick bite. In both cases, chills, fever, headache, fatigue, stiff neck, bone pain may develop. If symptoms appear, seek medical attention.

3.5 Radiological Hazards and Controls

Refer to CH2M HILL's Corporate Health and Safety Program, Program and Training Manual, and Corporate Health and Safety Program, Radiation Protection Program Manual, for standards of practice for operating in contaminated areas. There are no known radiological hazards associated with this project.

3.6 Hazards Posed by Chemicals Brought on the Site

3.6.1 Hazard Communication

Reference CH2M HILL Hazard Communication Manual

CH2M HILL's *Hazard Communication Program Manual*, which is available from area or regional offices and from the Corporate Human Resources Department in Denver, Colorado. The project manager is to request MSDSs from the client or from the contractors and the subcontractors for chemicals to which CCI employees potentially are exposed. The SHSS is to do the following:

- Give employees required site-specific hazard communication (HAZCOM) training.
- Confirm that inventory of chemicals brought on the site by subcontractors is available.
- Before or as chemicals arrive on the site, obtain an MSDS for each hazardous chemical.
- Label chemical containers with identity of chemical and with hazard warnings, if any.

Chemical products listed in Table 3-4 will be used on site. Refer to Attachment 2 for MSDSs.

TABLE 3-4 Chemical Hazards

Chemical	Quantity	Location
Isobutylene (calibration gas)	1 liter, compressed gas	Support Zone
Hydrochloric Acid (sample preservation)	1 liter, corrosive	Support Zone
Methanol (decontamination)	4 liters, flammable	Support/Decontamination Zone
Hexane (decontamination)	4 liters, flammable	Support/Decontamination Zone
MSA Cleaner/Sanitizer (respirators)	Powder packets	Support/Decontamination Zone
Alconox/Liquinox (detergent)	< 1 liter, powder/liquid	Support/Decontamination Zone

3.6.2 Shipping and Transportation of Chemical Products

Reference CH2M HILL's Procedures for Shipping and Transporting Dangerous Goods

Nearly all chemicals brought to the site are considered hazardous materials by the DOT. All staff who ship the materials or transport them by road must receive the CH2M HILL training in shipping dangerous goods. Hazardous materials that are shipped (e.g., via Federal Express) or are transported by road must be properly identified, labeled, packed, and documented by trained staff. Contact the HSM or the Equipment Coordinator for additional information.

3.7 Contaminants of Concern

Reference Project Files for More-Detailed Contaminant Information

Contaminants of concern are listed in Table 3-5.

3.8 Potential Routes of Exposure

Potential routes of exposure include:

- **Dermal:** Contact with contaminated media. This route of exposure is minimized through proper use of PPE, as specified in Section 5.0.
- Inhalation: Vapors and contaminated particulates. This route of exposure is minimized through proper respiratory protection and monitoring, as specified in Sections 5.0 and 6.0, respectively.
- Other: Inadvertent ingestion of contaminated media. This route should not present a concern if good hygiene practices are followed (e.g., wash hands and face before eating, drinking, or smoking).

TABLE 3-5 Contaminants of Concern

Contaminant	Location and Maximum ^a Concentration (ppm)	Exposure Limit ^b	IDLH°	Symptoms and Effects of Exposure	PIP ^d (eV)
Benzene	GW: 15.7 mg/l SB. 32.6 mg/kg	1 ppm	500 Ca	Eye, nose, skin, and respiratory irritation; headache; nausea; dermatitis; fatigue; giddiness; staggered gait; bone marrow depression	9.24
Ethyl Benzene	GW· 3.31 mg/l SB: 32.4 mg/kg	100 ppm	800	Eye, skin, and mucous membrane irritation; headache; dermatitis; narcotic; coma	8.76
Gasoline (TN-GRO)	GW: 37.1 mg/l SB: 968 mg/kg	300 ppm	CA	Irritation eyes, skin, mucus membranes; dermatitis, headache; fatigue; blurred vision; slurred speech; confusion; convulsions; chemical pneumonia; liver and kidney damage; carcinogen	NL
Lead (Canopy Paint)	UK but Present	0.05 mg/m ³	100 mg/m ³	Weakness lassitude, facial pallor, pal eye, weight loss, malnutrition, abdominal pain, constipation, anemia, gingival lead line, tremors, paralysis of wrist and ankles, encephalopathy, kidney disease, irritated eyes, hypertension	NL
Toluene	GW: 7.61 mg/l SB: 116 mg/kg	50 ppm	500	Eye and nose irritation, fatigue, weakness, confusion, dizziness, headache, dilated pupils, excessive tearing, nervousness, muscle fatigue, paresthesia, dermatitis, liver and kidney damage	8.82
Xylenes	GW: 7.61 mg/l SB: 114 mg/kg	100 ppm	900	Irritated eyes, skin, nose, and throat; dizziness; excitement; drowsiness; incoherence; staggering gait; corneal vacuolization; anorexia; nausea; vomiting; abdominal pain; dermatitis	8.56

^a Specify sample-designation and media: SB (Soil Boring), A (Air), D (Drums), GW (Groundwater), L (Lagoon), TK (Tank), S (Surface Soil), SL (Sludge), SW (Surface Water). ^b Appropriate value of PEL, REL, or TLV listed.

ppm = parts per million

mg/m³ = milligram per cubic meter

eV - electron volt

GW: from MEM-757-14

Soil: from NEXS001112, depth 12 feet

c IDLH = immediately dangerous to life and health (units are the same as specified "Exposure Limit" units for that contaminant); NL = No limit found in reference materials; CA = Potential occupational carcinogen.

^d PIP = photoionization potential; NA = Not applicable; UK = Unknown.

4.0 Personnel

4.1 CCI Employee Medical Surveillance and Training

Reference CH2M HILL SOP HS-01, Medical Surveillance, and HS-02, Health and Safety Training

The employees listed in Table 4-1 are enrolled in the CH2M HILL Comprehensive Health and Safety Program and meet state and federal hazardous waste operations requirements for 40-hour initial training, 3-day on-the-job experience, and 8-hour annual refresher training. Employees designated "SHSS" have received 8 hours of supervisor and instrument training and can serve as SHSS for the level of protection indicated. An SHSS with a level designation (D, C, B) equal to or greater than the level of protection being used must be present during all tasks performed in exclusion or decontamination zones that involve the potential for exposure to health and safety hazards. Employees designated "FA-CPR" are currently certified by the American Red Cross, or equivalent, in first aid and cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR). At least one FA-CPR designated employee must be present during all tasks performed in exclusion or decontamination zones that involve the potential for exposure to health and safety hazards. The employees listed below are currently active in a medical surveillance program that meets state and federal regulatory requirements for hazardous waste operations. Certain tasks (e.g., confined-space entry) and contaminants (e.g., lead) may require additional training and medical monitoring.

Pregnant employees are to be informed of and are to follow the procedures in CH2M HILL's SOP HS-04, *Reproduction Protection*, including obtaining a physician's statement of the employee's ability to perform hazardous activities, before being assigned fieldwork.

TABLE 4-1
Project Personnel Safety Certifications

Employee Name	Office	Responsibility	SHSS/FA-CPR
Matt Haupt	ATL	Project Manager	SC-HW, FA-CPR
TBD		Site Superintendent	
TBD		SHSS	
Eric Burrell	ATL	QC Manager	SC-HW SHSS; FA-CPR
Robert Nash	ATL	H&S Manager	SC-HW/C SHSS; FA-CPR

4.2 Field Team Chain of Command and Communication Procedures

4.2.1 Client

Contact Name: Eva Clement, Southern Division, NAVFAC

Project Manager: Matt Haupt/ATL

Health and Safety Manager: Robert Nash/ATL

Site Superintendent: TBD

Site Health and Safety Specialist: TBD

The SHSS is responsible for contacting the site superintendent and the project manager. In general, the project manager either will contact or will identify the client contact. The HSM should be contacted as appropriate. The SHSS or the project manager must notify the client and the HSM when a serious injury or a death occurs or when health and safety inspections by OSHA or other agencies are conducted. Refer to Sections 10 through 12 for emergency procedures and phone numbers.

4.2.2 Subcontractors

Reference Section 3, Corporate Health and Safety Program Manual

When specified in the project documents (e.g., contract), this plan may cover CCI subcontractors. However, this plan does not address hazards associated with tasks and equipment that the subcontractor has expertise in (e.g., operation of drill rig). Specialty subcontractors are responsible for health and safety procedures and plans specific to their work. Specialty subcontractors are to submit plans to CCI for review and approval before the start of fieldwork. Subcontractors must comply with the established health and safety plan(s). CCI must monitor and enforce compliance with the established plan(s).

General health and safety communication with subcontractors contracted with CCI and covered by this plan is to be conducted as follows:

- Request that the subcontractor, if a specialty subcontractor, submit a safety or health plan applicable to their expertise (e.g., drill-rig safety plan or nuclear density gauge [NDG] health plan); attach the reviewed plan.
- Supply subcontractors with a copy of this plan, and brief them on its provisions.
- Direct health and safety communication to the subcontractor-designated safety representative.
- Notify the subcontractor-designated representative if a violation of the plan(s) is observed. Specialty subcontractors are responsible for mitigating hazards in which they have expertise.
- If a hazard condition persists, inform the subcontractor. If the hazard is not mitigated, stop affected work as a last resort and notify the project manager.
- When an apparent imminent danger exists, promptly remove all affected personnel.
 Notify the project manager.
- Make clear that consistent violations of the health and safety plan by a subcontractor may result in termination of the subcontract.

5.0 Personal Protective Equipment

Reference CH2M HILL SOP HS-07, Personal Protective Equipment; HS-08, Respiratory Protection

5.1 PPE Specification

TABLE 5-1
PPE Specifications^a

Task	Level	Body	Head	Respirator ^b
General work uniform when no chemical exposure is anticipated	D	Work clothes; steel-toe, steel-shank leather work boots; work gloves	Hardhat ^c Safety glasses Ear protection ^d	None required
Soil Excavation	Modified D	COVERALLS: Uncoated Tyvek® BOOTS: Steel-toe, steel-shank chemical- resistant boots OR steel-toe, steel-shank leather work boots with outer rubber boot covers GLOVES: Inner surgical nitrile glove & outer leather or arimid-fiber glove.	Hardhat ^c Splash shield ^c Safety glasses Ear protection ^d	None required
Soil Excavation, Canopy removal for lead	С	COVERALLS: Polycoated Tyvek® BOOTS: Steel-toe, steel-shank chemical- resistant boots OR steel-toe, steel-shank leather work boots with outer rubber boot covers GLOVES: Inner surgical-style AND outer chemical-resistant nitrile glove.	Hardhat ^c Splash shield ^c Ear protection ^d Spectacle Inserts	APR, full face, MSA Ultratwin or equivalent; with GME-H° cartridges or equivalent
Soil Excavation for high Benzene in air levels	В	COVERALLS: Polycoated Tyvek® BOOTS: Steel toe, steel-shank chemical- resistant boots OR steel-toe, steel-shank leather work boots with outer rubber boot covers GLOVES: Inner surgical-style AND outer chemical-resistant nitrile glove.	Hardhat ^c Splash shield ^c Ear protection ^d Spectacle inserts	Pressure demand self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA)

^a Modifications are as indicated. CCI will provide PPE to only CCI employees.

5.2 Upgrading or Downgrading Level of Protection

The reasons for upgrading or downgrading the PPE level are as follows:

- Upgrade
 - Request from individual performing task
 - Change in work that increase contact/potential contact with hazardous materials
 - Occurrence or likely occurrence of gas or vapor emission
 - Known or suspected presence of dermal hazards
 - Instrument action levels (Section 6) exceeded

^b No facial hair that would interfere with respirator fit is permitted.

^c Hardhat and splash-shield areas are to determined by the SHSS.

^d Ear protection will be worn while around drill rigs or noise-producing equipment or when conversations cannot be held at distances of 3 feet or less without shouting

^o The GME-H cartridge is the new standard-issue cartridge. Available stock of the previously standard GMC-H cartridges may be used for tasks covered by this plan.

Downgrade

- New information indicating that situation is less hazardous than originally thought
- Change in site conditions that decreases the hazard
- Change in work task that will reduce contact with hazardous materials

Performing a task that requires an upgrade to a higher level of protection (e.g., Level D to Level C) is permitted only when the PPE requirements have been specified in Section 5.0 and an SHSS who meets the requirements specified in Section 4.1 is present.

6.0 Air Monitoring Specifications

Reference CH2M HILL SOP HS-06, Air Monitoring

TABLE 6-1
Air Monitoring Specifications

Instrument	Action Levels ^a	Frequency®	Calibration
PID MiniRAE with 10.6eV lamp or equivalent	0 – 1 ppm – Level D >1 - 5 ppm – Level C > 5 – 100 ppm Level B > 100 ppm – Stop Work	Initially and periodically during task	Daily
Detector Tube: Drager benzene specific 0.5/c (0.5 to 10 ppm range) with pre-tube or equivalent	<0.5 ppm – Level D 0.5-1.0 ppm – Level C >1 ppm – Level B	Initially and periodically when PID/FID >1 ppm	

^a Action levels apply to sustained breathing-zone measurements above background.

ppm = parts per million

Action Levels will be established in Site Specific HSP, when concentrations for Contaminants of Concern are evaluated.

6.1 Calibration Specifications

Calibration specifications are listed in Table 6-2. Refer to the respective manufacturer's instructions for proper instrument-maintenance procedures.

TABLE 6-2Calibration Specifications

Instrument	Calibration Gas	Span	Reading	Meth d
PID: MiniRAE, 10.6 eV	100 ppm isobutylene	CF=53	53 ppm <u>+</u> 5 ppm	1.5 lpm REG T-Tubing

ppm = parts per million

6.2 Air Sampling

Sampling may be required by other OSHA regulations where exposure to certain contaminants may exist. Air sampling typically is required when site contaminants include lead, cadmium, arsenic, asbestos, and certain volatile organic compounds. Contact the HSM immediately if these contaminants are encountered.

6.2.1 Method Description

Real time air monitoring will be performed. Contact HSM if assistance is required.

The exact frequency of monitoring depends on field conditions and is to be determined by the SHSS; generally, every 5 to 15 minutes is acceptable; more frequently may be appropriate. Monitoring results should be recorded. Documentation should include instrument and calibration information, time and measurement result, personnel monitored, and place/location where measurement is taken (e.g., "Breathing Zone/MW-3," "at surface/SB-2," etc.).

6.2.2 Personnel and Areas

Results must be sent immediately to the HSM. Regulations may require reporting to monitored personnel. Results reported to: HSM: Robert Nash/ATL.

7.0 Decontamination

Reference CH2M HILL SOP HS-13, Decontamination

The SHSS must monitor the effectiveness of the decontamination procedures. Decontamination procedures found to be ineffective will be modified by the SHSS.

7.1 Decontamination Specifications

Decontamination specifications are listed in Table 7-1.

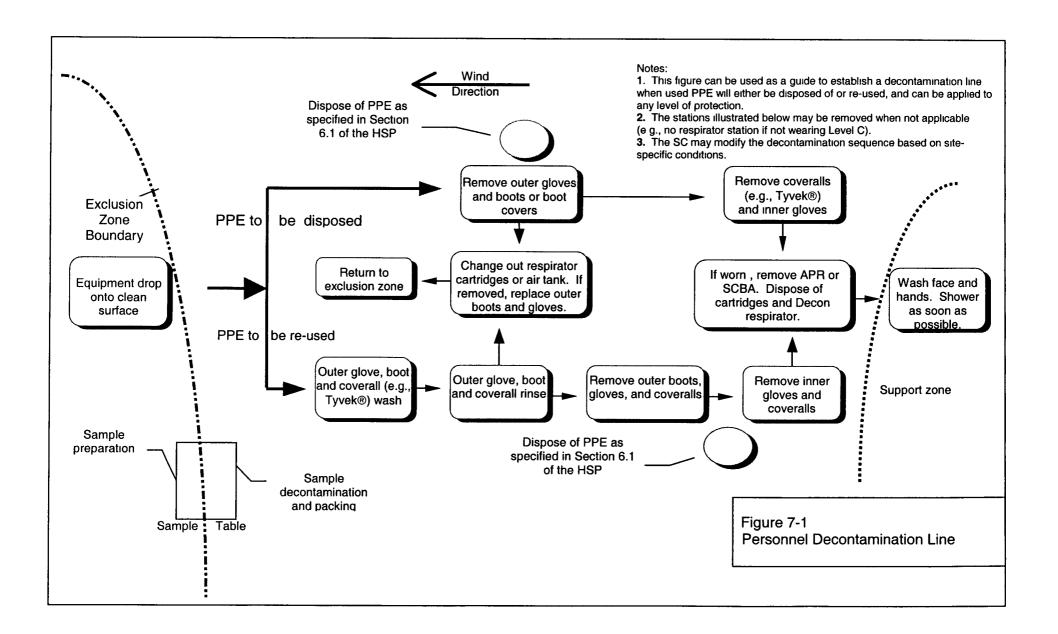
TABLE 7-1Decontamination Specifications

Personnel	Sample Equipment	Heavy Equipment	
Boot wash/rinse Glove wash/rinse Body-suit removal Respirator removal Hand wash/rinse Face wash/rinse Shower ASAP PPE-disposal method Dispose in drums Water-disposal method Dispose in drums	 Wash/rinse equipment Solvent-rinse equipment Solvent-disposal method Dispose in drums 	 Power wash Steam clean Water-disposal method Dispose in drums 	

7.2 Diagram of Personnel-Decontamination Line

No eating, drinking, or smoking is permitted in contaminated areas and in exclusion or decontamination zones. The SHSS should establish areas for eating, drinking, and smoking. Contact lenses are not permitted in exclusion or decontamination zones.

Figure 7-1 illustrates a typical establishment of work zones, including the decontamination line. Work zones are to be modified by the SHSS to accommodate task-specific requirements.



8.0 Spill Prevention and Control Plan

This Spill Prevention and Control Plan establishes minimum site requirements. Subcontractors are responsible for spill prevention and control related to their operations. Subcontractors written spill prevention and control procedures must be consistent with this plan. Spills must be reported to your supervisor, the site manager, and the Contract Manager.

8.1 Spill Prevention

Fuel and chemical storage areas will be properly protected from onsite and offsite vehicle traffic. Fuel storage tanks must be equipped with secondary containment. Fuel tanks must be inspected daily for signs of leaks. Accumulated water must be inspected for signs of product before discharge.

Incidental chemical products must be properly stored, transferred, and used in a safe manner. Should chemical product use occur outside areas equipped with spill control materials, adequate spill control materials must be maintained.

8.2 Spill Containment and Control

Spill control materials will be maintained in the support zone and at fuel storage and dispensing locations. Incidental spills will be contained with sorbent and disposed of properly. Spilled materials must be immediately contained and controlled. Spill response procedures include:

- Immediately warn any nearby personnel and notify the work supervisor.
- Assess the spill area to ensure that it is safe to approach.
- Activate site evacuation signal if spill presents an emergency.
- Ensure any nearby ignition sources are immediately eliminated.
- If it can be done safely, stop the source of the spill.
- Establish site control for the spill area.
- Use proper PPE in responding to the spill.
- Contain and control spilled material through the use of sorbent booms, pads, or other materials.

8.3 Spill Cleanup and Removal

Spilled material, contaminated sorbent, and contaminated media will be cleaned up and removed as soon as possible. Contaminated spill material will be drummed, labeled, and properly stored until material is disposed of. Contaminated material will be disposed of according to applicable federal, state, and local requirements. Contact the regulatory compliance person for the project or the program for assistance.

9.0 Confined-Space Entry

Reference CH2M HILL SOP HS-17, Confined Space Entry

Confined-space entry requires health and safety procedures, training, and a permit. Entry into any excavation greater than 4' in depth requires a Confined Space Entry procedure.

When planned activities include confined-space entry, permit-required confined spaces accessible to CCI personnel are to be identified before the task begins. The SHSS will confirm that permit spaces are properly posted or that employees are informed of their locations and informed of their hazards.

When confined space entry is required, the SSHS will maintain a copy of SOP HS-17 onsite.

10.0 Site Control Plan

10.1 Site Control Procedures

The following site control procedures will be implemented for this CTO:

- SHSS will conduct a site safety briefing (see below) before starting field activities or as tasks and site conditions change.
- Topics for briefing on site safety: general discussion of health and safety plan, sitespecific hazards, locations of work zones, PPE requirements, equipment, special procedures, emergencies.
- SHSS records attendance at safety briefings in logbook and documents topics discussed.
- Post the OSHA job-site poster in a central and conspicuous location at sites where project field offices, trailers, or equipment storage boxes are established.
- Determine wind direction.
- Establish work zones: support, decontamination, and exclusion zones. Delineate zones with flags or cones as appropriate. The support zone (SZ) should be upwind of the site.
- Establish decontamination procedures, including respirator-decontamination procedures, and test the procedures.
- Use access control at the entry and exit from each work zone.
- Store chemicals in appropriate containers.
- Make MSDSs available for onsite chemicals to which employees are exposed.
- Establish onsite communication consisting of the following:
 - Line-of-sight and hand signals
 - Air horn
 - Two-way radio or cellular telephone if available
- Establish offsite communication.
- Establish and maintain the "buddy system."
- Establish procedures for disposing of material generated on the site.
- Initial air monitoring is conducted by the SHSS in appropriate level of protection.
- SHSS is to conduct periodic inspections of work practices to determine the effectiveness of this plan -- refer to CH2M HILL SOP 18, *Health and Safety* Checklist. Deficiencies are to be noted, reported to the HSM, and corrected.

10.2 HAZWOPER Compliance Plan

Reference CH2M HILL SOP HS-17, Health and Safety Plans

The following procedures are to be followed when certain activities do not require 24- or 40-hour training. Note that prior approval from the HSM is required before these tasks are conducted on regulated hazardous waste sites.

- Certain parts of the site work may be covered by state or federal HAZWOPER standards and therefore require training and medical monitoring. Anticipated tasks must be included in Section 2.2.1.
- Air sampling must confirm that there is no exposure to gases or vapors before non-HAZWOPER-trained personnel are allowed on the site. Other data (e.g., soil) also must document that there is no potential for exposure. The HSM must approve the interpretation of these data. Refer to Sections 3.8 and 6.2 for contaminant data and air sampling requirements, respectively.
- Non-HAZWOPER-trained personnel must be informed of the nature of the existing
 contamination and its locations, the limits of their access, and the emergency action plan
 for the site. Non-HAZWOPER-trained personnel also must be trained in accordance
 with other state and federal OSHA requirements, including 29 CFR 1910.1200
 (HAZCOM). Refer to Section 3.7.1 for hazard communication requirements.
- Air monitoring with direct-reading instruments conducted during regulated tasks also should be used to ensure that non-HAZWOPER-trained personnel (e.g., in an adjacent area) are not exposed to volatile contaminants. Non-HAZWOPER-trained personnel should be monitored whenever the belief is that there may be a possibility of exposure (e.g., change in site conditions), or at some reasonable frequency to confirm that there is no exposure. Refer to Section 6.1 for air monitoring requirements.
- Treatment system start-ups: Once a treatment system begins to pump and treat
 contaminated media, the site is, for the purposes of applying the HAZWOPER standard,
 considered a treatment, storage, and disposal facility (TSDF). Therefore, once the system
 begins operation, only HAZWOPER-trained personnel (minimum of 24 hours of
 training) will be permitted to enter the site. All non-HAZWOPER-trained personnel
 must leave the site.

If HAZWOPER-regulated tasks are conducted concurrently with nonregulated tasks, non-HAZWOPER-trained subcontractors must be removed from areas of exposure. If non-HAZWOPER-trained personnel remain on the site while a HAZWOPER-regulated task is conducted, the contaminant/exposure area (exclusion zone) must be posted, non-HAZWOPER-trained personnel must be reminded of the locations of restricted areas and the limits of their access, and real-time monitoring must be conducted. Non-HAZWOPER-trained personnel at risk of exposure must be removed from the site until it can be demonstrated that there is no longer a potential for exposure to health and safety hazards.

11.0 Emergency Response Plan

Reference CH2M HILL SOP HS-12, Emergency Response

11.1 Pre-Emergency Planning

SHSS performs the applicable pre-emergency planning tasks before starting field activities and coordinates emergency response with the facility and local emergency-service providers as appropriate.

- Review the facility emergency and contingency plans where applicable.
- Locate the nearest telephone; determine what onsite communication equipment is available (e.g., two-way radio, air horn).
- Identify and communicate chemical, safety, radiological, and biological hazards.
- Confirm and post emergency telephone numbers, evacuation routes, assembly areas, and route to hospital; communicate the information to onsite personnel.
- Post site map marked with locations of emergency equipment and supplies, and post OSHA job-site poster. The OSHA job-site poster is required at sites where project field offices, trailers, or equipment-storage boxes are established.
- Field Trailers: Post "Exit" signs above exit doors, and post "Fire Extinguisher" signs above locations of extinguishers. Keep areas near exits and extinguishers clear.
- Review changed site conditions, onsite operations, and personnel availability in relation to emergency response procedures.
- Evaluate capabilities of local response teams where applicable.
- Where appropriate and acceptable to the client, inform emergency room and ambulance and emergency response teams of anticipated types of site emergencies.
- Designate one vehicle as the emergency vehicle; place hospital directions and map inside; keep keys in ignition during field activities.
- Inventory and check site emergency equipment, supplies, and potable water.
- Communicate emergency procedures for personnel injury, exposures, fires, explosions, chemical and vapor releases.
- Review notification procedures for contacting CCI's medical consultant and team member's occupational physician.
- Rehearse the emergency response plan once before site activities begin, including driving the route to the hospital.
- Brief new workers on the emergency response plan.

The SHSS will evaluate emergency response actions and initiate appropriate follow-up actions.

11.2 Emergency Equipment and Supplies

The SHSS should mark the locations of emergency equipment on the site map and should post the map. Emergency equipment and its location are listed in Table 11-1.

TABLE 11-1 Emergency Equipment

Emergency Equipment and Supplies	Location	
20 lb (or two 10-lb) fire extinguisher (A, B, and C classes)	In Field Vehicle	
First aid kit	In Field Vehicle	
Eye wash	In Field Vehicle	
Potable water	In Field Vehicle	
Bloodborne-pathogen kit	In Field Vehicle	

11.3 Emergency Medical Treatment

Emergency medical treatment procedures are as follows:

- Notify emergency response authorities listed in Sections 11.9 and 11.11 (e.g., 911).
- During a time of no emergency, contact CCI's medical consultant for advice and guidance on medical treatment.
- The SHSS will assume charge during a medical emergency until the ambulance arrives or until the injured person is admitted to the emergency room.
- Prevent further injury.
- Initiate first aid and CPR where feasible.
- Get medical attention immediately.
- Perform decontamination where feasible; lifesaving/first aid/medical treatment take priority.
- Notify the field team leader and the project manager of the injury.
- Make certain that the injured person is accompanied to the emergency room.
- Notify the Navy RAC Program manager and the Navy RAC health and safety manager.
 If neither can be contacted, call the SOUTHDIV Field Safety Manager. Contact numbers are listed in Table 11-4. Complete six question initial incident report and sent to PMO.
- Notify the injured person's human resources department within 24 hours.

- Prepare an incident report -- refer to CH2M HILL SOP 12, Incident Report Form on Virtual Office. Submit report to corporate director of health and safety, Navy RAC health and safety manager, and corporate human resources department within 24 hours.
- When contacting medical consultant, state that you are calling about a CCI matter, and
 give your name, telephone number, name of injured person, extent of injury/ exposure,
 and the name and location of the medical facility where the injured person was taken.

11.4 Non-emergency Procedures

The procedures listed above may be applied to non-emergency incidents. Injuries and illnesses (including overexposure to contaminants) must be reported to Human Resources. If there is doubt about whether medical treatment is necessary, or if the injured person is reluctant to accept medical treatment, contact the CCI medical consultant.

When contacting the medical consultant, state that the situation is a CCI matter, and give your name, your telephone number, the name of the injured person, the extent of the injury or exposure, and the name and location of the medical facility where the injured person was taken. Follow these procedures as appropriate.

11.5 Incident Response

In fires, explosions, or chemical releases, actions to be taken include the following:

- Shut down CCI operations and evacuate the immediate work area.
- Account for personnel at the designated assembly area(s).
- Notify appropriate response personnel.
- Assess the need for site evacuation, and evacuate the site as warranted.

Instead of implementing a work-area evacuation, note that small fires or spills posing minimal safety or health hazards may be controlled.

11.6 Evacuation

Evacuation procedures are as follows:

- Evacuation routes will be designated by the SHSS before work begins.
- Onsite and offsite assembly points will be designated before work begins.
- Personnel will leave the exclusion zone and assemble at the onsite assembly point upon hearing the emergency signal for evacuation.
- Personnel will assemble at offsite point upon hearing emergency signal for a evacuation.
- SHSS and a "buddy" will remain on the site after the site has been evacuated (if possible) to assist local responders and advise them of the nature and location of the incident.
- SHSS accounts for all personnel in the onsite assembly zone.
- A person designated by the SHSS before work begins will account for personnel at the
 offsite assembly area.

• The SHSS will write up the incident as soon as possible after it occurs and will submit a report to the corporate director of health and safety.

11.7 Evacuation Routes and Assembly Points

Evacuation routes and assembly areas (and alternative routes and assembly areas) are specified on the site map posted at the site.

11.8 Evacuation Signals

Evacuation signals are listed in Table 11-2.

TABLE 11-2 Evacuation Signals

Signal	Meaning
Grasping throat with hand	Emergency-help me
Thumbs up	OK; understood
Grasping buddy's wrist	Leave area now
Continuous sounding of horn	Emergency; leave site now

11.9 Emergency Response Telephone Numbers

Emergency response telephone numbers are listed in Table 11-3.

TABLE 11-3 Emergency Response Telephone Numbers

Site Address:	Phone:
Police: Millington Police Department	Phone: 911
Fire: Millington Fire Department	Phone: 911
Ambulance: Millington Fire Department	Phone: 911
Hospital: Baptist Memorial Hospital	Phone: 901/476-2621
Address: 1995 US 51, Covington, TN	

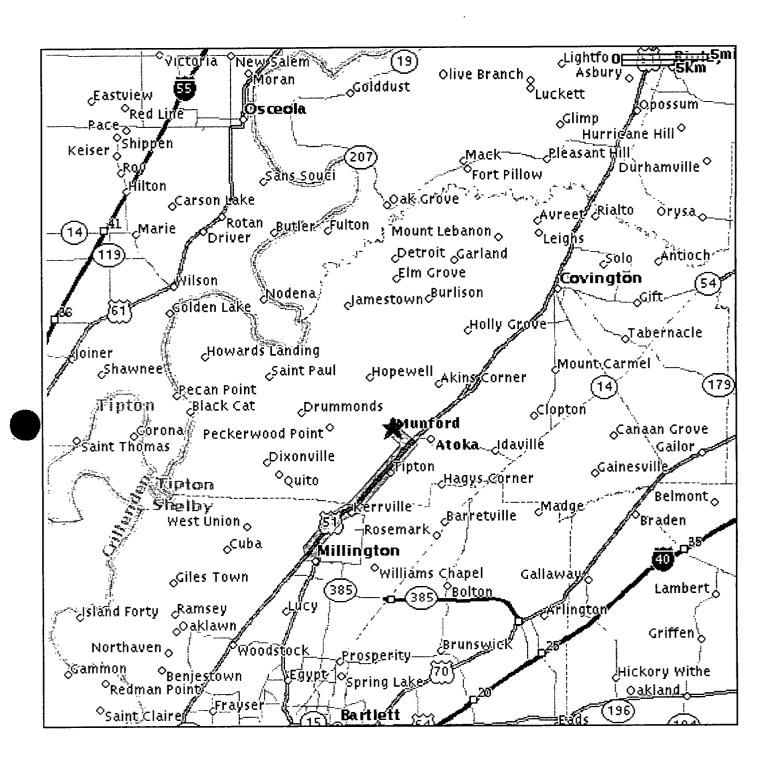
^{*}When using a cellular phone outside the telephone's normal calling area, exercise caution in relying on the cellular phone to activate 911. When the caller is outside the normal calling area, the cellular service carrier should connect the caller with emergency services in the area where the call originated, but this may not occur. Telephone numbers of backup emergency services should be provided if a cellular phone is relied on to activate 911.

Route to Hospital:

Proceed out of Base and turn EAST on Navy Road to US 51 1.5 miles
Proceed NE up US 51 to Hospital 18.9 miles
Driving Time ~33 minutes

Route to Hospital:

The hospital location map is provided in Figure 11-1.



11.10 **Emergency Contacts**

If an incident occurs, notify the person's personnel office, the Navy RAC Program Manager, the Navy RAC Health and Safety Manager, and if neither is available contact the Southern Division NAVFAC Field Safety Office, as soon as possible after obtaining medical attention for the injured person. Notification MUST be made within 24 hours of the incident. Notification is for injuries or property damage greater than \$1,000. Emergency contacts listed in Table 11-4.

TABLE 11-4 Emergency Contacts

TABLE 11-4 Emergency Contacts	Southern Division NAVFACField Safety Contact: Mr. Fletcher Ballzıgler; 843/820-5666 1st Alternate: Mr. David Driggers; 843/820-7466	
CCI Medical Consultant	Southern Division NAVFACField Safety	
Dr. Peter P Greany WorkCare Inc.,333 S. Anıta Drive	Contact: Mr. Fletcher Ballzigler; 843/820-5666	
Orange, CA 92868,800/455-6155	1 st Alternate: Mr. David Driggers; 843/820-7466 🗴 🌿	
(After-hours calls will be returned within 20 minutes.)	2 nd Alternate: Ms. Dolores Chester; 843/820-7462	
CCI Drug-Free Workplace Program Administrator	Site Safety and Health Specialist (SHSS)	
Alicia Sweeney/ORL	TBD	
407/423-0001		
Navy RAC Program Manager	Project Manager	
Scott Newman/ATL	Matt Haupt/ATL	
770/604-9182, ext. 519; Cel-phone: 678/488-5988	770/604-9095	
Navy RAC Health and Safety Manager (HSM)	Navy RAC Environmental Compliance Manager	
Robert Nash/ATL	Nancy Ballantyne/DEN	
770/604-9182, ext. 341	303/771-0900 ext. 5561	
CCI Health and Safety Manager	Human Resources Manager	
Angelo Liberatore	Nancy Orr /DEN	
770/604-9182, ext. 592	303/771-0925	
Client	Corporate Human Resources Department	
Eva Clements	Julie Zımmerman/COR	
Naval Facilities Engineering Command	303/771-0900	
Federal Express Dangerous Goods Shipping	Worker's Compensation and Auto Claims	
800/238-5355	Sterling Administrative Services	
CH2M HILL Emergency Number for Shipping	800/420-8926 After hours 800/497-4566	
Dangerous Goods 800/255-3924	Report fatalities & report vehicular accidents involving pedestrians, motorcycles, or more than two cars.	

12.0 Approval

This site-specific health and safety plan has been written for use by CCI only. CCI claims no responsibility for its use by others unless that use has been specified and defined in project or contract documents. The plan is written for the specific site conditions, purposes, dates, and personnel specified and must be amended if those conditions change.

12.1 Original Plan

Written by:

Date:

Approved by:

Robert Nash

Date: May 2001

12.2 Revisions

Revisions Made by:

Date:

Revisions Approved by:

Date:

Attachment 1

Employee Signoff

EMPLOYEE SIGNOFF FORM

Health and Safety Plan

The CCI project employees and subcontractors listed below have been provided with a copy of this HSP, have read and understood it, and agree to abide by its provisions.

Project Number: Project Name: NEX Gas Station **EMPLOYEE NAME COMPANY** DATE **EMPLOYEE SIGNATURE** (Please print)

Attachment 2

Project Specific Chemical Product Hazard Communication Form

Project-Specific Chemical Product Hazard Communication Form

This form must be completed prior to performing activities that expose personnel to hazardous chemicals products. Upon completion of this form, the SC will verify that training is provided on the hazards associated with these chemicals and the control measures to be used to prevent exposure to CH2M HILL and subcontractor personnel. Labeling and MSDS systems will also be explained.

Proj	ct Name:	NEX Gas Statio
MSD	Ss will be	maintained
at the	e following	9
locat	tion(s):	

Project Number:

Hazardous Chemical Products Inventory

			MSDS	Container labe	els
Chemical	Quantity	Location	Available	Identity	Hazard
	1 liter,	1			
Isobutylene	compressed	Support Zone			
Hydrochloric acid	< 500 ml	Support Zone / sample bottles			
Methanol	< 1 Gallon	Support/Decon Zones			
Hexane	< 1 Gallon	Support/Decon Zones			
MSA Sanitizer	< 1 liter	Support/Decon Zones			
Alconox/Liquinox	< 1liter	Support/Decon Zones			10 - 47
				*	
		for more detailed informa			

Refer to SOP HS-05 Hazard Communication for more detailed information

Attachment 3

Chemical-Specific Training Form

CCI CHEMICAL-SPECIFIC TRAINING FORM

Location: NEX Ga	s Station	Project # : Trainer:		
TRAINING PARTICIPA	ANTS:			
NAME	SIGI	NATURE	NAME	SIGNATURE
		. <u> </u>		
REGULATED PRODU	CTS/TASK	S COVERED B	Y THIS TRAINING:	
	·			
				,
			11	
The HCC will use the pro-	duct MSDS t	o provide the folk	owing information concerning	ng each of the products
☐ Physical and health	hazards			
			ection (including appropriat quipment to be used)	te work practices,
	periodic mo	nitoring, continuo	ence or release of the regu us monitoring devices, visu	
			(f	

Training participants will have the opportunity to ask questions concerning these products and, upon completion of this training, will understand the product hazards and appropriate control measures available for their protection.

Copies of MSDSs, chemical inventories, and CH2M HILL's written hazard communication program will be made available for employee review in the facility/project hazard communication file.

Attachment 4

Material Safety Data Sheets

Alconox ®

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Alconox, Inc. 9 East 40th Street, Suite 200 New York, NY 10016

I. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name (as appears on label)	ALCONOX
CAS Registry Number:	Not Applicable
Effective Date:	January 1, 1998
Chemical Family:	Anionic Powdered Detergent

II. HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS/IDENTITY INFORMATION

There are no hazardous ingredients in ALCONOX as defined by the OSHA Standard and Hazardous Substance List 29 CFR 1910 Subpart Z.

III. PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Boiling Point (F):	Not Applicable	
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg):	Not Applicable	
Vapor Density (AIR=1):	Not Applicable	
Specific Gravity (Water=1):	Not Applicable	
Melting Point:	Not Applicable	
Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate=1):	Not Applicable	
Solubility in Water:	Appreciable-Soluble to 10% at ambient conditions	
Appearance:	White powder interspersed with cream colored flakes.	

IV. FIRE AND EXPLOSION DATA

Flash Point (Method Used):	None	
Flammable Limits:	LEL: No Data UEL: No Data	
Extinguishing Media:	Water, dry chemical, CO2, foam	
Special Firefighting Procedures:	Self-contained positive pressure breathing apparatus and protective clothing should be worn when fighting fires involving chemicals.	
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:	None	

V. REACTIVITY DATA

Stability:	Stable
Hazardous Polymerization:	Will not occur
Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid):	None

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
The second of th	h
Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts:	May release CO ₂ on burning
il lazaluous Decombosition of Dyblouucis.	iniav release CO) on burning
1	

VI. HEALTH HAZARD DATA

Route(s) of Entry:	Inhalation? Yes Skin? No Ingestion? Yes
Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic): Carcinogenicity:	Inhalation of powder may prove locally irritating to mucous membranes. Ingestion may cause discomfort and/or diarrhea. Eye contact may prove irritating. NTP? No IARC Monographs? No
Caremogericity:	OSHA Regulated? No
Signs and Symptoms of Exposure:	Exposure may irritate mucous membranes. May cause sneezing.
Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated by Exposure:	Not established. Unnecessary exposure to this product or any industrial chemical should be avoided. Respiratory conditions may be aggravated by powder.
Emergency and First Aid Procedures:	Eyes: Immediately flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes. Call a physician. Skin: Flush with plenty of water. Ingestion: Drink large quantities of water or milk. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs readminister fluids. See a physician for discomfort.

VII. PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING AND USE

	Material foams profusely. Recover as much as possible and flush remainder to sewer. Material is biodegradable.
Waste Disposal Method:	Small quantities may be disposed of in sewer. Large quantities should be disposed of in accordance with local ordinances for detergent products.
Precautions to be Taken in Storing and Handling:	Material should be stored in a dry area to prevent caking.
Other Precautions:	No special requirements other than the good industrial hygiene and safety practices employed with any industrial chemical.

VIII. CONTROL MEASURES

Respiratory Protection (Specify Type):	Dust mask - Recommended
Ventilation:	Local Exhaust-Normal Special-Not Required Mechanical-Not Required Other-Not Required
Protective Gloves:	Impervious gloves are useful but not required.
Eye Protection:	Goggles are recommended when handling solutions.
Other Protective Clothing or Equipment:	None
Work/Hygienic Practices:	No special practices required

THE INFORMATION HEREIN IS GIVEN IN GOOD FAITH BUT NO WARRANTY IS EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED.

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SCOTT SPECIALTY GASES -- ISOBUTYLENE IN AIR - CALIBRATION GAS CYL
MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET
NSN: 6665012148247
Manufacturer's CAGE: 51847
Part No. Indicator: A
Part Number/Trade Name: ISOBUTYLENE IN AIR
General Information
______
Item Name: CALIBRATION GAS CYL
Company's Name: SCOTT SPECIALTY GASES
Company's Street: ROUTE 611 NORTH
Company's City: PLUMSTEADVILLE
Company's State: PA
Company's Country: US
Company's Zip Code: 18949
Company's Emerg Ph #: 215-766-8861; 908-754-7700
Company's Info Ph #: 215-766-8861
Record No. For Safety Entry: 003
Tot Safety Entries This Stk#: 005
Status: SMJ
Date MSDS Prepared: 23APR92
Safety Data Review Date: 27SEP94
MSDS Serial Number: BVRGC
Hazard Characteristic Code: G3
Ingredients/Identity Information
Proprietary: NO
Ingredient: PROPENE, 2-METHYL-; (ISOBUTYLENE)
Ingredient Sequence Number: 01
NIOSH (RTECS) Number: UD0890000
CAS Number: 115-11-7
OSHA PEL: N/K (FP N)
ACGIH TLV: N/K (FP N)
-----
Proprietary: NO
Ingredient: AIR, REFRIGERATED LIQUID; AIR COMPRESSED (UN1002, DOT); AIR
REFRIGERATED LIQUID (CRYOGENIC LIQUID) (UN1003) (DOT)
Ingredient Sequence Number: 02
NIOSH (RTECS) Number: AX5271000
OSHA PEL: N/K (FP N)
ACGIH TLV: N/K (FP N)
Physical/Chemical Characteristics
Appearance And Odor: COLORLESS GAS W/POSSIBLE SLIGHT OLEFINIC ODOR.
Boiling Point: -318F,-194C
Vapor Pressure (MM Hg/70 F): N/A
Vapor Density (Air=1): 1.2
Specific Gravity: 0.88 (H*20=1)
Evaporation Rate And Ref: NOT APPLICABLE
Solubility In Water: INSOLUBLE
Percent Volatiles By Volume: 100
```

Fire and Explosion Hazard Data

Flash Point: NONFLAMMABLE Lower Explosive Limit: N/A Upper Explosive Limit: N/A

Extinguishing Media: USE WHAT IS APPROPRIATE FOR SURROUNDING FIRE.

Special Fire Fighting Proc: USE NIOSH/MSHA APPROVED SCBA & FULL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (FP N). USE WATER SPRAY TO KEEP FIRE EXPOSED CYLINDERS COOL. Unusual Fire And Expl Hazrds: COMPRESSED AIR AT HIGH PRESSURES WILL

ACCELERATE THE BURNING OF FLAMMABLE MATERIALS.

Reactivity Data

Stability: YES

Cond To Avoid (Stability): NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER.

Materials To Avoid: NONE.

Hazardous Decomp Products: NONE.

Hazardous Poly Occur: NO

Conditions To Avoid (Poly): NOT RELEVANT

Health Hazard Data

LD50-LC50 Mixture: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER.

Route Of Entry - Inhalation: YES

Route Of Entry - Skin: NO

Route Of Entry - Ingestion: NO

Health Haz Acute And Chronic: ACUTE: CONCENTRATION OF ISOBUTYLENE IS THIS

MIXTURE SHOULD NOT PRESENT ANY SYMPTOMS OF TOXICITY. CHRONIC: NONE.

Carcinogenicity - NTP: NO Carcinogenicity - IARC: NO Carcinogenicity - OSHA: NO

Explanation Carcinogenicity: NOT RELEVANT

Signs/Symptoms Of Overexp: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER.

Med Cond Aggravated By Exp: NONE.

IMMEDIATELY FLUSH W/POTABLE WATER FOR A MINIMUM OF 15 MINUTES, SEEK ASSISTANCE FROM MD (FP N). SKIN:FLUSH W/COPIOUS AMOUNTS OF WATER. CALL MD (FP N). INHAL:IMMEDIATELY REMOVE VICTIM TO FRESH AIR. IF BREATHING HAS STOPPED, GIVE ARTIFICIAL RESPIRATION. IF BREATHING IS DIFFICULT, GIVE OXYGEN.

Precautions for Safe Handling and Use

Steps If Matl Released/Spill: EVACUATE & VENTILATE AREA. REMOVE LEAKING CYLINDER TO EXHAUST HOOD OR SAFE OUTDOORS AREA IF THIS CAN BE DONE SAFELY. Neutralizing Agent: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER.

Waste Disposal Method: DISPOSAL MUST BE I/A/W FEDERAL, STATE & LOCAL REGULATIONS (FP N). RETURN CYLS TO SUPPLIER FOR PROPER DISP W/ANY VALVE OUTLET PLUGS/CAPS SECURED & VALVE PROT CAP IN PLACE. ALLOW GAS TO DISCHARGE AT SLOW RATE TO ATM IN UNCONFINED AREA/EXHST HOOD.

Precautions-Handling/Storing: STORE IN WELL VENTILATED AREAS ONLY. KEEP VALVE PROT CAP ON CYLS WHEN NOT IN USE & SECURE CYL WHEN USING TO PROT FROM FALLING.

Other Precautions: USE SUITABLE HAND TRUCK TO MOVE CYLS. PROT CYLS FROM PHYSICAL DMG. DO NOT DEFACE CYLS/LBLS. MOVE CYL W/ADEQ HAND TRUCK. CYL SHOULD BE REFILLED BY QUALIFIED PRODUCERS OF COMPRESSED GAS. SHIPMENT OF COMPRESSED GAS CYL WHICH HAS NOT (SUPDAT)

Control Measures

Respiratory Protection: USE NIOSH/MSHA APPROVED SCBA IN CASE OF EMERGENCY OR NON-ROUTINE USE.

Ventilation: PROVIDE ADEQUATE GENERAL & LOCAL EXHAUST VENTILATION.

Protective Gloves: RUBBER GLOVES.

Eye Protection: ANSI APPROVED CHEM WORKERS GOGGS (FP N).

Other Protective Equipment: WEAR SAFETY SHOES. A SAFETY SHOWER & EYEWASH

STATION SHOULD BE READILY AVAILABLE.

Work Hygienic Practices: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER.

Suppl. Safety & Health Data: OTHER PREC:BEEN FILLED BY OWNER OR WITH HIS WRITTEN CONSENT IS A VIOLATION OF FEDERAL LAW (49 CFR).

Transportation Data

Trans Data Review Date: 94269

Disposal Data

Label Data

Label Required: YES

Technical Review Date: 27SEP94

Label Date: 26SEP94 Label Status: G

Common Name: ISOBUTYLENE IN AIR

Chronic Hazard: NO Signal Word: NONE

Acute Health Hazard-None: X

Contact Hazard-None: X Fire Hazard-None: X

Reactivity Hazard-None: X

Special Hazard Precautions: ACUTE:CONCENTRATION OF ISOBUTYLENE IS THIS MIXTURE SHOULD NOT PRESENT ANY SYMPTOMS OF TOXICITY. CHRONIC:NONE LISTED BY

MANUFACTURER.
Protect Eye: Y
Protect Skin: Y

Protect Respiratory: Y

Label Name: SCOTT SPECIALTY GASES Label Street: ROUTE 611 NORTH Label City: PLUMSTEADVILLE

Label State: PA

Label Zip Code: 18949 Label Country: US

Label Emergency Number: 215-766-8861; 908-754-7700

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ALDRICH CHEMICAL -- HYDROCHLORIC ACID 37% A.C.S REAGENT 32033-1
MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET
NSN: 681000N014447
Manufacturer's CAGE: 60928
Part No. Indicator: A
Part Number/Trade Name: HYDROCHLORIC ACID 37% A.C.S REAGENT 32033-1
______
                    General Information
______
Company's Name: ALDRICH CHEMICAL CO
Company's P. O. Box: 355
Company's City: MILWAUKEE
Company's State: WI
Company's Country: US
Company's Zip Code: 53201
Company's Info Ph #: 414-273-3850
Record No. For Safety Entry: 001
Tot Safety Entries This Stk#: 001
Status: SMJ
Date MSDS Prepared: 16MAR90
Safety Data Review Date: 20JUL95
MSDS Serial Number: BKKZK
Hazard Characteristic Code: C1
______
              Ingredients/Identity Information
Proprietary: NO
Ingredient: HYDROGEN CHLORIDE (HYDROCHLORIC ACID) (SARA III)
Ingredient Sequence Number: 01
Percent: 37
NIOSH (RTECS) Number: MW4025000
CAS Number: 7647-01-0
OSHA PEL: C 5 PPM
ACGIH TLV: C 5 PPM; 9192
_____
               Physical/Chemical Characteristics
_____
Appearance And Odor: COLORLESS LIQUID, PUNGENT ODOR.
Boiling Point: 123F,51C
Melting Point: 77.7F,25.4C
Vapor Pressure (MM Hg/70 F): 3.23@21.1C
Vapor Density (Air=1): 1.3
Specific Gravity: 1.2
Solubility In Water: SOLUBLE
Fire and Explosion Hazard Data
______
Flash Point: NONE
Lower Explosive Limit: N/A
Upper Explosive Limit: N/A
Extinguishing Media: NONCOMBUSTIBLE. USE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA APPROPRIATE
TO SURROUNDING FIRE CONDITIONS.
Special Fire Fighting Proc: WEAR NIOSH/MSHA APPROVED SCBA AND FULL
```

PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT TO PREVENT CONTACT WITH SKIN AND EYES. USE WATER SPRAY TO COOL FIRE-EXPOSED CONTAINERS.

Unusual Fire And Expl Hazrds: EMITS TOXIC FUMES UNDER FIRE CONDITIONS.

Reactivity Data

Stability: YES

Cond To Avoid (Stability): DO NOT ALLOW WATER TO ENTER CONTAINER BECAUSE OF VIOLENT REACTION.

Materials To Avoid: BASES, AMINES, ALKALI METALS, COPPER, COPPER ALLOYS, ALUMINUM, CORRODES STEEL.

Hazardous Decomp Products: TOXIC FUMES OF: HYDROGEN CHLORIDE GAS.

Hazardous Poly Occur: NO

Conditions To Avoid (Poly): NOT RELEVANT

Health Hazard Data

LD50-LC50 Mixture: LD50:(IPR,MUS)1449 MG/KG;(SEE SUPP DATA)

Route Of Entry - Inhalation: YES

Route Of Entry - Skin: NO

Route Of Entry - Ingestion: NO

Health Haz Acute And Chronic: ACUTE:MAY BE FATAL IF INHALED OR INGESTED. CAUSES BURNS. MATERIAL IS EXTREMELY DESTRUCTIVE TO TISSUE OF MUCOUS MEMBRANES & UPPER RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYES AND SKIN. INHALATION MAY BE FATAL AS RESULT OF SPASM, INFLAMMATION & EDEMA OF LARYNX & BRONCHI, CHEMICAL PNEUMONITIS & PULMONARY EDEMA.

Carcinogenicity - NTP: NO

Carcinogenicity - IARC: NO

Carcinogenicity - OSHA: NO

Explanation Carcinogenicity: NOT RELEVANT

Signs/Symptoms Of Overexp: BURNING SENSATION, COUGHING, WHEEZING,

LARYNGITIS, SHORTNESS OF BREATH, HEADACHE, NAUSEA AND VOMITING. Med Cond Aggravated By Exp: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER.

Emergency/First Aid Proc: EYES:IMMEDIATELY FLUSH W/COPIOUS AMTS OF WATER FOR AT LEAST 15 MINUTES. ASSURE ADEQ FLUSHING BY SEPARATING LIDS W/FINGERS. SKIN:IMMEDIATELY FLUSH W/COPIOUS AMTS OF WATER FOR 15 MINUTES WHILE REMOVING CONTAM CLTHG/SHOES. WASH CONTAM CLTHG BEFORE REUSE. DISCARD CONTAM SHOES. INHAL:REMOVE TO FRESH AIR. SUPPORT BRTHG (GIVE O*2/ARTF RESP), CALL MD. INGEST:CALL MD IMMEDIATELY (FP N).

Precautions for Safe Handling and Use

Steps If Matl Released/Spill: EVACUATE AREA. WEAR NIOSH/MSHA APPROVED SCBA, RUBBER BOOTS & HEAVY RUBBER GLOVES. COVER W/DRY-LIME, SAND, SODA ASH. PLACE IN COVERED CNTNRS USING NONSPARKING TOOLS & TRANSPORT OUTDOORS. VENT AREA & WASH SPILL SITE AFTER MATERIAL PICKUP IS COMPLETE.

Neutralizing Agent: SEE WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD.

Waste Disposal Method: SMALL QYTS:SLOWLY ADD TO LG STIRRED EXCESS OF WATER. ADJUST PH TO NEUTRAL, SEPARATE ANY INSOLUBLE SOLIDS/LIQ & PACKAGE FOR HAZ WASTE DISP. FLUSH AQUEOUS SOLN DOWN DRAIN W/PLENTY OF WATER. HYDROLYSIS/NEUTRALIZATION RXN MAY GENERATE HEAT(SEE SUPP DATA) Precautions-Handling/Storing: STORE IN COOL, DRY PLACE. OPEN CAREFULLY. KEEP TIGHTLY CLOSED. AVOID PRLNGD/RPTD EXPOSURE. DO NOT GET IN EYES, ON SKIN OR CLTHG. AVOID BREATHING VAPOR.

Other Precautions: POISON. CORROSIVE. REACTS VIOLENTLY WITH WATER. MAY DEVELOP PRESSURE. DO NOT PIPET BY MOUTH.

Control Measures

Respiratory Protection: NIOSH/MSHA APPROVED RESPIRATOR IN NONVENTILATED AREAS AND/OR FOR EXPOSURE ABOVE ACGIH TLV.

The state of the state of

Ventilation: MECHANICAL EXHAUST REQUIRED.

Protective Gloves: NEOPRENE/PVC GLOVES.

Eve Protection: CHEMICAL WORKERS GOGGLES (FP N).

Other Protective Equipment: SAFETY SHOWER AND EYE BATH. FACESHIELD (8-INCH

MINIMUM).

Work Hygienic Practices: WASH HANDS THOROUGHLY AFTER USE AND BEFORE EATING, DRINKING, SMOKING OR USING SANITARY FACILITIES (FP N).

Suppl. Safety & Health Data: LD50-LC50 MIX:LD50:(ORL,RBT)900 MG/KG. WASTE DISP METH:AND FUMES WHICH CAN BE CONTROLLED BY RATE OF ADDITION. DISPOSE OF I/A/W FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS.

Transportation Data

Trans Data Review Date: 91221

DOT PSN Code: HJG

DOT Proper Shipping Name: HYDROCHLORIC ACID, SOLUTION

DOT Class: 8

DOT ID Number: UN1789 DOT Pack Group: II DOT Label: CORROSIVE IMO PSN Code: IHF

IMO Proper Shipping Name: HYDROGEN CHLORIDE

IMO Regulations Page Number: SEE 8183

IMO UN Number: 1789
IMO UN Class: 8

IMO Subsidiary Risk Label: -

IATA PSN Code: NPG
IATA UN ID Number: 1789

IATA Proper Shipping Name: HYDROCHLORIC ACID

IATA UN Class: 8
IATA Label: CORROSIVE
AFI PSN Code: NPG
AFI Symbols: T

AFI Prop. Shipping Name: HYDROCHLORIC ACID, SOLUTION

AFI Class: 8

AFI ID Number: UN1789 AFI Pack Group: II

AFI Special Prov: A3,A6,N41 AFI Basic Pac Ref: 12-5

Dısposal Data

Label Data

Label Required: YES

Technical Review Date: 06JUN91

Label Date: 06JUN91 Label Status: G

Common Name: HYDROCHLORIC ACID

Chronic Hazard: YES Signal Word: DANGER!

Acute Health Hazard-Slight: X

Contact Hazard-Severe: X

Fire Hazard-None: X

Reactivity Hazard-Moderate: X

Special Hazard Precautions: ACUTE: INHALATION MAY BE FATAL AS A RESULT OF

SPASM, INFLAMMATION AND EDEMA OF THE LARYNX AND BRONCHI, CHEMICAL PNEUMONITIS AND PULMONARY EDEMA. EXTREMELY DESTRUCTIVE TO MUCOUS MEMBRANES, EYES, SKIN. CHRONIC: MAY DAMAGE EYES, LUNGS. WARNING! REACTS VIOLENTLY WITH WATER.

Protect Eye: Y Protect Skin: Y

Protect Respiratory: Y

Label Name: ALDRICH CHEMICAL CO

Label P.O. Box: 355
Label City: MILWAUKEE

Label State: WI

Label Zip Code: 53201 Label Country: US

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ALDRICH CHEMICAL SUB OF SIGMA-ALDRICH -- 65550 METHANOL
MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET
NSN: 681000F030311
Manufacturer's CAGE: 60928
Part No. Indicator: A
Part Number/Trade Name: 65550 METHANOL
_______
                    General Information
______
Company's Name: ALDRICH CHEMICAL CO SUB OF SIGMA-ALDRICH
Company's Street: 1001 W ST PAUL AVE
Company's P. O. Box: 355
Company's City: MILWAUKEE
Company's State: WI
Company's Country: US
Company's Zip Code: 53233
Company's Emerg Ph #: 800-325-5832-S/800-231-8327-A
Company's Info Ph #: 800-325-5832-S/800-231-8327-A
Record No. For Safety Entry: 001
Tot Safety Entries This Stk#: 001
Status: SE
Date MSDS Prepared: 01APR92
Safety Data Review Date: 30SEP93
Preparer's Company: ALDRICH CHEMICAL CO SUB OF SIGMA-ALDRICH
Preparer's St Or P. O. Box: 1001 W ST PAUL AVE
Preparer's City: MILWAUKEE
Preparer's State: WI
Preparer's Zip Code: 53233
MSDS Serial Number: BRXZV
______
               Ingredients/Identity Information
Proprietary: NO
Ingredient: METHANOL (METHYL ALCOHOL), COLUMBIAN SPIRITS
Ingredient Sequence Number: 01
NIOSH (RTECS) Number: PC1400000
CAS Number: 67-56-1
OSHA PEL: S,200PPM/250STEL
ACGIH TLV: S,200PPM/250STEL; 93
Other Recommended Limit: 200 PPM
______
               Physical/Chemical Characteristics
_______
Appearance And Odor: COLORLESS LIQUID
Boiling Point: 64.6C
Melting Point: -98C
Vapor Pressure (MM Hg/70 F): 97.68
Vapor Density (Air=1): 1.1
Specific Gravity: 0.791
______
                Fire and Explosion Hazard Data
______
Flash Point: 52F
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Lower Explosive Limit: 6% Upper Explosive Limit: 36%

Extinguishing Media: CO2, DRY CHEMICAL POWDER OR APPROPRIATE FOAM.

Special Fire Fighting Proc: WEAR SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS & FULL

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING.

Unusual Fire And Expl Hazrds: VAPOR MAY TRAVEL CONSIDERABLE DISTANCE TO

Reactivity Data

Cond To Avoid (Stability): HEAT, SPARKS, OPEN FLAME OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION.

Materials To Avoid: ACIDS, ACID CHLORIDES, ACID ANHYDRIDES, OXIDIZING/ REDUCING AGENTS, ALKALI METALS.

Hazardous Decomp Products: CO, CO2

Hazardous Poly Occur: NO

Health Hazard Data

LD50-LC50 Mixture: ORAL LD50 (RAT): 5628 MG/KG

Route Of Entry - Inhalation: YES

Route Of Entry - Skin: YES

Route Of Entry - Ingestion: YES

Health Haz Acute And Chronic: MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED. HARMFUL IF INHALED OR ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. VAPOR OR MIST IS IRRITATING TO THEY EYES. MUCOUS MEMBRANES, SKIN, & UPPER RESPIRATORY TRACT. CAN CAUSE DAMAGE TO THE EYES, LIVER, HEART, KIDNEYS. GASTROINTESTINAL DISTURBANCES & CONVULSIONS. MAY CAUSE BLINDNESS IF INGESTED.

Carcinogenicity - NTP: NO

Carcinogenicity - IARC: NO

Carcinogenicity - OSHA: NO

Explanation Carcinogenicity: NONE

Signs/Symptoms Of Overexp: OPTIC NERVE NEUROPATHY, VISUAL FIELD CHANGES, HEADACHE, DYSPNEA, NAUSEA, VOMITING.

Med Cond Aggravated By Exp: CUTS, SCRATCHES

Emergency/First Aid Proc: EYES/SKIN: FLUSH W/PLENTY OF WATER FOR AT LEAST 15 MINS WHILE REMOVING CONTAMINATED CLOTHING & SHOES. INHALATION: REMOVE TO FRESH AIR. IF NOT BREATHING, GIVE ARTIFICIAL RESPIRATION. IF BREATHIG IS DIFFICULT, GIVE OXYGEN. INGESTION: WASH OUT MOUTH W/WATER PROVIDED PERSON IS CONSCIOUS. DISCARD CONTAMINATED CLOTHING & SHOES. OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION IN ALL CASES.

Precautions for Safe Handling and Use

Steps If Matl Released/Spill: EVACUATE AREA. SHUT OFF ALL IGNITION

SOURCES. USE PROTECTIVE EQUIP. COVER W/DRY-LIME, SAND OR SODA ASH. PLACE IN COVERED CONTAIERS USING NON-SPARKING TOOLS & TRANSPORT OUTDOORS. VENTILATE AREA & WASH SPILL SITE AFTER MATERIAL PICKUP IS COMPLETE.

Neutralizing Agent: DRY LIME, SAND OR SODA ASH

Waste Disposal Method: BURN IN A CHEMICAL INCINERATOR EQUIPPED W/AN AFTERBURNER & SCRUBBER BUT EXERT EXTRA CARE IN IGNITING AS THIS MATERIAL IS HIGHLY FLAMMABLE. OBSERVE ALL FEDERAL, STATE & LOCAL LAWS. UN1230.

Precautions-Handling/Storing: KEEP TIGHTLY CLOSED & AWAY FROM HEAT, SPARKS & OPEN FLAME. PRODUCT IS HYGROSCOPIC. STORE IN A COOL DRY PLACE. NO SMOKING. CANNOT BE MADE NON-POISONOUS

Other Precautions: AVOID CONTACT W/EYES, SKIN, CLOTHING & BREATHING OF VAPORS. DON'T USE IF SKIN IS CUT OR SCRATCHED.

Control Measures

Respiratory Protection: WEAR AN APPROPRIATE NIOSH/MSHA APPROVED

RESPIRATOR.

Ventilation: MECHANICAL EXHAUST

Protective Gloves: CHEMICAL RESISTANT

Eye Protection: SAFETY GOGGLES

Other Protective Equipment: RUBBER BOOTS, SAFETY SHOWER, EYE BATH

Work Hygienic Practices: WASH THOROUGHLY AFTER HANDLING.

Transportation Data

Disposal Data

Label Data

Label Required: YES

Technical Review Date: 30SEP93

Label Date: 17SEP93 Label Status: F

Common Name: 65550 METHANOL

Chronic Hazard: YES Signal Word: DANGER!

Acute Health Hazard-Severe: X

Contact Hazard-Severe: X Fire Hazard-Severe: X

Reactivity Hazard-Slight: X

Special Hazard Precautions: MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED. HARMFUL IF INHALED OR ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. VAPOR OR MIST IS IRRITATING TO THEY EYES, MUCOUS MEMBRANES, SKIN, & UPPER RESPIRATORY TRACT. CAN CAUSE DAMAGE TO THE EYES, LIVER, HEART, KIDNEYS. GASTROINTESTINAL DISTURBANCES & CONVULSIONS. MAY CAUSE BLINDNESS IF INGESTED. TARGET ORGANS: EYES, SKIN, LIVER, HEART, KIDNEYS, RESPIRATORY & DIGESTIVE TRACTS. DIGESTIVE TRACTS, LIVER.

Protect Eye: Y Protect Skin: Y

Protect Respiratory: Y

Label Name: ALDRICH CHEMICAL CO SUB OF SIGMA-ALDRICH

Label Street: 1001 W ST PAUL AVE

Label P.O. Box: 355
Label City: MILWAUKEE

Label State: WI

Label Zip Code: 53233 Label Country: US

Label Emergency Number: 800-325-5832-S/800-231-8327-A

Year Procured: UNK

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ALDRICH CHEMICAL -- HEXANE ACS GRADE - N-HEXANE
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MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

NSN: 681000N040300

Manufacturer's CAGE: 60928

Part No. Indicator: A

Part Number/Trade Name: HEXANE ACS GRADE

General Information

Item Name: N-HEXANE

Company's Name: ALDRICH CHEMICAL CO

Company's P. O. Box: 355 Company's City: MILWAUKEE

Company's State: WI Company's Country: US Company's Zip Code: 53201

Company's Emerg Ph #: 414-273-3850 Company's Info Ph #: 414-273-3850 Record No. For Safety Entry: 001 Tot Safety Entries This Stk#: 001

Status: SMJ

Date MSDS Prepared: 04AUG92 Safety Data Review Date: 03MAR93

MSDS Serial Number: BRZJT
Hazard Characteristic Code: NK

Ingredients/Identity Information

Proprietary: NO Ingredient: HEXANE

Ingredient Sequence Number: 01 NIOSH (RTECS) Number: MN9275000

CAS Number: 110-54-3 OSHA PEL: 500 PPM ACGIH TLV: 50 PPM; 9293

Physical/Chemical Characteristics

Appearance And Odor: COLORLESS LIQUID

Boiling Point: 154F,68C

Vapor Pressure (MM Hg/70 F): 132@20C

Vapor Density (Air=1): 3 Specific Gravity: 0.661

Fire and Explosion Hazard Data

Flash Point: -10F,-23C Lower Explosive Limit: 1.2% Upper Explosive Limit: 7.7%

Extinguishing Media: CARBON DIOXIDE, DRY CHEMICAL POWDER OR APPROPRIATE FOAM.

Special Fire Fighting Proc: WEAR NIOSH/MSHA APPROVED SCBA AND FULL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (FP N). USE WATER SPRAY TO COOL FIRE-EXPOSED

CONTAINERS.
Unusual Fire And Expl Hazrds: VAPOR MAY TRAVEL CONSIDERABLE DISTANCE TO SOURCE OF IGNITION AND FLASH BACK. CONTAINER EXPLOSION MAY OCCUR UNDER FIRE CONDITIONS. EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE.

Reactivity Data

Stability: YES

Cond To Avoid (Stability): HEAT, SPARKS AND OPEN FLAME.

Materials To Avoid: OXIDIZING AGENTS. CHLORINE, FLUORINE, MAGNESIUM PERCHLORATGE.

Hazardous Decomp Products: TOXIC FUMES OF: CARBON MONOXIDE, CARBON DIOXIDE.

Hazardous Poly Occur: NO

Conditions To Avoid (Poly): NOT RELEVANT

Health Hazard Data

LD50-LC50 Mixture: LD50:(ORAL,RAT)28710 MG/KG

Route Of Entry - Inhalation: YES

Route Of Entry - Skin: YES

Route Of Entry - Ingestion: YES

Health Haz Acute And Chronic: ACUTE: HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED, INHALED, OR ABSORBED THRU SKIN. VAPOR OR MIST IS IRRITATING TO EYES, MUCOUS MEMBRANES AND UPPER RESPIRATORY TRACT. CAUSES SKIN IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE NERVOUS SYSTEM DISTURBANCES. EXPOSURE CAN CAUSE: COUGHING, CHEST PAINS, DIFFICULTY IN BREATHING. LUNG IRRIT, CHEST PAIN (EFTS OF OVEREXP)

Carcinogenicity - NTP: NO Carcinogenicity - IARC: NO Carcinogenicity - OSHA: NO

Explanation Carcinogenicity: NOT RELEVANT

Signs/Symptoms Of Overexp: HLTH HAZ: & EDEMA WHICH MAY BE FATAL. GI DISTURBANCES, NAUSEA, HEADACHE AND VOMITING.

Med Cond Aggravated By Exp: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER.

Emergency/First Aid Proc: EYES: IMMED FLUSH W/COPIOUS AMTS OF WATER FOR @ LST 15 MIN & SEEK MED ADVICE. SKIN: IMMED FLUSH W/COPIOUS AMTS OF WATER FOR @ LST 15 MIN WHILE REMOVING CONTAMD CLTHG & SHOES. WASH CONTAMD CLTHG BEFORE REUSE. INHAL: REMOVE TO FRESH AIR. IF NOT BRTHG GIVE ARTF RESP. IF BREATHING IS DIFFICULT, GIVE OXYGEN. INGEST: WASH OUT MOUTH W/ WATER PROVIDED PERSON IS CONSCIOUS. CALL A PHYSICIAN.

Precautions for Safe Handling and Use

Steps If Matl Released/Spill: EVAC AREA. SHUT OFF ALL SOURCES OF IGNIT. WEAR NIOSH/MSHA APPRVD SCBA, RUBB BOOTS & HEAVY RUBB GLOVES. COVER W/AN ACTIVATED CARBON ABSORB, TAKE UP & PLACE IN CLSD CONTRS. TRANSPORT OUTDOORS. VENT AREA & WASH SPILL SITE AFTER MATL PICKUP IS COMPLETE.

Neutralizing Agent: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER.

Waste Disposal Method: BURN IN A CHEMICAL INCINERATOR EQUIPPED WITH AN AFTERBURNER AND SCRUBBER BUT EXERT EXTRA CARE IN IGNITING AS THIS MATERIAL IS HIGHLY FLAMMABLE. OBSERVE ALL FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS

Precautions-Handling/Storing: KEEP TIGHTLY CLSD. STORE IN A COOL DRY PLACE. DO NOT BREATHE VAP. AVOID CONT W/EYES/SKIN/CLTHG. IRRITANT. HARMFUL VAP. NEUROLOGICAL HAZARD.

Other Precautions: KEEP AWAY FROM HEAT, SPARKS, AND OPEN FLAME.

Control Measures

Respiratory Protection: WEAR APPROPRIATE NIOSH/MSHA APPROVED RESPIRATOR.

Ventilation: USE ONLY IN A CHEMICAL FUME HOOD.

Protective Gloves: CHEMICAL-RESISTANT GLOVES.

Eye Protection: CHEMICAL SAFETY GOGGLES.

Other Protective Equipment: OTHER PROTECTIVE CLOTHING, SAFETY SHOWER AND

EYE BATH.

Work Hygienic Practices: WASH THOROUGHLY AFTER HANDLING. Suppl. Safety & Health Data: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER.

Transportation Data

Disposal Data

Label Data

Label Required: YES

Technical Review Date: 03MAR93

Label Date: 03MAR93 Label Status: G

Common Name: HEXANE ACS GRADE

Chronic Hazard: NO Signal Word: DANGER!

Acute Health Hazard-Severe: X Contact Hazard-Slight: X Fire Hazard-Severe: X

Reactivity Hazard-None: X

Special Hazard Precautions: STORE IN A COOL DRY PLACE. DO NOT BREATHE VAPOR. AVOID CONTACT W/EYES/SKIN/CLTHG. IRRITANT. HARMFUL VAPOR. HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED, INHALED, OR ABSORBED THRU SKIN. VAPOR/MIST IS IRRITATING TO EYES, MUCOUS MEMBRANES AND UPPER RESPIRATORY TRACT. CAUSES COUGHING, CHEST PAINS, DIFFICULTY IN BREATHING, LUNG IRRITATION, CHEST PAIN & EDEMA WHICH MAY BE FATAL. GI DISTURBANCES, NAUSEA, HEADACHE AND VOMITING. CHRONIC: NONE LISTED BY MANUFACTURER.

Protect Eye: Y
Protect Skin: Y

Protect Respiratory: Y

Label Name: ALDRICH CHEMICAL CO

Label P.O. Box: 355
Label City: MILWAUKEE

Label State: WI

Label Zip Code: 53201 Label Country: US

Label Emergency Number: 414-273-3850

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GEORGIA STEEL & CHEMICAL -- FK300 SPECIAL RESPIRATOR CLEANER PLUS -
QUATERNARY AMMONIUM GERMICIDAL DETERGENT DISINFECTANT
MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET
NSN: 685000F046838
Manufacturer's CAGE: 3J051
Part No. Indicator: A
Part Number/Trade Name: FK300 SPECIAL RESPIRATOR CLEANER PLUS
General Information
______
Item Name: QUATERNARY AMMONIUM GERMICIDAL DETERGENT DISINFECTANT
Company's Name: GEORGIA STEEL & CHEMICAL CO INC
Company's Street: 10810 GUILFORD RD BAY 104
Company's City: ANNAPOLIS JUNCTION
Company's State: MD
Company's Country: US
Company's Zip Code: 20701-5000
Company's Emerg Ph #: 301-317-5502/800-296-0351
Company's Info Ph #: 800-296-0351/301-317-5502
Record No. For Safety Entry: 001
Tot Safety Entries This Stk#: 001
Status: SE
Date MSDS Prepared: 01JAN96
Safety Data Review Date: 31MAY96
Preparer's Company: GEORGIA STEEL & CHEMICAL CO INC
Preparer's St Or P. O. Box: 10810 GUILFORD RD BAY 104
Preparer's City: ANNAPOLIS JUNCTION
Preparer's State: MD
Preparer's Zip Code: 20701-5000
MSDS Serial Number: BYNPW
______
                Ingredients/Identity Information
_______
Proprietary: NO
Ingredient: QUATERNARY AMMONIUM COMPOUNDS, BENZYL-C12-18-ALKYLDIMETHYL,
CHLORIDES *96-1*
Ingredient Sequence Number: 01
Percent: 5-10
NIOSH (RTECS) Number: 1001813QA
CAS Number: 68391-01-5
_____
Proprietary: NO
Ingredient: OCTYL DECYL DIMETHYL AMMONIUM CHLORIDE; N,N-DIMETHYL-N-OCTYL-
1-DECANAMINIUM CHLORIDE; AMMONIUM, DECYLDIMETHYLOCTYL
Ingredient Sequence Number: 02
Percent: 1-5
NIOSH (RTECS) Number: HD6520000
CAS Number: 32426-11-2
.______
Proprietary: NO
Ingredient: DIDECYL DIMETHYL AMMONIUM CHLORIDE; DIMETHYLDIDECYLAMMONIUM
CHLORIDE; BTC 1010; BARDAC 22
Ingredient Sequence Number: 03
Percent: 1-5
NIOSH (RTECS) Number: BP6560000
CAS Number: 7173-51-5
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Proprietary: NO

Ingredient: DIDECYL DIMETHYL AMMONIUM CHLORIDE

Ingredient Sequence Number: 04

Percent: 1-5

NIOSH (RTECS) Number: RG8250000

CAS Number: 5538-94-3

Physical/Chemical Characteristics

Appearance And Odor: CLEAR BLUE LIQUID W/A PLEASANT SASSAFRAS ODOR.

Boiling Point: 212F

Vapor Pressure (MM Hg/70 F): AS WATER

Specific Gravity: 1.01

Evaporation Rate And Ref: (WATER =1): 1

Solubility In Water: COMPLETE

Fire and Explosion Hazard Data

Flash Point: NONE TO BOILING Flash Point Method: TCC

Special Fire Fighting Proc: NONE Unusual Fire And Expl Hazrds: NONE

Reactivity Data

Stability: YES

Cond To Avoid (Stability): DON'T MIX W/CLEANING CHEMICALS.

Materials To Avoid: STRONG OXIDIZING/REDUCING AGENTS. Hazardous Decomp Products: AMMONIA, NITROGEN OXIDES.

Hazardous Poly Occur: NO

Conditions To Avoid (Poly): NONE

Health Hazard Data

Route Of Entry - Inhalation: NO

Route Of Entry - Skin: YES

Route Of Entry - Ingestion: YES

IRRITATION TO MUCOUS MEMBRANES. INGESTION: SEVERE IRRITATION TO MOUTH,

THROAT, GI TRACT, CIRCULATORY SHOCK & RESPIRATORY DEPRESSION.

Carcinogenicity - NTP: NO Carcinogenicity - IARC: NO Carcinogenicity - OSHA: NO

Explanation Carcinogenicity: NONE

Signs/Symptoms Of Overexp: REDNESS, TEARING, IRRITATION, BURNING IN MOUTH, THROAT, ABDOMEN, CIRCULATORY SHOCK, CONVULSIONS.

Med Cond Aggravated By Exp: DERMATITIS.

REMOVE TO FRESH AIR. SKIN: WASH W/MILD SOAP & WATER. OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION IN ALL CASES. INGESTION: DON'T INDUCE VOMITING. GIVE PROMPTLY LARGE QUANTITIES OF EGG WHITES/GELATIN SOLUTION. IF UNAVAILABLE, DRINK LARGE QUANTITIES OF WATER. AVOID ALCOHOL. OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION IN ALL CASES. NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: (SEE SUPP)

Precautions for Safe Handling and Use

Steps If Matl Released/Spill: MOP UP/ABSORB/USE SOLID ABSORBENT & SHOVEL INTO CONTAINERS FOR DISPOSAL.

Waste Disposal Method: DISPOSE OF IAW/FEDERAL, STATE & LOCAL REGULATIONS.

Precautions-Handling/Storing: KEEP CONTAINER CLOSED WHEN NOT IN USE. DON'T REUSE EMPTY CONTAINER.

Other Precautions: KEEP AWAY FROM FOOD & WATER SUPPLIES. OPEN DUMPING IS PROHIBITED.

Control Measures

Ventilation: MECHANICAL (GENERAL) IS SUFFICIENT

Protective Gloves: RUBBER/NEOPRENE

Eye Protection: GOGGLES

Other Protective Equipment: NONE

Transportation Data

Disposal Data

Label Data

Label Required: YES Label Status: G

Common Name: FK300 SPECIAL RESPIRATOR CLEANER

MAY CAUSE IRRITATION OF LUNGS & AIRWAYS. IRRITATION, STOMACH DISTRESS.

Label Name: GEORGIA STEEL & CHEMICAL CO INC Label Street: 10810 GUILFORD RD BAY 104

Label City: ANNAPOLIS JUNCTION

Label State: MD

Label Zip Code: 20701-5000

Label Country: US

Label Emergency Number: 301-317-5502/800-296-0351

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TEXACO REFINING & MARKETING -- 02055, STARTEX ANTI-FREEZE COOLANT
MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET
NSN: 685000N019837
Manufacturer's CAGE: 2R503
Part Number/Trade Name: 02055, STARTEX ANTI-FREEZE COOLANT
General Information
Company's Name: TEXACO REFINING AND MARKETING INC.
Company's Street: 1111 RUSK STREET
Company's P. O. Box: 4427
Company's City: HOUSTON
Company's State: TX
Company's Country: US
Company's Zip Code: 77002-3310
Company's Emerg Ph #: 713-650-5206, CHEMTREC 800-424-9300 Company's Info Ph #: /13-650-5206
 Record No. For Safety Entry: 001
 Tot Safety Entries This Stk#: 001
 Status: SMJ
 Date MSDS Prepared: 12MAR91
 Safety Data Review Date: 04AUG95
 MSDS Preparer's Name: PRODUCT SAFETY MANAGER
 Preparer's Company: TEXACO INC
 Preparer's St Or P. O. Box: P O BOX 509
 Preparer's City: BEACON
 Preparer's State: NY
 Preparer's Zip Code: 12508
 MSDS Serial Number: BPJQD
 Hazard Characteristic Code: C4
 Ingredients/Identity Information
 Proprietary: NO
 Ingredient: ETHYLENE GLYCOL (SARA III). %(WT): 95-99.99
 Ingredient Sequence Number: 01
  Percent: SEE ING
 NIOSH (RTECS) Number: KW2975000
  CAS Number: 107-21-1
  OSHA PEL: 50 PPM, C
  ACGIH TLV: 50 PPM, C
  Proprietary: NO
  Ingrequent: SODIUM BORATE, DECAHYDRATE; (BORAX)
  Ingredient Sequence Number: 02
  Percent: 1-3.99
  NIOSH (RTECS) Number: V22275000
  CAS Number: 1303-96-4
  OSHA PEL: 10 MG/M3
  ACGIH TLV: 5 MG/M3
  Proprietary: NO
  Ingredient: VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS
  Ingredient Sequence Number: 03
  Percent: 100
  NICSH (RTECS) Number: 9999999VO
  OSHA PEL: NOT APPLICABLE
  ACGIH TLV: NOT APPLICABLE
   Ingredient: SUPP DATA: DEATH. (CHRONIC) RPTD INGEST MAY CAUSE KIDNEY DMG.
   OTHER REMARKS: ETHYLENE GLYCOL & DIETHYLENE GLYCOL (ING 5)
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Ingredient Sequence Number: 04
NIOSH (RTECS) Number: 99999992Z
OSHA PEL: NOT APPLICABLE
ACGIH TLV: NOT APPLICABLE
Ingredient: ING 4: ARE TOX WHEN SWALLOWED. LETHAL DOSE FOR AN ADULT IS 1-2
   THE KG/ABOUT 4 OZ (1/2 CUP). SYMP INCL STAG, (ING 6)
Ingredient Sequence Number: 05
NIOSH (RTECS) Number: 999999922
OSHA PEL: NOT APPLICABLE
ACGIH TLV: NOT APPLICABLE
_____
Ingredient: ING 5:SLURRED SPEECH, LOSS OF COORD, CONFUSN, FAINTNESS, NAUS,
VOMIT, INCR HEART RATE, DECLTY BRING, DECLTY SEEING, (ING 7)
Ingredient Sequence Number: 06
NIOSH (RTECS) Number: 99999992Z
OSHA PEL: NOT APPLICABLE
 ACGIR TLV: NOT APPLICABLE
  Ingredient: ING 6: CONVULSN,& COLLAPSE. SYMP MAY BE DELAYED. DECREASED
 URINE OUTPUT, KIDNEY FAILURE, & NERV SYS DMG MAY ALSO (ING 8)
 Ingredient Sequence Number: 07
 NIOSH (RTECS) Number: 99999992Z
 OSHA PEL: NOT APPLICABLE
 ACGIH TLV: NOT APPLICABLE
 Ingredient: ING 7: OCCUR. ETHYLENE GLYCOL HAS BEEN SHOWN TO CAUSE BIRTH
 DEFECTS IN LAB ANIMALS. CONTINUOUS INGEST OF DIET (ING 9)
 Ingredient Sequence Number: 08
 NIOSH (RTECS) Number: 999999922
 OSHA PEL: NOT APPLICABLE
 ACGIH TLV: NOT APPLICABLE
 Ingredient: ING 8: CONTAINING 1% OR 2% ETHYLENE GLYCOL FOR TWO YEARS
  PRODUCED LIVER AND KIDNEY DAMAGE, AND BLADDER STONES IN RATS.
  Ingredient Sequence Number: 09
  NIOSH (RTECS) Number: 999999922
  OSHA PEL: NOT APPLICABLE
  ACGIH TLV: NOT APPLICABLE
  Proprietary: NO
  Ingredient: FIRST AID PROC: ANYTHING BY MOUTH TO AN UNCON/CONVULSING
  PERSON. INHAL: IF IRRIT, HDCH, NAUS/DROW OCCURS, REMOVE (ING 11)
  Ingredient Sequence Number: 10
  NIOSH (RTECS) Number: 999999922
  OSHA PEL: NOT APPLICABLE
  ACGIH TLV: NOT APPLICABLE
  Ingredient: ING 10: TO FRESH AIR.GET MED ATTN IF BRTHG BECOMES DFCLT/SYMP
  Proprietary: NO
  PERSIST. NOTE TO PHYS: ETHYLENE/DIETHYLENE GLYCOL (ING 12)
  Ingredient Sequence Number: 11
  NIOSH (RTECS) Number: 999999922
  OSHA PEL: NOT APPLICABLE
  ACGIH TLV: NOT APPLICABLE
   Ingredient: ING 11: POIS MAY INITIALLY PROCE BEHAVIOR CHANGES, DROW, VOMIT,
   DIARR, THIRST, & CONVULSIONS. RENAL DMG/FAILURE W/ (ING 13)
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Ingredient Sequence Number: 12
NIOSH (RTECS) Number: 999999922
OSHA PEL: NOT APPLICABLE
ACGIH TLV: NOT APPLICABLE
Ingredient: ING 12: METABOLIC ACIDOSIS ARE LATE SIGNS OF POIS. IMMED
TREATMENT, MAY REDUCE TOX EFTS, SUPPLMENTED, IF NEC W/ (ING 14)
Ingredient Sequence Number: 13
NIOSH (RTECS) Number: 9999999ZZ
OSHA PEL: NOT APPLICABLE
ACGIH TLV: NOT APPLICABLE
 Ingredient: ING 13:HEMODIALYSIS. IV ETHANOL IN SODIUM BICARBONATE SOLN IS
RECOGNIZED ANTIDOTE; OTHER ANTIDOTES HAVE BEEN (ING 15)
 Ingredient Sequence Number: 14
 NIOSH (RTECS) Number: 9999999ZZ
 OSHA PEL: NOT APPLICABLE
 ACGIH TLV: NOT APPLICABLE
 Ingredient: ING 14: REPORTED FOR ETHYLENE GLYCOL POISONING. CONTACT POISON
 CENTER FOR FURTHER TREATMENT INFORMATION.
 Ingredient Sequence Number: 15
 NIOSH (RTECS) Number: 99999992Z
 OSHA PEL: NOT APPLICABLE
 ACGIH TLV: NOT APPLICABLE
  Ingredient: WASTE DISP METH: ETC. MAY RENDER RSLTG MATLS HAZ. USED ANTI-
  FREEZE SOLN, REGARDLESS OF QTY, SHOULD NEVER BE DISCARDED(ING 17)
  Ingredient Sequence Number: 16
  NIOSH (RTECS) Number: 99999992Z
  OSHA PEL: NOT APPLICABLE
  ACGIH TLV: NOT APPLICABLE
  Ingredient: ING 16: ONTO GROUND, INTO SURF WATERS, OR INTO STORM SEWERS.
  DISPOSE OF I/A/W FEDERAL, STATE & LOCAL REGULATIONS (FP N).
  Ingredient Sequence Number: 17
  NIOSH (RTECS) Number: 99999992Z
  OSHA PEL: NOT APPLICABLE
   ACGIH TLV: NOT APPLICABLE
   Ingredient: HNDLG/STOR PREC: CNTNRS CAN BE HAZ.EMPTY CNTNRS CAN BE HAZ IF
   USED TO STORE TOX, FLAM/REACTIVE MATLS. CUTTING/ (ING 19)
   Ingredient Sequence Number: 18
   NIOSH (RTECS) Number: 9999999ZZ
   OSHA PEL: NOT APPLICABLE
   ACGIH TLV: NOT APPLICABLE
   Ingredient: ING 18:WELDING OF EMPTY CNTNRS MIGHT CAUSE FIRE, EXPLO/TOX
   FUMES FROM RESIDUES. DO NOT PRESS/EXPOS TO OPEN FLAME/(ING 20)
   Ingredient Sequence Number: 19
   NIOSH (RTECS) Number: 999999922
    OSHA PEL: NOT APPLICABLE
    ACGIH TLV: NOT APPLICABLE
    Ingredient: ING 19: HEAT. KEEP CONTAINER CLOSED AND DRUM BUNGS IN PLACE.
    Ingredient Sequence Number: 20
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http://www.siri.org/msds/h/q169/q490.html&_wsgettop3a2fea80524c1b5_00

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NIOSH (RTECS) Number: 99999992Z
OSHA PEL: NOT APPLICABLE
ACGIH TLV: NOT APPLICABLE
Ingredient: HYGIENE PRACT: AT LEAST ONCE A WEEK.
Ingredient Sequence Number: 21
NIOSH (RTECS) Number: 99999992Z
OSHA PEL: NOT APPLICABLE
ACGIH TLV: NOT APPLICABLE
Physical/Chemical Characteristics
Appearance And Odor: FLUORESCENT GREEN LIQUID, MILD ODOR.
Boiling Point: 388F, 198C
Vapor Pressure (MM Hg/70 F): <0.1
Vapor Density (Air=1): 2.14
Specific Gravity: 1.13 (H*20=1)
Solubility in Water: SOLUBLE
Fire and Explosion Hazard Data
Flash Point: 240F,116C
Flash Point Method: COC
 Lower Explosive Limit: 3.2%
 Extinguishing Media: ACCORDING TO NFPA GUIDE, USE WATER SPRAY, DRY
 CHEMICAL, FOAM, OR CARBON DIOXIDE.
 Special Fire Fighting Proc: WEAR NIOSH/MSHA APPRVD SCBA/FULL PROT EQUIP(FP
 N). USE H*20 TO COOL FIRE-EXPOS CNTNRS. IF LEAK/SPILL HAS NOT IGNITED, USE
 H*20 SPRAY TO DISPERS VAPS & TO (SUPDAT)
 Unusual Fire And Expl Hazrds: NONE.
 Reactivity Data
 Stability: YES
 Cond To Avoid (Stability): NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER.
 Materials To Avoid: STRONG OXIDIZERS.DO NOT ADD/FORMULATE W/AMINES.
 NITRITES IN PROD MAY COMBINE W/AMINES TO FORM NITROSAMINES. MANY (SUPDAT)
Hazardous Decomp Products: CO AND CO+2 MAY BE FORMED ON BURNING IN LIMITED
 AIR SUPPLY. BORON, MOLYBDENUM AND SILICON CMPDS MAY ALSO BE RELEASED.
 Hazardous Poly Occur: NO
 Conditions To Avoid (Poly): NOT RELEVANT.
 Health Hazard Data
 LD50-LC50 Mixture: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER.
 Route Of Entry - Inhalation: YES
 Route Of Entry - Skin: YES
Route Of Entry - Ingestion: YES
 Health Haz Acute And Chronic: (ACUTE) EYES: MAY CAUSE IRRIT, EXPERIENCED AS
 MILD DISCOMFORT & SEEN AS SLIGHT EXCESS REDNESS OF EYE. SKIN: PRLNGD/
 WIDESPREAD SKIN CONT MAY RSLT IN ABSORP OF POTNTLY HARMFUL AMTS OF MATL.
 BRIEF CONT MAY CAUSE SLIGHT IRRIT. PRLNGD CONT, AS W/CLTHG WETTED W/MATL, MAY
 CAUSE SEV IRRIT & DISCOMFORT, SEEN AS LOC (EFTS OF OVEREXP)
 Carcinogenicity - NTP: NO
 Carcinogenicity - IARC: NO Carcinogenicity - OSHA: NO
  Explanation Carcinogenicity: NOT RELEVANT.
  Signs/Symptoms Of Overexp: HLTH HAZ: REDNESS & SWELLING. INHAL: VAPS/ MIST,
  IN EXCESS OF PERMISSIBLE CONC, OR IN UNUSUALLY HIGH CONC GEN FROM SPRAYING,
  HEATING MATL/AS FROM EXPOS IN POORLY VENT AREAS/CONFINED SPACES, MAY CAUSE
  IRRIT OF NOSE & THROAT, HDCH, NAUS, & DROW. INGEST: TOX. CAUSES HDCH, WEAK, CONFUSN, LOSS OF COORD, DIZZ, DFCLTY (SUPP DATA)
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Med Cond Aggravated By Exp: REPEATED OVEREXPOSURE MAY AGGRAVATE EXISTING KIDNEY DISEASE. REPEATED SKIN CONTACT MAY AGGRAVATE AN EXISTING DERMATITIS. Emergency/First Aid Proc: EYES: IMMED FLUSH W/PLENTY OF H*20 FOR AT LEAST 15 MÍN. HOLD EYELIDS APART WHILE FLUSHING TO RINSE ENTIRE SURF OF EYE & LIDS W/H+20. GET MED ATTN. SKIN: WASH W/PLENTY OF SOAP & H+20 FOR SEV MIN. GET MED ATTN IF SKIN IRRIT DEVELOPS/PERSISTS. INGEST: IF PATIENT IS CONSCIOUS & CAN SWALLOW, GIVE 2 GLASSES OF H-20 (16 OZ). INDUCE VOMIT IMMED AS DIRECTED BY MED PERS. GET IMMED MED ATTN. NEVER GIVE (ING 10)

Precautions for Safe Handling and Use

Steps If Matl Released/Spill: VENT AREA. AVOID BRTHG VAP. USE NIOSH/MSHA APPROVED SCBA/SUPPLIED AIR FOR LRG SPILLS OR CONFINED AREAS. CONTAIN SPILL IF POSS. WIPE UP/ABSORB ON SUITABLE MATL AND SHOVEL UP. PVNT ENTRY INTO SEWERS AND WATERWAYS. AVOID CONT W/SKIN, EYES OR CLOTHING. Neutralizing Agent: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER. Waste Disposal Method: PROD DOES NOT MEET CRITERIA OF HAZ WASTE IF DISCARDED IN PURCHASED FORM. IT IS RESPONSIBILITY OF USER OF PROD TO DETERM AT TIME OF DISP, WHETHER PROD MEET RCRA CRITERIA FOR HAZ WASTE. THIS IS BECAUSE PROD USES, TRANSFORMATIONS, MIX, PROCESSES, (ING 16) Precautions-Handling/Storing: MIN FEASIBLE HNDLG TEMPS SHOULD BE MAINTAINED. PERIODS OF EXPOS TO HIGH TEMP SHOULD BE MIN. H*20 CONTAM SHOULD BE AVOIDED. MISUSE OF EMPTY (ING 18) Other Precautions: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN AND PETS. SUCH PRODS SHOULD NOT BE USED IN POTABLE (DRINKING) WATER SYS OR OTHER SYSTEMS WHERE CONTAMINATION OF POTABLE WATER SUPPLIES IS POSSIBLE (E.G., RECREATIONAL VEHICLES, WINTERIZING POTABLE H*20 SYS).

Control Measures

Respiratory Protection: AIRBORNE CONC SHOULD BE KEPT TO LOWEST LEVS POSS. IF VAP, MIST/DUST IS GEN, USE NIOSH/MSHA APPRVD RESP AS APPROP. SUPPLIED AIR RESP PROT SHOULD BE USED FOR CLEANING LRG SPILLS/UPON ENTRY INTO TANKS, VESSELS, OR OTHER CONFINED SPACES. Ventilation: ADEQUATE TO MEET COMPONENT OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS. Protective Gloves: IMPERVIOUS GLOVES (FP N). Eye Protection: CHEM WORK GOG/FULL LGTH FACESHLD (FP N). Other Protective Equipment: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER. Work Hygienic Practices: WORKERS SHOULD WASH EXPOS SKIN SEV TIMES DAILY W/ SOAP & H*20. SOILED WORK CLTHG SHOULD BE LAUNDERED/DRY-CLEANED (ING 21). Suppl. Safety & Health Data: FIRE FIGHT PROC: PROVIDE PROT FOR PERSONS ATTEMPTING TO STOP LEAK. MATLS TO AVOID: NITROSAMINES HAVE BEEN FOUND TO CAUSE CANCER IN LAB ANIMALS. EFTS OF OVEREXP: WALKING, NAUS, VOMIT, DECREASED BLOOD PRESS, INCR HEART RATE, PULM EDEMA, KIDNEY FAILURE, UNCON, CONVULN, & COMA. SYMP MAY BE DELAYED. SEV POIS MAY CAUSE (ING 4)

CONVULN, & COMA. SYMP MAI BE DEBUTE CONVULN, & COMA. SYMP MAI BE DEBUTE CONVULN, & COMA.
Transportation Data
Trans Data Review Date: 93026 DOT PSN Code: ZZZ DOT Proper Shipping Name: NOT REGULATED BY THIS MODE OF TRANSPORTATION IMO PSN Code: ZZZ IMO Proper Shipping Name: NOT REGULATED FOR THIS MODE OF TRANSPORTATION IATA PSN Code: ZZZ IATA Proper Shipping Name: NOT REGULATED BY THIS MODE OF TRANSPORTATION AFI PSN Code: ZZZ AFI PSN Code: ZZZ AFI Prop. Shipping Name: NOT REGULATED BY THIS MODE OF TRANSPORTATION Additional Trans Data: NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORTATION
Additional Itans back. Not the second

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TEXACO REFINING & MARKETING -- 02055, STARTEX ANTI-FREEZE COOLANT Page 6 of 6

Label Required: YES Technical Review Date: 29JUN92 Label Date: 19JUN92 Label Status: G Common Name: 02055, STARTEX ANTI-FREEZE COOLANT Chronic Hazard: YES Signal Word: WARNING' Acute Health Hazard-Moderate: X Contact Hazard-Slight: X Fire Hazard-Slight: X Special Hazard Precautions: COMBUSTIBLE, KEEP AWAY FROM OPEN FLAME OR HEAT. ACUTE: EYE AND SKIN CONTACT MAY CAUSE IRRITATION. MAY BE ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN IN TOXIC AMOUNTS. INHALATION MAY CAUSE IRRITATION OF NOSE AND THROAT, HEADACHE, NAUSEA, AND DROWSINESS. INGESTION CAUSES HEADACHE, WEAKNESS, CONFUSION, LOSS OF COORDINATION, DIZZINESS, DIFFICULTY WALKING, NAUSEA, VOMITING, DECREASED BLOOD PRESSURE, INCREASED HEART RATE, PULMONARY EDEMA, KIDNEY FAILURE, UNCONSCIOUSNESS, COMA, AND DEATH IN SEVERE CASES. CHRONIC: REPEATED INGESTION MAY CAUSE KIDNEY DAMAGE. ETHYLENE GLYCOL HAS CAUSED BIRTH DEFECTS, LIVER AND KIDNEY DAMAGE, AND BLADDER STONES IN LABORATORY ANIMALS. Protect Eye: Y Protect Skin: Y Protect Respiratory: Y Label Name: TEXACO LUBRICANTS CO Label P.O. Box: 4427 Label City: HOUSTON Label State: TX Label Zip Code: 77210-4427 Label Emergency Number: 914-831-3400;800-424-9300(CHEMTREC)

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COASTAL -- DIESEL FUEL NO 2
MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET
NSN: 914000N017679
Manufacturer's CAGE: 46684
Part No. Indicator: A
Part Number/Trade Name: DIESEL FUEL NO 2
General Information
Company's Name: COASTAL CORP
Company's Street: 9 GREENWAY PLAZA
Company's City: HOUSTON
Company's State: TX
Company's Country: US
Company's Zip Code: 77046
Company's Emerg Ph #: 713-877-1400
Company's Info Ph #: 713-877-1400
Record No. For Safety Entry: 001
Tot Safety Entries This Stk#: 001
Status: SMJ
Date MSDS Prepared: 07FEB90
Safety Data Review Date: 22MAY95
MSDS Serial Number: BLCNC
Hazard Characteristic Code: F8
              Ingredients/Identity Information
 Ingredient: PETROLEUM MID-DISTILLATE; (DIESEL FUEL NO. 2). TLV: 5 MG/M3;
 10MG/M3 STEL, OIL MIST.
 Ingredient Sequence Number: 01
 Percent: 100
 NIOSH (RTECS) Number: 1004302PE
 CAS Number: 68476-34-6
 OSHA PEL: 5 MG/M3, OIL MIST
 ACGIH TLV: SEE INGRED NAME
 Ingredient: SUPP DATA: CLOSING VALVES, PRESS VACUUM BUNGS & FLAME
 ARRESTORS.
 Ingredient Sequence Number: 02
 NIOSH (RTECS) Number: 99999992Z
 OSHA PEL: NOT APPLICABLE
 ACGIH TLV: NOT APPLICABLE
 Ingredient: VENT: 3) TO PREVENT OXYGEN DEFICIENT ATMOSPHERES, ESPECIALLY
 IN CONFINED SPACES.
 Ingredient Sequence Number: 03
 NIOSH (RTECS) Number: 99999992Z
 OSHA PEL: NOT APPLICABLE
 ACGIH TLV: NOT APPLICABLE
  Ingredient: EYE PROT: CHEMICAL WORKERS GOGGLES (FP N), WHERE CONTACT WITH
  LIQUID OR MIST MAY OCCUR.
  Ingredient Sequence Number: 04
  NIOSH (RTECS) Number: 999999922
  OSHA PEL: NOT APPLICABLE
  ACGIH TLV: NOT APPLICABLE
  Physical/Chemical Characteristics
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Appearance And Odor: CLEAR TO LIGHT AMBER LIQUID, MILD PETROLEUM ODOR.
Boiling Point: 300F,149C
Melting Point: N/A
Vapor Pressure (MM Hg/70 F): 1.6
Vapor Density (Air=1): 8
Specific Gravity: 0.87
Evaporation Rate And Ref: 0.01
Solubility In Water: INSOLUBLE
Percent Volatiles By Volume: N/A
pH: N/A
                  Fire and Explosion Hazard Data
Flash Point: 125F,52C
Flash Point Method: PMCC
Lower Explosive Limit: 0.6%
Upper Explosive Limit: 7.5%
Extinguishing Media: DRY CHEMICAL, CARBON DIOXIDE, FOAM, AND WATER SPRAY.
Special Fire Fighting Proc: USF A WATER SPRAY TO COOL FIRE-EXPOSED CONTRS. USE A SMOTHERING TECHNIQUE FOR EXTING FIRE OF THIS COMBUST LIQUID. DO NOT
USE A FORCED WATER STREAM (SUPP DATA)
Unusual Fire And Expl Hazrds: FLOWING OIL CAN BE IGNITED BY SELF-GENERATED
 STATIC ELECTRICITY.
 22==4F===6F==5#4=====6===4e==4e==4SF=4SF==4SF==5-===5-===5-===4===4F===6
                          Reactivity Data
 Stability: YES
 Cond To Avoid (Stability): HEAT, SPARK, FLAME, & BUILD-UP OF STATIC
 ELECTRICITY.
 Materials To Avoid: STRONG OXIDIZING AGENTS.
 Hazardous Decomp Products: CARBON MONOXIDE, CARBON DIOXIDE, SULFUR
 DIOXIDE, AND HYDROCARBONS.
 Hazardous Poly Occur: NO
 Conditions To Avoid (Poly): NOT RELEVANT
 Health Hazard Data
 LD50-LC50 Mixture: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER.
 Route Of Entry - Inhalation: YES
 Route Of Entry - Ingestion: YES
 MODERATELY-EXTREMELY IRRITATING; CAUSING REDNESS, DRYING TO BURNS OR
 BLISTERING. INHAL: IRRIT TO MUC MEMB & RESP TRACT. WILL PROCE SYMP OF
 INTOXICATION SUCH AS HDACH, DIZZ, NAUS, VOMIT & LOSS OF COORDINATION. INGEST: STOMACH IRRIT, GASTRITIS, MILD EXCITATION, (EFTS OF OVEREXP)
 Carcinogenicity - NTP: NO
 Carcinogenicity - IARC: NO
 Carcinogenicity - OSHA: NO
 Explanation Carcinogenicity: NOT RELEVANT
 Signs/Symptoms Of Overexp: HLTH HAZ: LOSS OF CONS, CONVULSIONS, CYANOSIS,
 CONGESTION & CAPILLARY HEMORRHAGING OF THE LUNG & INTERNAL ORGANS.
 ASPIRATION HAZARD IF VOMITING OCCURS. CHRONIC: PRLNG/RPTD SKIN CONT MAY
 Med Cond Aggravated By Exp: MAY AGGRAVATE PRE-EXISTING DERMATITIS. MIDDLE
  CAUSE DERMATITIS.
 DISTILLATES HAVE CAUSED SKIN CANCER & KIDNEY DMG IN LAB ANIMALS. THE NIOSH,
 BASE ON FINDINGS OF CARCINOGENIC & TUMORIGENIC RESPONSES OF MICE & (SUPP
  DATA)
  Emergency/First Aid Proc: EYE CONT: FLUSH THORO W/POTABLE WATER FOR AT
  LEAST 15 MINUTES. GET MED ATTN. SKIN CONT: COOL THE EXPOSED AREA IMMED.
  REMOVE TO FRESH AIR. APPLY ARTF RESP IF NOT BRTHG. GET MED ATTN. INGEST: DO
  NOT INDUCE VOMITING. IF SPONTANEOUS VOMITING OCCURS, HOLD THE VICTIM'S HEAD
  LOWER THAN HIPS TO PREVENT ASPIRATION.
  Precautions for Safe Handling and Use
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Steps If Matl Released/Spill: REMOVE SOURCES OF HEAT OR IGNITION INCLUDING
INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES & POWER TOOLS. CLEAN-UP SPILL, BUT DO NOT FLUSH
TO SEWER OR SURFACE WATER. VENTILATE AREA & AVOID BREATHING VAPORS OR
Neutralizing Agent: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER.
Waste Disposal Method: DISPOSE THROUGH A LICENSED WASTE DISPOSAL COMPANY.
FOLLOW FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS.
Precautions-Handling/Storing: STORE IN TIGHTLY CLOSED CONTRS IN A DRY COOL PLACE, AWAY FROM SOURCES OF HEAT/IGNIT. GROUND/BOND ALL TRANSFER/STORAGE
Other Precautions: EMPTY CONTRS MAY CONTAIN RESIDUE (LIQ &/OR VAP) & CAN
BE DANGEROUS. DO NOT PRESSURIZE/CUT/WELD/BRAZE/SOLDER/DRILL/GRIND OR
EXPOSED SUCH CONTRS TO HEAT/FLAME/SPARKS OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNIT: THEY
MAY EXPLODE & CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.
Control Measures
Respiratory Protection: USE NIOSH/MSHA APPROVED RESPIRATORY PROTECTIVE
EQUIPMENT FOR CLEANING LARGE SPILLS OR ENTRY INTO LARGE TANKS, VESSELS OR
Ventilation: PROVIDE ADEQUATE VENT: 1) TO MEET OCCUP EXPOS LIMITS, 2) TO
PREVENT THE FORMATION OF EXPLOSIVE ATMOSPHERES, AND (ING 3)
Protective Gloves: IMPERVIOUS GLOVES (FP N).
Eye Protection: REMOVE CONTACT LENSES & WEAR (ING 4)
 Other Protective Equipment: EMERGENCY EYEWASH & DELUGE SHOWER (FP N)
 Work Hygienic Practices: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER.
 Suppl. Safety & Health Data: FIRE FIGHT PROC: DIRECTLY ON OIL FIRES AS
 THIS WILL SCATTER THE FIRE. FIREFIGHTERS SHLD WEAR NIOSH/MSHA APPRVD SCBA &
 FULL PROT EQUIP (FP N). MED CNDTNS: RATS EXPOSED TO WHOLE DIESEL EXHAUST,
 RECOMMENDS THAT WHOLE DIESEL EXHAUST BE REGARDED AS A "POTNTL OCCUP
 CARCINOGEN". HNDLG/STOR PREC: SPARKS & EQUIP W/SELF (ING 2)
 Transportation Data
 Trans Data Review Date: 91308
 DOT PSN Code: GJL
 DOT Proper Shipping Name: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, N.O.S.
 DOT Class: 3
 DOT ID Number: UN1993
 DOT Pack Group: III
 DOT Label: FLAMMABLE LIQUID
  IMO PSN Code: HIA
 IMO Proper Shipping Name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. o
 IMO Regulations Page Number: 3345
  IMO UN Number: 1993
  IMO UN Class: 3.3
  IMO Subsidiary Risk Label: -
  IATA PSN Code: MCA
  IATA UN ID Number: 1993
  IATA Proper Shipping Name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. *
  IATA UN Class: 3
  IATA Label: FLAMMABLE LIQUID
  AFI PSN Code: MCA
  AFI Prop. Shipping Name: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, N.O.S.
  AFI Class: 3
  AFI ID Number: UN1993
  AFI Pack Group: III
  AFI Basic Pac Ref: 7-7
  Disposal Data
  Label Data
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Label Required: P Technical Review Date: 21AUG91 Label Date: 21AUG91 Label Status: G Common Name: DIESEL FUEL NO 2 Chronic Hazard: YES Signal Word: WARNING! Acute Health Hazard-Slight: X Contact Hazard-Moderate: X Fire Hazard-Moderate: X Special Hazaro Precautions: COMBUSTIBLE, KEEP AWAY FROM HEAT, SPARKS AND Reactivity Hazard-None: X OPEN FLAME. ACUTE: MODERATE TO EXTREME IRRITATION. CAUSES REDNESS, DRYING, BURNS, BLISTERING. SLIGHT TO MODERATE EYE IRRITATION. INHALATION IRRITATION, MUCOUS MEMBRANES AND RESPIRATORY TRACT. CAUSES SYMPTOMS OF INTOXICATION AS HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, NAUSEA, VOMITING, INCOORDINATION. INGESTION CAUSES STOMACH IRRITATION, GASTRITIS, EXCITATION, CONVULSIONS, CYANOSIS AND INTERNAL HEMORRHAGE. CHRONIC: PROLONGED/REPEATED SKIN CONTACT MAY CAUSE DERMATITIE. Protect Eye: Y Protect Skin: Y Protect Respiratory: Y Label Name: COASTAL CORP Label Street: 9 GREENWAY PLAZA Label City: HOUSTON Label State: TX Label Zip Code: 77046 Label Country: US Label Emergency Number: 713-877-1400

QUAKER STATE OIL REFINING -- SUPER QUADROLUBE 85W140 GEAR - LUBRI.. Page 1 of 4

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QUAKER STATE OIL REFINING -- SUPER QUADROLUBE 85W140 GEAR - LUBRICATING OIL, GEAR
MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET
NSN: 9150010355395
Manufacturer's CAGE: 77493
Part No. Indicator: B
Part Number/Trade Name: SUPER QUADROLUBE 85W140 GEAR
General Information
Item Name: LUBRICATING OIL, GEAR
Company's Name: QUAKER STATE OIL REFINING CORP
Company's Street: 255 ELM ST
Company's P. O. Box: 989
Company's City: OIL CITY
Company's State: PA
Company's Country: US
 Company's Zip Code: 16301-1412
 Company's Emerg Ph #: 814-676-2726
 Company's Info Ph #: 814-676-2726
 Record No. For Safety Entry: 027
 Tot Safety Entries This Stk#: 029
 Status: SE
 Date MSDS Prepared: 15DEC94
 Safety Data Review Date: 24MAR95
 Supply Item Manager: CX
 MSDS Preparer's Name: D.W. CRALLEY
 MSDS Serial Number: BWPTB
 Specification Number: MIL-L-2105
 Spec Type, Grade, Class: 85W-140 GRADE
 Hazard Characteristic Code: N1
 Unit Of Issue: CN
 Unit Of Issue Container Qty: 5 GALLONS
 Type Of Container: CAN
  Net Unit Weight: 37.1 LBS
               Ingredients/Identity Information
  Proprietary: NO
  Ingredient: SOLVENT DEWAXED RESIDUAL OIL (PETROLEUM)
  Ingredient Sequence Number: 01
  Percent: 90-95
  NIOSH (RTECS) Number: 1004315SD
  CAS Number: 64742-62-7
  OSHA PEL: NOT ESTABLISHED
  ACGIH TLV: NOT ESTABLISHED
  Other Recommended Limit: 5 MG/M3 (OIL MIST)
  Proprietary: NO
  Ingredient: OLEFIN SULFIDE
  Ingredient Sequence Number: 02
  Percent: 2-4
  NIOSH (RTECS) Number: 10106570S
  CAS Number: 72162-26-6
  OSHA PEL: NOT ESTABLISHED
   ACGIH TLV: NOT ESTABLISHED
  Other Recommended Limit: NONE RECOMMENDED
   Ingredient: ALKYLAMINE SALTS OF PHOSPHORIC ACID ESTERS
   Proprietary: NO
   Ingredient Sequ nce Number: 03
   Percent: 0-2
   NIOSH (RTECS) Number: 1012398AS
   CAS Number: 71888-91-0
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· QUAKER STATE OIL REFINING -- SUPER QUADROLUBE 85W140 GEAR - LUBRI.. Page 2 of 4

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OSHA PEL: NOT ESTABLISHED
ACGIH TLV: NOT ESTABLISHED
Other Recommended Limit: NONE RECOMMENDED
Physical/Chemical Characteristics
Appearance And Odor: BROWN, VISCOUS LIQUID.
Boiling Point: UNKNOWN
Melting Point: UNKNOWN
Vapor Pressure (MM Hg/70 F): UNKNOWN
Vapor Density (Air=1): UNKNOWN
Specific Gravity: 0.89-0.90
Decomposition Temperature: UNKNOWN Evaporation Rate And Ref: UNKNOWN
Solubility In Water: UNKNOWN Viscosity: 1759 SUS@100F
Corrosion Rate (IPY): UNKNOWN
Fire and Explosion Hazard Data
Flash Point: 400F,204C
 Flash Point Method: COC
 Lower Explosive Limit: UNKNOWN
 Upper Explosive Limit: UNKNOWN
 Extinguishing Media: WATER, CARBON DIXOIDE, DRY CHEMICAL, FOAM.
 Special Fire Fighting Proc: USE WATER SPRAY TO COOL FIRE-EXPOSED
 CONTAINERS AND AS A PROTECTIVE SCREEN. DO NOT POINT WATER STREAM DIRECTLY
 AT BURNING OIL, IT MAY SPREAD THE FIRE.
 Unusual Fire And Expl Hazrds: "EMPTY" CONTAINERS RETAIN PRODUCT RESIDUE
 Reactivity Data
 Cond To Avoid (Stability): EXCESSIVE HEAT, FORMATION OF MISTS.
 Materials To Avoid: STRONG OXIDIZING AGENTS (SUCH AS CHLORINE, PEROXIDES),
 Hazardous Decomp Products: CARBON MONOXIDE, CARBON DIOXIDE, OXIDES OF
 SULFUR, NITROGEN, BORON AND PHOSPHOROUS.
 Hazardous Poly Occur: NO
 Conditions To Avoid (Poly): WILL NOT OCCUR.
 Health Hazard Data
  LD50-LC50 Mixture: UNKNOWN
  Route Of Entry - Inhalation: NO
  Route Of Entry - Skin: NO
  Route Of Entry - Ingestion: NO
  Health Haz Acute And Chronic: CONTACT MAY CAUSE EYE IRRITATION. PROLONGED
  OR REPEATED SKIN CONTACT MAY CAUSE IRRITATION OR DERMATITIS. INHALATION OF
  HIGH CONCENTRATIONS OF MISTS OR VAPOR MAY CAUSE UPPER RESPIRATORY TRACT
  IRRITATION; POSSIBLE CNS DEPRESSION. ASPIRATION DURING SWALLOWING OR
  VOMITING MAY CAUSE PULMONARY INJURY.
  Carcinogenicity - NTP: NO
  Carcinogenicity - IARC: NO
  Carcinogenicity - OSHA: NO
  Explanation Carcinogenicity: NO INGREDIENT OF A CONCENTRATION OF 0.1% OR
  GREATER IS LISTED AS A CARCINOGEN OR SUSPECTED CARCINOGEN.
  Signs/Symptoms Of Overexp: EYES-REDNESS, BURNING SENSATION, TEARING.
  SKIN-IRRITATION, DERMATITIS. INHALED-IRRITATION, DIZZINESS, NAUSEA,
  HEADACHE, LOSS OF COORDINATION, WEAKNESS, INGESTED-PULMONARY INJURY, Med Cond Aggravated By Exp: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER.
  Emergency/First Aid Proc: INHALATION-REMOVE TO FRESH AIR. GIVE MOUTH-
TO-MOUTH RESUSCITATION IF NOT BREATHING. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION. EYE-FLUSH
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· QUAKER STATE OIL REFINING -- SUPER QUADROLUBE 85W140 GEAR - LUBRI.. Page 3 of 4 WITH WATER FOR 15 MINUTES. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY. SKIN-WASH WITH SOAP & WATER. REMOVE CONTAMINATED CLOTHING. INGESTION-DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. NOTHING BY MOUTH IF UNCONSCIOUS. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION. Precautions for Safe Handling and Use Steps If Matl Released/Spill: ABSORB WITH INERT MATERIALS SUCH AS DRY CLAY, SAND, DIATOMACEOUS EARTH, OR RECOVER WITH PUMPS. SCOOP UP USED ABSORBENT INTO DRUMS. DO NOT ALLOW INTO PUBLIC DRAINAGE SYSTEM OR OPEN WATERWAYS. WEAR APPROPRIATE CLOTHING/EQUIPMENT. Neutralizing Agent: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER. Waste Disposal Method: MATERIAL, IF DISCARDED, IS NOT EXPECTED TO BE A CHARACTERISTIC WASTE UNDER RCRA. USED OIL CAN BE RETURNED TO A COLLECTION POINT OR PROVIDED TO A LICENSED RECYCLER. ALL WASTES MUST BE HANDLED IAW LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS. Precautions-Handling/Storing: STORE AWAY FROM STRONG OXIDIZING AGENTS. Other Precautions: EMPTY DRUMS SHOULD BE COMPLETELY DRAINED, PROPERLY BUNGED & PROMPTLY RETURNED TO A DRUM RECONDITIONER OR PROMPTLY DISPOSED OF. Control Measures Respiratory Protection: IF ENGINEERING CONTROLS FAIL OR NON-ROUTINE USE OR EMERGENCY OCCURS; USE NIOSH/MSHA APPROVED RESPIRATOR OR SUPPLIED AIR RESPIRATOR OR SCBA, AS REQUIRED. USE IAW 29 CFR 1910.134 AND MANUFACTURER'S Ventilation: USE GENERAL VENTILATION AND USE LOCAL EXHAUST WHERE POSSIBLE IN CONFINED OR ENCLOSED SPACES. Protective Gloves: NITRILE, VITON. Eye Protection: NONE NORMALLY REQUIRED. Other Protective Equipment: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER. DLA-HMIS: EYE WASH STATION & SAFETY SHOWER AVAILABLE FOR EMERGENCY USE. Work Hygienic Practices: WASH HANDS AFTER USE AND BEFORE EATING, DRINKING, OR SMOKING. LAUNDER CONTAMINATED CLOTHES BEFORE REUSE. Transportation Data Trans Data Review Date: 94365 DOT Proper Shipping Name: NOT REGULATED BY THIS MODE OF TRANSPORTATION ' IMO Proper Shipping Name: NOT REGULATED FOR THIS MODE OF TRANSPORTATION IATA Proper Shipping Name: NOT REGULATED BY THIS MODE OF TRANSPORTATION AFI Prop. Shipping Name: NOT REGULATED BY THIS MODE OF TRANSPORTATION Additional Trans Data: PER SAMMS-CTDF: PACKAGE IAW PPP-P-704, TYPE I, CLASS 4. MARK IAW MIL-STD-290. BAR CODE IAW MIL-STD-129. Disposal Data Label Data Label Required: YES Technical Review Date: 31DEC94 Label Status: F Common Name: SUPER QUADROLUBE 85W140 GEAR Chronic Hazard: NO Signal Word: CAUTION! Acute Health Hazard-Slight: X

Special Hazard Precautions: CONTACT MAY CAUSE EYE IRRITATION, PROLONGED OR

Contact Hazard-Slight: X Fire Hazard-Slight: X

- QUAKER STATE OIL REFINING -- SUPER QUADROLUBE 85W140 GEAR - LUBRI... Page 4 of 4

REPEATED SKIN CONTACT MAY CAUSE IRRITATION OR DERMATITIS. INHALATION OF HIGH CONCENTRATIONS OF MISTS OR VAPOR MAY CAUSE UPPER RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION; POSSIBLE CNS DEPRESSION. ASPIRATION DURING SWALLOWING OR INHALATION-REMOVE TO FRESH AIR.GIVE MOUTH-TO-MOUTH RESUSCITATION IF NOT BREATHING.GET MEDICAL ATTENTION.EYE-FLUSH WITH WATER FOR 15 MINUTES.GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY. SKIN-WASH WITH SOAP & WATER, REMOVE CONTAMINATED CLOTHING. INGESTION-DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. NOTHING BY MOUTH IF UNCONSCIOUS.GET MEDICAL ATTENTION.

Protect Eye: Y Protect Skin: Y

Protect Respiratory: Y

Label Name: QUAKER STATE OIL REFINING CORP

Label Street: 255 ELM ST Label P.O. Box: 989 Label City: OIL CITY

Label State: PA

Label Zip Code: 16301-1412

Label Country: US Label Emergency Number. 814-676-2726

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CHEVRON ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH CENTER -- HYDRAULIC OIL AW ISO 68 - HYDRAULIC FLUID, PE
MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET
NSN: 9150009857232
Manufacturer's CAGE: 0AHD1
Part No. Indicator: C
Part Number/Trade Name: HYDRAULIC OIL AW ISO 68
General Information
Item Name: HYDRAULIC FLUID, PETROLEUM BASE
Company's Name: CHEVRON ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH CENTER
Company's Street: 15299 SAN PABLO AVE
Company's F. O. Box: 4054
Company's City: RICHMOND
Company's State: CA
Company's Country: US
Company's Zip Code: 94804-0054
Company's Emerg Ph #: 800-231-0623,800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC)
Company's Info Ph #: 800-822-5823/800-582-3835
Distributor/Vendor # 1: CHEVRON CHEMICAL CO, CONSUMMER PRODUCTS D
Distributor/Vendor # 1 Cage: 8X116
Record No. For Safety Entry: 003
Tot Safety Entries This Stk#: 013
Status: SE
 Date MSDS Prepared: 01APR93
Safety Data Review Date: 02MAY94
 Supply Item Manager: CX
 MSDS Preparer's Name: NONE
 MSDS Serial Number: BTHJD
 Specification Number: MIL-H-17672
 Spec Type, Grade, Class: MIL-2075-T-H SYMBOL
 Hazard Characteristic Code: N1
 Unit Of Issue: CN
 Unit Of Issue Container Qty: 5.0 GL/CAN
 Type Of Container: CAN
 Net Unit Weight: 36.7 LBS
 Ingredients/Identity Information
 Ingredient: LUBRICATING BASE OIL, SEVERELY REFINED PETROLEUM DISTILLATE.
 Proprietary: NO
 (MIXTURE ANY OF THE CAS NUMBERS SHOWN UNDER INGREDIENT # 2)
 Ingredient Sequence Number: 01
 Percent: >99.0
 NIOSH (RTECS) Number: 101109280
 OSHA PEL: 5MG/M3 , AS OIL MIST
 ACGIH TLV: 5MG/M3 MIST 9394
 Other Recommended Limit: NONE RECOMMENDED
  Ingredient: ING.#1:CAS# 64741884, 64741895, 64741964, 64741975, 64742014,
 64742525, 64742536, 64742547, 64742627, 64742650, 72623837
  Ingredient Sequence Number: 02
  NIOSH (RTECS) Number: 99999992Z
  OSHA PEL: NOT APPLICABLE
  ACGIH TLV: NOT APPLICABLE
  Other Recommended Limit: NOT APPLICABLE
  Proprietary: NO
  Ingredient: ADDITIVES
  Ingredient Sequence Number: 03
  Percent: < 1.0
  NIOSH (RTECS) Number: 1005728AD
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CHEVRON ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH CENTER -- HYDRAULIC OIL AW ISO 68 .. Page 2 of 4 OSHA PEL: NOT ESTABLISHED ACGIH TLV: NOT ESTABLISHED Other Recommended Limit: NONE RECOMMENDED 22024---<u>\$</u> Physical/Chemical Characteristics Appearance And Odor: PALE YELLOW LIQUID. Boiling Roint: UNKNOWN Melting Point: UNKNOWN Vapor Pressure (MM Hg/70 F): UNKNOWN Vapor Density (Air-1): UNKNOWN Specific Gravity: 0.88 Decomposition Temperature: UNKNOWN Evaporation Rate And Ref: NOT APPLICABLE Solubility In Water: INSOLUBLE Fire and Explosion Hazard Data Flash Point: 410F,210C MIN Flash Point Method: COC Lower Explosive Limit: UNKNOWN Upper Explosive Limit: UNKNOWN Extinguishing Media: CO2, DRY CHEMICAL, FOAM, WATER FOG. Special Fire Fighting Proc: DO NOT ENTER ANY ENCLOSED OR CONFINED FIRE SPACE WITHOUT PROPER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT, INCLUDING SELF-CONTAINED Unusual Fire And Expl Hazrds: LEAKS/RUPTURES IN HIGH PRESSURE SYSTEM USING MATERIALS OF THIS TYPE CAN CREATE A FIRE HAZARD WHEN IN VICINITY OF Reactivity Data Cond To Avoid (Stability): EXCESSIVE HEAT, OPEN FLAME, PILOT LIGHT, SPARKS, ELECTRIC ARCS, OTHER IGNITION SOURCES. Materials To Avoid: MAY REACT WITH STRONG OXIDIZING AGENTS, SUCH AS Hazardous Decomp Products: NORMAL COMBUSTION FORMS CARBON DIOXIDE, OXIDES CHLORATES, NITRATES, PEROXIDES. OF SULFUR AND PHOSPHORUS. INCOMPLETE COMBUSTION PRODUCES CARBON MONOXIDE. Hazardous Poly Occur: NO Conditions To Avoid (Poly): WILL NOT OCCUR. Health Hazard Data LD50-LC50 Mixture: ORAL LD50 (RAT) IS UNKNOWN. Route Of Entry - Inhalation: YES Route Of Entry - Skin: YES Route Of Entry - Ingestion: YES Health Haz Acute And Chronic: ACUTE: EYES/SKIN: NOT EXPECTED TO CAUSE SIGNIFICIENT IRRITATION. SHOULD BE PRACTICALLY NON-TOXIC TO INTERNAL ORGANS IF IT GETS ON SKIN. INHALATION: SHOULD BE PRACTICALLY NON-TOXIC TO INTERNAL ORGANS IF INHALED. INGESTION: SHOULD BE PRACTICALLY NON-TOXIC TO INTERNAL ORGANS IF SWALLOWED. CHRONIC: NONE KNOWN. Carcinogenicity - NTP: NO Carcinogenicity - IARC: NO Carcinogenic; ty - OSHA: NO Explanation Carcinogenicity: NONE PRACTICALLY NON-TOXIC TO INTERNAL ORGANS. INGESTION: PRACTICALLY NON-TOXIC Med Cond Aggravated By Exp: PRE-EXISTING CONDITIONS MAY WORSEN IF EXPOSED Emergency/First Aid Proc: EYES: REMOVE CONTACT LENSES IF WORN, FLUSH WITH LARGE AMOUNTS OF WATER. IF IRRITATION PERSISTS, GET MEDICAL ATTENTION.

CHEVRON ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH CENTER -- HYDRAULIC OIL AW ISO 68 .. Page 3 of 4

SKIN: REMOVE CONTAMINATED CLOTHING. WASH AREA WITH SOAP AND WATER. INHALATION: NOT EXPECTED TO BE A PROBLEM. INGESTION: GIVE WATER OR MILK TO DRINK. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION. INJECTION: IF INJECTED UNDER SKIN, GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

Precautions for Safe Handling and Use

Steps If Matl Released/Spill: STOP LEAK. CONTAIN LIQUID AND PREVENT CONTAMINATION OF SOIL, SURFACE WATER, OR GROUNDWATER. CLEAN UP SMALL SPILLS USING PUMPING AND ABSORBENTS. WHERE FEASIBLE, REMOVE CONTAMINATED SOIL. FOLLOW PROCEDURES FOR REPORTING SPILLS TO PROPER AUTHORITIES.

Neutralizing Agent: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER.

Waste Disposal Method: DISPOSE OF WASTE IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS. CONTACT YOUR LOCAL ENVIRONMENTAL OFFICER FOR APPROVED DISPOSAL OF THIS MATERIAL.

Precautions-Handling/Storing: USE ONLY IN WELL VENTILATED AREAS. KEEP CONTAINERS CLOSED. KEEP AWAY FROM HEAT, OPEN FLAMES, SPARKS, HOT SURFACES,

Other Precautions: DO NOT WELD, HEAT OR DRILL CONTAINER, REPLACE CAP OR BUNG. EMPTIED CONTAINER STILL CONTAINS HAZARDOUS MATERIAL, IT MAY IGNITE WITH EXPLOSIVE VIOLENCE IF HEATED SUFFICIENTLY. DO NOT USE PRESSURE TO EMPTY DRUM, IT MAY RUPTURE WITH EXPLOSIVE FORCE.

Control Measures

Respiratory Protection: NONE NORMALLY REQUIRED. HOWEVER, IF OPERATING CONDITIONS CREATE AIRBORNE CONCENTRATIONS WHICH EXCEED THE RECOMMENDED EXPOSURE STANDARDS, USE A NIOSH/MSHA APPROVED RESPIRATOR FOR ORGANIC

Ventilation: PROVIDE ADEQUATE VENTILATION TO KEEP AIRBORNE CONCENTRATIONS OF THIS MATERIAL BELOW RECOMMENDED EXPOSURE STANDARDS.

Protective Gloves: NONE NORMALLY REQUIRED.

Eye Protection: NONE NORMALLY REQUIRED.

Other Protective Equipment: NONE NORMALLY REQUIRED. AVOID PROLONGED/ REPEATED SKIN CONTACT. SKIN CONTACT CAN BE MINIMIZED BY WEARING PROTECTIVE

Work Hygienic Practices: WASH AFTER HANDLING AND BEFORE EATING, DRINKING, OR SMOKING. LAUNDER CONTAMINATED CLOTHING BEFORE REUSE.

Suppl. Safety & Health Data: NONE

Transportation Data

Trans Data Review Date: 94122

DOT Proper Shipping Name: NOT REGULATED BY THIS MODE OF TRANSPORTATION

IMO Proper Shipping Name: NOT REGULATED FOR THIS MODE OF TRANSPORTATION

IATA Proper Shipping Name: NOT REGULATED BY THIS MODE OF TRANSPORTATION

AFI PSN Code: ZZZ

AFI Prop. Shipping Name: NOT REGULATED BY THIS MODE OF TRANSPORTATION

Disposal Data

Label Data

Label Required: YES

Technical Review Date: 02MAY94

Label Status: F

Common Nama: HYDRAULIC OIL AW ISO 68

Chronic Hazard: NO Signal Word: CAUTION!

Acute Health Hazard-Slight: X

12/7/00

CHEVRON ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH CENTER -- HYDRAULIC OIL AW ISO 68 .. Page 4 of 4

Contact Hazard-Slight: X Fire Hazard-Slight: X Reactivity Hazard-None: X Special Hazard Precautions: NOT EXPECTED TO CAUSE SIGNIFICANT EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION AND IS PRACTICALLY NON-TOXIC TO INTERNAL ORGANS IF ON SKIN OR INHALED OR IF SWALLOWED. KEEP AWAY FROM HEAT, OPEN FLAME, OXIDIZERS. CONTAIN SPILLS. PREVENT CONTAMINATION OF SOIL, SURFACE WATER, OR GROUNDWATER. CLEAN UP SPILLS USING PUMPING AND ABSORBENTS. REPORT SPILLS TO AUTHORITIES. FIRST AID: EYES: FLUSH WITH WATER. IF IRRITATION PERSISTS, GET MEDICAL ATTENTION. SKIN: REMOVE CONTAMINATED CLOTHING. WASH AREA WITH SOAP AND WATER. INGESTION: GIVE WATER OR MILK TO DRINK. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION. INJECTION: IF INJECTED UNDER SKIN, GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY. TARGET ORGANS: UNKNOWN. Protect Eye: Y Protect Skin: Y Label Name: CHEVRON ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH CENTER Label Street: 15299 SAN PABLO AVE Label P.O. Box: 4054 Label City: RICHMOND Label State: CA Label Zip Code: 94804-0054 Label Country: US Label Emergency Number: 800-231-0623,800-424-9300(CHEMTREC)

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TEXACO REFINING & MARKETING -- 00365 TEXACO UNLEADED - AUTOMOTIVE GASOLINE
MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET
NSN: 9130001487102
Manufacturer's CAGE: 2R503
Part No. Indicator: B
Part Number/Trade Name: 00365 TEXACO UNLEADED
General Information
Item Name: AUTOMOTIVE GASOLINE
Company's Name: TEXACO REFINING AND MARKETING INC
Company's Street: 1111 RUSK ST
Company's City: Houston
Company's State: TX
Company's Country: US
Company's Zip Code: 77002-3310
Company's Emerg Ph #: 914-831-3400 800-424-9300(CHEMTREC)
Company's Info Ph *. 512-459-6543
 Distributor/Vendor # 1: SCHULTE OIL CO (405-262-3121)
Distributor/Vendor # 1 Cage: 4R019
 Record No. For Safety Entry: 024
 Tot Safety Entries This Stk#: 053
 Status: FE
 Date MSDS Prepared: 15DEC92
 Safety Data Review Date: 22JUL93
 Supply Item Manager: KY
 MSDS Praparer's Name: MANAGER, PRODUCT SERVICES
 Preparer's Company: TEXACO INC.
 Preparer's St Or P. O. Box: P. O. BOX 509
 Preparer's City: BEACON
 Preparer's State: NY
 Preparer's Zip Code: 12508
 MSDS Serial Number: BRFLK
 Specification Number: VV-G-1609
  Spec Type, Grade, Class: REGULAR UNLEADED
  Hazard Characteristic Code: F2
  Unit Of Issue: GL
  Unit Of Issue Container Qty: BULK
  Type Of Container: BULK
  Net Unit Weight: UNKNOWN
  NRC/State License Number: NONE
  Ingredients/Identity Information
  Proprietary: NO
  Ingredient: GASOLINE
  Ingredient Sequence Number: 01
  Percent: 95-99.9
  NIOSH (RTECS) Number: LX3300000
  CAS Number: 8006-61-9
  OSHA PEL: 300 PPM/500 STEL
  ACGIH TLV: 300 PPM/500STEL;9293
  Other Recommended Limit: NONE RECOMMENDED
   Ingredient: HYDROCARBON GAS CONTAINED IN INGREDIENT #1
   Ingredient Sequence Number: 02
   Percent: UNKNOWN
   NIOSH (RTECS) Number: MW3860000
   OSHA PEL: NOT ESTABLISHED
   ACGIH TLV: NOT ESTABLISHED
   Other Recommended Limit: NONE RECOMMENDED
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Proprietary: NO
Ingredient: OLEFINS
Ingredient Sequence Number: 03
Percent: UNKNOWN
NIOSH (RTECS) Number: 10007950L
OSHA PEL: NOT ESTABLISHED
ACGIH TLV: NOT ESTABLISHED
Other Recommended Limit: NONE RECOMMENDED
Proprietary: NO
Ingredient: BENZENE (SARA III)
Ingredient Sequence Number: 04
Percent: .2-3.5
NIOSH (RTECS) Number: CY1400000
CAS Number: 71-43-2
OSHA PEL: 1PPM/5STEL;1910.1028
ACGIH TLV: 10 PPM: A2: 9293
Other Recommended Limit: NONE RECOMMENDED
Proprietary: NO
Ingredient: METHYL TERT-BUTYL ETHER (SARA III)
Ingredient Sequence Number: 05
Percent: 0-15
NIOSH (RTECS) Number: KN5250000
CAS Number: 1634-04-4
OSHA PEL: NOT ESTABLISHED
 ACGIH TLV: NOT ESTABLISHED
Other Recommended Limit: NONE RECOMMENDED
 Physical/Chemical Characteristics
 Appearance And Odor: LIQUID; LIGHT STRAW TO LIGHT RED; GASOLINE-LIKE ODOR
 Boiling Point: >90F,>32C
 Vapor Pressure (MM Hg/70 F): 465-775
 Vapor Density (Air=1): 3-4
 Specific Gravity: .7-.77
 Evaporation Rate And Ref: UNKNOWN
 Solubility In Water: SLIGHT
 Percent Volatiles By Volume: 100
 Autoignition Temperature: 850F
 Fire and Explosion Hazard Data
 Flash Point: -40F,-40C
 Flash Point Method: COC
 Lower Explosive Limit: 1.4
 Upper Explosive Limit: 7.6
 Extinguishing Media: DRY CHEMICAL, FOAM, CARBON DIOXIDE.
 Special Fire Fighting Proc: WATER MAY BE INEFFECTIVE ON FLAMES, BUT CAN BE
 USED TO COOL FIRE EXPOSED CONTAINERS.USE A SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING
 APPARATUS AND FULL PROTECTIVE CLOTHING.
 Unusual Fire And Expl Hazrds: VAPORS ARE HEAVIER THAN AIR AND TRAVEL ALONG
 THE GROUND, POSING A FLASHBACK HAZARD (FLOWING GASOLINE GENERATES STATIC
  Reactivity Data
  Stability: YES
  Cond To Avoid (Stability): HEAT, SPARKS ... OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION.
  Materials To Avoid: STRONG OXIDIZERS.
  Hazardous Decomp Products: CARBON MONOXIDE, CARBON DIOXIDE, IRRITATING
  ALDEHYDES AND KETONES.
  Hazardous Poly Occur: NO
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TEXACO REFINING & MARKETING -- 00365 TEXACO UNLEADED - AUTOMOTI.. Page 3 of 4

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Conditions To Avoid (Poly): NONE
Health Hazard Data
LD50-LC50 Mixture: LD50 ORAL RAT(EST)=5 G/KG
Route Of Entry - Inhalation: YES Route Of Entry - Skin: YES
Health Haz Acute And Chronic: EYES: IRRITANT. SKIN: THIS MATERIEL IS ABSORBED
BY THE SKIN(HAZARD LEVEL HAS NOT BEEN DETERMINED); IRRITANT. INHAL: IRRITATES
NOSE AND THROAT MAY CAUSE ASPHYXIATION IN ENCLOSED SPACES. INGEST: MAY CAUSE
LUNG DAMAGE IF VOMITTED AFTER SWALLOWING. CHRONIC: BENZENE CAUSES LEUKEMIA IN
HUMANS.
Carcinogenicity - NTP: YES
Carcinogenicity - IARC: YES
Explanation Carcinogenicity: CONTAINS Benzene [71-43-2] WHICH IS LISTED BY
Carcinogenicity - OSHA: YES
NTP AND IARC AND REGULATED BY OSHA AS A CARCINOGEN.
 HEADACHE, NAUSEA, VOMITING, DIZZTNESS, DROWSINESS, EUPHORIA, LOSS OF
 Med Cond Aggravated By Exp: REPEATED SKIN CONTACT MAY AGGRIVATE EXISTING
 Emergency/First Aid Proc: EYES:FLUSH WITH WATER FOR 15 MINUTES WHILE
 LIFTING LIDS. CALL PHYSICIAN. SKIN: REMOVE CONTAMINATED CLOTHING; WASH WITH
 SOAP AND WATER.CALL PHYSICIAN IF IRRITATION PERSISTS.INGEST: DO NOT INDUCE
 VOMITING WITHOUT ADVICE OF A PHYSICIAN.GET PROMPT QUALIFIED MEDICAL
 ATTENTION. INHAL: REMOVE TO FRESH AIR. GIVE ARTIFICIAL RESPIRATION OR OXYGEN
 IF NEEDED.GET PROMPT MEDICAL ATTENTION.
 Precautions for Safe Handling and Use
 Steps If Matl Released/Spill: ELIMINATE SOURCES OF IGNITION.VENTILATE
 AREA. AVOID BREATHING VAPORS; STAY UPWIND; USE A SCBA. REMOVE WITH A NON-
 FLAMMABLE ADSORBANT (EG. DIATOMACEOUS EARTH); PUT IN AN APPROPRIATE CONTAINER
 FOR DISPOSAL. KEEP OUT OF WATERWAYS.
 Waste Disposal Method: THIS MATERIEL IS CONSIDERED TO BE HAZARDOUS PER
 RCRA, WITH REGARD TO BENZENE TOXICITY AND IGNITABILITY.
 Precautions-Handling/Storing: TRANSPORT, HANDLE AND STORE PER OSHA
  1910.106. GROUND AND BOND SHIPPING CONTAINERS. USE SPARK-PRROF TOOLS.
 Other Precautions: USE CAUTION WHEN OPENING CONTAINERS WHICH MAY BE UNDER
  Control Measures
  Respiratory Protection: IN THE ABSENCE OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS A NIOSH
  ORGANIC VAPOR RESPIRATOR MAY BE USED; IN ENCLOSED SPACES A SELF-CONTAINED
  BREATHING APPARATUS SHOULD BE USED.
  Ventilation: ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS TO MAINTAIN TLV BELOW 500PPM.
  Protective Gloves: NITRILE, TEFLON, VITON.
  Eye Protection: GOGGLES/FACE SHIELD.
  Other Protective Equipment: CLOTHING TO PREVENT SKIN CONTACT.
  Work Hyglenic Practices: WASH HANDS. SEPERATE WORK CLOTHES FROM STREET
  CLOTHES LAUNDER WORK CLOTHES BEFORE REUSE . KEEP FOOD OUT OF THE WORK AREA.
  Suppl. Safety & Health Data: NONE.
  Transportation Data
  Trans Data Review Date: 93203
  DOT PSN Code: GTN
  DOT Proper Shipping Name: GASOLINE
   DOT Class: 3
   DOT ID Number: UN1203
   DOT Pack Group: II
```

TEXACO REFINING & MARKETING -- 00365 TEXACO UNLEADED - AUTOMOTI.. Page 4 of 4

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DOT Label: FLAMMABLE LIQUID
IMO PSN Code: HRV
IMO Proper Shipping Name: GASOLINE
IMO Regulations Page Number: 3141
IMO UN Number: 1203
IMO UN Class: 3.1
IMO Suberdiary Risk Label: -
IATA PSN Code: RMF
IATA UN ID Number: 1203
IATA Proper Shipping Name: MOTOR SPIRIT
IATA UN Class: 3
IATA Label: FLAMMABLE LIQUID
AFI PSN Code: MUC
AFI Prop. Shipping Name: GASOLINE
AFI Class: 3
AFI ID Number: UN1203
AFI Pack Group: II
AFI Basic Pac Ref: 7-7
Additional Trans Data, NONE
Disposal Data
Label Data
Label Required: YES
Technical Review Date: 22JUL93
Label Date: 15DEC92
MFR Label Number: 00365TEX UNLEAD
Label Status: G
Common Name: 00365 TEXACO UNLEADED
Signal Word: DANGER!
Acute Health Hazard-Moderate: X
 Contact Hazard-Moderate: X
 Fire Hazard-Severe: X
 Reactivity Hazard-None: X
 Special Hazard Precautions: EYES: IRRITANT. SKIN: THIS MATERIEL IS ABSORBED
 BY THE SKIN (HAZARD LEVEL NOT DETERMINED); IRRITANT. INHAL: IRRITATES NOSE AND
 THROAT MAY CAUSE ASPHYXIATION IN ENCLOSED SPACES . INGEST: MAY CAUSE LUNG
 DAMAGE IF VOMITTED AFTER SWALLOWING. CHRONIC: BENZENE CAUSES LEUKEMIA IN
 HUMANS. FIRST AID: EYES: FLUSH WITH WATER FOR 15 MINUTES WHILE LIFTING LIDS.
 CALL PHYSICIAN. SKIN: REMOVE CONTAMINATED CLOTHING; WASH WITH SOAP AND WATER.
 CALL PHYSICIAN IF IRRITATION PERSISTS. INGEST: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING WITHOUT
 ADVICE OF A PHYSICIAN.GET PROMPT QUALIFIED MEDICAL ATTENTION.INHAL: REMOVE
 TO FRESH AIR.GIVE ARTIFICIAL RESPIRATION OR OXYGEN IF NEEDED.GET PROMPT
 MEDICAL ATTENTION
 Protect Eye: Y
 Protect Skin: Y
 Protect Respiratory: Y
 Label Name: TEXACO REFINING AND MARKETING INC
 Label Street: 1111 RUSK ST
 Label City: HOUSTON
 Label State: TX
 Label Zip Code: 77002-3310
 Label Country: US
 Label Emergency Number: 914-831-3400 800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC)
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Attachment 5

Self Assessment Checklist



JOBSITE SAFETY INSPECTION CHECKLIST

Revision.: 02

STANDARD OF PRACTICE HS-18 - HEALTH AND SAFETY CHECKLIST

Date:

05/01/00

Note. The following jobsite safety inspection checklist is to be used \underline{only} at locations where CCI controls the work. It is not to be used at locations where others control the work.

Proje	ct Name:	NEX Gas Station Remediation	Project No.:							
Locat	ion:	Millington, TN	Project Manager:	Matt Haupt						
Inspector: If an item is not applicable, the column titled "N/A" sho the auditor does not observe it during the inspection, the deficiency noted, a Health and Safety Audit Finding Formand Safety Manager must be copied on the results of all a		the "N/O" column sl Form must be comple	nould be cl	necked.	For ea	ch				
	-	for Items Completed		Yes	No	N/A	N/O			
<i>l.</i> 1.	Poster	s and safety signs in place:								
	a. O	SHA safety poster								
	b. E	mergency Telephone Number Form								
2.	c. W First a	Vorkers Compensation Form id kit:								
	a. F	ully stocked/sufficient supply								
	b. F	irst-aid administered by a person with a v	alid certificate							
3. 4.		borne-pathogen kit ent/injury reporting:								
7.		mployees briefed								
	b. F	orms available								
	c. Ir	njuries and illnesses reported and logged								
	d. A	ccidents investigated and properly follow	ved up to prevent							
	e. A	ccident reports and logs submitted prom	ptly as required							
5.		fety rules and regulations available/post	ed			П				
<i>II.</i> 1.	Emplo	byee training: mployees' signed training certificates on	file							

2.	Material safety data sheets (MSDSs):				
	a. MSDSs on file				
	b. Log assigned to competent person				
	c. Log complete and up to date				
3.	Written program on file	П			
III.	EMPLOYEE TRAINING				
1.	Site personnel have read the job safety rules and regulations and				
2	have signed the "Employee Signoff Sheet"				
2.	Sufficient instruction given in recognition and avoidance of job hazards; unsafe conditions; and job rules, regulations, and proced-			LJ	
3.	Sufficient instruction in proper use and maintenance of tools,				
٥.	equipment, and personal protective equipment	Ш			
4.	Employees instructed to report unsafe or hazardous conditions to			П	
	proper job supervisor		Ш	لسا	Ш
5.	Employees instructed to promptly report injury, illness, and accidents				П
	involving damage to equipment and materials				
6.	Safety indoctrination held for new employees				
IV.	JOBSITE LOGISTICS AND LAYOUT				
1.	Traffic routes around construction areas:				
	a. Warning signs, flagging in place				
	b. Crane swing flagged	П	П		\sqcap
2.	Utility ditches:		ليبيا		ш
	a. Flagged or barricaded				
3.	Trucks and heavy equipment:	_	_		_
	a. Good mechanical conditions				
	h Parlam signala washin s				
	b. Backup signals working		L	Ш	Ш
	c. Seat belts installed and used				
4.	Motor graders and other earth movers:		Ш	Ш	
	a. Good mechanical conditions	П			
		ш			لــا
	b. Backup signals working				
	c. Seat belts installed and used				
V.	PUBLIC PROTECTION				
1.	Warning signs in place around site				
2.	After-hours hazards:			_	_
	a. Open ditches protected				
	b. Drop-offs protected				
	b. Drop one protected			L_J	

	c. Ladders lowered				
3.	Hazard lights				
VI.	HOUSEKEEPING				
1.	Material storage yard: a. Stacked neatly and properly				
		_	$\overline{}$		
2.	b. Aisles, walkways, roads clear Check work areas for:		Ш		
۷.	a. Loose and waste materials				
	b. Vicinity of ladders, stairs, ramps, and machinery				
	c. Empty bottles, containers, papers, trash, bands, brick-bats, etc.				
	d. Trash cans, dumpsters available and emptied regularly				
	e. Nails, boards, debris removed				
	f. Trash receptacles provided for drinking cups				
<i>VII.</i> 1.	PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE) Hard hats				
2.	Safety shoes/boots				
3.	Eye/face protection				
4.	Safety belts/lanyards				
5.	Ear protection: a. Noise level areas of 90 dBA and above identified				
	a. Noise level areas of 90 dbA and above identified		لــا	Ш	لــا
	b. Signs notifying personnel of "Hearing Protection Required" posted				
6.	Specialized equipment: a. Gloves				
	b. Chemical-Respirators (respirator use requires medical protocol,				
	monitoring and training) c. Chemical-resistant clothing				
7.	Tools:	\Box			
	a. Handles in good shape	LJ	Ш		
	b Tool guards in place				
	c. Proper tools used for the job				

-

	d. Tools maintained in functional condition				
-	SANITATION Temporary toilete:				
1.	Temporary toilets: a. Serviced regularly				
	 Sufficient Quantity (20 or fewer employees - 1 required; 20 or more employees - 1 toilet and 1 urinal per 40 workers 				
2.	Potable Water:		_		
	a. Tightly closed containers				
	b. Equipped with tap				
	c. Paper cups available				
	d. Containers labeled "Drinking Water"				
IX. XI.	FLOOR AND WALL OPENINGS GUARDS SCAFFOLDING		-		
1.	Erected under proper supervision				
2.	All structural members adequate for use				
3.	All connections adequate, pins, crossbracing provided and support				
4.	Proper footings provided (sound, rigid, and secured)				
5.	Safely tied into structure				
6.	Access ladder or safe equivalent provided and used				
7.	Defective and damaged parts, planks, etc., removed from service				
8.	Ladders and working areas kept free of debris, ice, snow, chemicals, and grease				
9.	Complete platform, planks, close together and overlapped by at least 12 inches or secured by wire or proper cleating				
10.	Guard rails, mid-rails, and toe boards installed on all open	П		П	
	sides of platforms 10 feet and over in height (applies to both maintenance	and c	onstruc	tion)	
11.	Frequent inspections made ELECTRICAL				
1.	Cords/devices have current inspection color code tape installed				
2.	Frayed cords, broken plugs fixed				
3.	Temporary wiring: a. Panels secured and GFCIs working				

	b. Away from vehicle pathways	Ш	Ш	Ш
	c. Out of water/moisture			
	d. No broken receptacles found			
	e. Sufficient outlets for all crafts			
4.	Temporary lighting with cages			
5.	Assured equipment grounding conductor program in place,			
6.	if not using GFCIs Lock-out or tag-out system used when necessary			
7.	Electrical dangers posted and guarded			
8.	Fire hazards checked, proper extinguishers available			
9.	Only qualified electricians work on electrical circuits and equipment			
10.	Cords passing through work areas must be covered or elevated			
11.	to protect them from damage Extension cords must be hard or extra-hard usage			П
XIII.		 		-
	FIRE PROTECTION Office fire extinguisher in working order and inspected regularly			
XIV.	Office fire extinguisher in working order and inspected regularly One extinguisher, 2A rating, for each 3,000 square			
1.	Office fire extinguisher in working order and inspected regularly One extinguisher, 2A rating, for each 3,000 square feet of protected area One extinguisher, 2A rating, on each floor adjacent			
1. 2.	Office fire extinguisher in working order and inspected regularly One extinguisher, 2A rating, for each 3,000 square feet of protected area			
 XIV. 1. 2. 3. 	Office fire extinguisher in working order and inspected regularly One extinguisher, 2A rating, for each 3,000 square feet of protected area One extinguisher, 2A rating, on each floor adjacent to each stairway Trash, paper, other combustibles picked up Welders have extinguishers nearby and a fire watch is			
1. 2. 3. 4.	Office fire extinguisher in working order and inspected regularly One extinguisher, 2A rating, for each 3,000 square feet of protected area One extinguisher, 2A rating, on each floor adjacent to each stairway Trash, paper, other combustibles picked up			
2. 3. 4.	Office fire extinguisher in working order and inspected regularly One extinguisher, 2A rating, for each 3,000 square feet of protected area One extinguisher, 2A rating, on each floor adjacent to each stairway Trash, paper, other combustibles picked up Welders have extinguishers nearby and a fire watch is available if needed			
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	Office fire extinguisher in working order and inspected regularly One extinguisher, 2A rating, for each 3,000 square feet of protected area One extinguisher, 2A rating, on each floor adjacent to each stairway Trash, paper, other combustibles picked up Welders have extinguishers nearby and a fire watch is available if needed Fire alarm available/fire evacuation plan "No Smoking" signs posted and enforced where necessary Supervisors and employees trained in proper use of extinguishers			
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	Office fire extinguisher in working order and inspected regularly One extinguisher, 2A rating, for each 3,000 square feet of protected area One extinguisher, 2A rating, on each floor adjacent to each stairway Trash, paper, other combustibles picked up Welders have extinguishers nearby and a fire watch is available if needed Fire alarm available/fire evacuation plan "No Smoking" signs posted and enforced where necessary Supervisors and employees trained in proper use of extinguishers MATERIAL STORAGE AND HANDLING			
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. xv. 1.	Office fire extinguisher in working order and inspected regularly One extinguisher, 2A rating, for each 3,000 square feet of protected area One extinguisher, 2A rating, on each floor adjacent to each stairway Trash, paper, other combustibles picked up Welders have extinguishers nearby and a fire watch is available if needed Fire alarm available/fire evacuation plan "No Smoking" signs posted and enforced where necessary Supervisors and employees trained in proper use of extinguishers MATERIAL STORAGE AND HANDLING Neat storage area, clear passageways			
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. XV.	Office fire extinguisher in working order and inspected regularly One extinguisher, 2A rating, for each 3,000 square feet of protected area One extinguisher, 2A rating, on each floor adjacent to each stairway Trash, paper, other combustibles picked up Welders have extinguishers nearby and a fire watch is available if needed Fire alarm available/fire evacuation plan "No Smoking" signs posted and enforced where necessary Supervisors and employees trained in proper use of extinguishers MATERIAL STORAGE AND HANDLING			

4.	Stacks on firm footing and all tier stacked materials secured against			
5.	sudden movement Storage platforms, skids, bins, shelves, etc. in good repair			
6.	Protruding nails and wires removed and rugged metal edges			
7.	protected before material is handled Lifting weights known before handling			
8.	Employees using proper lifting methods, picking up loads correctly			
9.	Proper number of employees for each operation, physically			
10.	suited for task Tag lines used to control loads			
11.	Protection provided against falling hazards			
12.	Dust protection observed			
13.	Extinguishers or other fire protection available			
14.	Combustibles, flammable, and other unrelated materials			
15.	separated and clearly identified "No Smoking" signs posted where necessary			
16.	Safe loading limits observed for indoor storage	П	П	П
XVI.			· · · · ·	
1.	Operations planned ahead and checked for lead and asbestos if applicable			
2.	Safety work permit required and necessary blinding of lines, etc., accomplished			
3.	Adjacent structures shored or braced			
4.	Electrical, water, sewer, steam lines cut off, locked out, or tagged			
5.	Area roped off or barricaded			
6.	Proper safety, danger, and warning signs provided and used			
7.	Adequate lighting and ventilation provided where necessary			
8.	Material chutes used			

	10.	Clear operating space provided for equipment and vehicles				
		Overhead protection provided where required				
		STEEL ERECTION				
	XX.					
	1.	Containers clearly marked to show contents (gas cylinders, cans, etc.)				Ш
	2.	Proper storage practices observed:	П			
		a. Storage areas enclosed or protected from heat and mobile		Ш		Ш
		equipment exposure				
		b. Fire hazards checked				
		c. Sufficient fire extinguishers				
		A TYPE A CALL FOR THE SECOND SHEET HEREIGN				
		d. UL approved safety cans for 1 to 5 gallons of flammable liquids			لــا	Ш
		A second solving the significant constant of liquids in excess of				
		e. Approved cabinet for indoor storage of liquids in excess of 25-gallons, but not more than 120-gallon storage	Ш	لــا		
		f. Sign labeled "Flammable - Keep Fire Away" posted on cabinet	П			
	XXI		1,			
	1.	Cylinders:	_		_	
1		a. Away from heat				
		b. Stored upright (secured)				
				[]		
		c. Valves closed on empty cylinders				
				 1		
		d. Valve protection caps in place if cylinder not in use		Ш		Ш
		e. Valve key wrench available				Ш
		f. Portable rack with bottles secured				لــا
		The state of the s				
		g. Instruct project staff to never drag or slide bottles	Ш	Ш	Ш	
		h Designated storage area				
		h. Designated storage area	لـــا	Ш	Ш	Ш
		i. Oxygen bottles stored 20' from acetylene bottles or 1/2-hour fire	П			
		barrier installed between them	Ш	Ш		لــــا
		j. "No Smoking" signs posted				
		j. 140 Shlokhig Sighs posted		ليا		ш
	2.	Gauges/valves/hoses:			П	
	۷.	Guages/ varves/ noses.		لـــا		ليا
		a. Good condition				
					لببا	ш
		b. Fire arresters installed (both hoses)				
		, ,				

3.	Eye protection available			
4.	All burning torches bled and free of oxygen and acetylene and/or other gases during lunch breaks and other extended periods of time			
5.	When in use, gas lines properly located to prevent tripping and falling			
6.	Ventilation adequate			
1.	Performed by qualified personnel			
2.	Screens, shields, or eye protection provided and used to protect			
3.	employees from welding operation Employees wear sufficient clothing and PPE			
4.	Equipment checked before use and in operative conditions			
5.	Electrical equipment grounded			
6.	Power cables protected and in good repair			
7.	Power cables properly located to prevent tripping and falling hazards			
8.	Dry chemical fire extinguisher within 30 feet			
9.	Exposed combustible materials removed to safe location or properly protected from sparks and slag			
10.				
11.	Machines turned off at end of shift or when not in use for extended periods			
12.	•			
13.	Overhead protection provided where required			П
	I. HOISTS			
XXI	V. BLASTING V. HAZARDOUS WASTE	•		
Cer	tification and Training of CH2M HILL Personnel		 1	
1.	Medical exam within last 12 months	Ц		
2.	40-hour initial training, 3 days supervised field activities, 8-hour annual refresher			
3.	First aid and CPR certification			
4.	Quantitatively fit tested (preferred method per NIOSH Publication 87-116, 87-116, Appendix B.3)			
5.	Attend pre-entry safety meeting			
6.	Safety Coordinator with appropriate training			

Cer	tification and Training of Subcontractor Personnel	_	
1.	Medical exam within last 12 months		
2.	40-hour initial training, 3 days supervised field activities, 8-hour annual refresher		
3.	First aid and CPR certification		
4.	Quantitatively fit tested (preferred method per NIOSH Publication 87-116, (Appendix B.3)		
5.	Attend pre-entry safety meeting		
1.	Safety Documentation Site health and safety plan (HSP) prepared and approved		
2.	HSP onsite		
3.	All personnel onsite identified in HSP		
4.	Documentation of safety briefing		
5.	Hospital map posted		
6.	Phone numbers posted		
7.	Emergency vehicle identified		
8.	Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDSs) onsite		
9.	Work zones delineated (How?)		
10.	Wind direction flags in use		
11.	Documentation of calibration of monitoring equipment in Clean environment		
12.	Monitoring conducted and recorded as specified in HSP (Frequency?)		
13.	Monitoring for heat/cold stress		
14.	Buddy system in use		
15.	Decontamination procedures established as specified in HSP		
16.	No eating, drinking, or smoking in exclusion and contamination		
17.	Reduction zones Toilet facilities provided		
18.	No contact lenses		

	Work conducted during daylight hours only		
<u>3a1</u>	All personnel attended (including new personnel)		
2.	Documentation of meetings		
3.	Chemical hazards and toxicology reviewed		
4.	Physical hazards reviewed		
5.	Biological hazards reviewed		
6.	Heat/cold stress information reviewed		
7.	Air monitoring requirements		
8.	Levels of protection reviewed		
9.	Work zones reviewed		
10.	Decontamination procedures reviewed		
11.	Emergency response procedures reviewed		
12.	Site communications		
<u>Per</u> 1.	sonal Protective Equipment (PPE) Levels of protection being worn as specified in HSP	\Box	
1.	bevelor protection being worn as specified in Tist		
2.	All appropriate PPE available onsite		
3.	Hard hats being worn		
4.	Appropriate hand protection being used (What?		
5.	Appropriate body protection being used (What?		
6.	Appropriate eye protection being used (What?		
7.	Appropriate ear protection being used		
8.	Appropriate respirator protection being used		
9.	Respirators donned correctly		

10.	TLD badges being used				
11.	If air purifying respirators (APRs) are being used, correct cartridges (Type?				
12.	If self contained breathing apparatuses (SCBAs) are being used, is grade				
13.	D air being used If SCBAs are being used, are cylinders stored correctly				
14.	If PPE is not onsite, prepared to halt work				
	Disposal methods in place for disposable PPE				
1.	Decontamination procedure established as specified in the HSP				
2.	Decontamination zone clearly defined				
3.	PPE properly decontaminated (How?				
4.	Sampling equipment properly decontaminated (How?)
5.	Monitoring equipment properly decontaminated (How?				
6.	Heavy equipment properly decontaminated (How?				
7.	Samples properly decontaminated (How?				
8.	Decontamination fluids appropriately disposed of				
TAVA L	II. OFFICE TRAILERS/BUILDINGS				
Emp	loyer Posting		г		
1.	Is the OSHA (or state) job safety poster displayed in a prominent location where all employees are likely to see it?	· 📙	Ш	Ш	L
2.	Are emergency telephone numbers posted where they can be			П	
	readily found in case of emergency?				
3.	Where employees may be exposed to any toxic substances or				
	harmful physical agents, has appropriate information concerning employ and exposure records and Material Safety Data Sheets been posted or oth				
4.	available to affected employees? Are signs concerning exits, room capacities, floor loading, exposure to x-ray, microwave, or other harmful radiation or substances posted appropriate to the control of	 priatel	y?		
5.	Are other required posters properly displayed, such as: a. Industrial Welfare Commission orders regulating wages, hours,				

		and working conditions?		
	b.	Discrimination in employment prohibited by law?		
	c.	Notice to employees of unemployment and disability insurance.		
-	d.	Payday notice?		
<u>Em</u>	_	alarm systems properly maintained and tested regularly?		
2.	Is th	ne emergency action plan reviewed and revised periodically?		
3	Do	employees know their responsibilities:		
	a.	For reporting emergencies?		
	b.	During an emergency?		
	c.	For conducting rescue and medical duties?		
Fire 1.		tection nere a current fire prevention plan?		
2.	Doe	es the plan describe the type of fire protection equipment and/or		
3.		practices and procedures established to control potential fire hazards ignition sources?		
4.	Is lo	ocal fire department well acquainted with facilities, location, and critic hazards?		
5.	*	nere a fire alarm system and is it certified as required?		
6.	If yo	ou have a fire alarm system, is it tested at least annually?		
7.	Are	fire doors and shutters in good operating condition?		
8.		automatic sprinkler system water control valves, air and water ssures checked weekly/periodically as required?		
9.	Îs m	naintenance of automatic sprinkler systems assigned to		
	Is a	oonsible persons or to a sprinkler contractor? n earthquake preparedness kit on site?		
Exit 1.		or Egress all exits marked with an exit sign and illuminated by a reliable light		
2.	Are	the directions to exits, when not immediately apparent,		
3.	Are to e	doors, passageways, or stairways that are neither exits nor access xits and which could be mistaken for exits, appropriately marked		
4.		OT AN EXIT," "TO BASEMENT," "STOREROOM," etc.? exit doors side-hinged?		

5.	Are all exits kept free of obstructions?				
6.	Where exiting will be through frameless glass door, glass exit doors, etc., are the doors fully tempered, and do they meet the safety requirements fo	 r hun	an imr	act?	
7.					
8.	Are there sufficient exits to permit prompt escape in case of emergency?				
1.	eneral Work Environment Are all work sites clean and orderly?				
2.	Are work surfaces kept dry or appropriate means taken to assure the surfaces are slip-resistant?				
3.					
4.	Are the minimum number of toilets and washing facilities provided?				
5.	Are all toilets and washing facilities clean and sanitary?				
6.	. ,				
N 1.	Valkways Are aisles and passageways kept clear?				
2.	Are aisles and walkways marked as appropriate?				
3.	, , ,				
4.	±				
	Iedical Services And First Aid				
1.	If medical and first aid facilities are not in proximity to your workplace, is At least one employee on each shift currently qualified to render first aid?				
2.					
3.	Have first aid kit supplies been approved by a physician, indicating				
4.					
_5.	Supplies available, periodically inspected, and replenished as needed? Are emergency phone numbers posted?				
	XIII. CONFINED SPACE ENTRY				
<u>Co</u> 1.	nfined Space Evaluation Personnel informed of location and hazards of existing confined-				
1.	space (danger signs, verbal).				
2.	Determination made that work can not be completed without entering the confined space.				
3.					
	imzaras, cicigy sources,.				

4.	Spaces classified as permit-required, alternative procedures, or non-permit confined space.			
Tra	ining	_	 	
5.	Entrants, Attendants, and Entry Supervisor have completed confined- space entry training.			
6.	Employees performing lockout/tagout procedures have completed LOTO training.			
7.	Employees required to wear respirators have completed respiratory Protection training.			
Cor	fined-Space Entry	_	 	
8.	Complete permit or certificate posted at space entrance.			
9.	Pre-entry briefing conducted.			
10.	Entrants/Attendants verify that entry supervisor has authorized entry.			
11.	Entrants/Attendants verify that all requirements of the permit or certificate have been satisfied.			
12.	Atmospheric monitoring is conducted at frequency provided on the			
13.	permit or certificate. Entry not permitted if an atmospheric hazard is detected above			
14.	acceptable safe levels. Entrants evacuate space upon orders of the attendant or entry supervisor			
15.	when an alarm is sounded, or when a prohibited condition is recognized. Entrants/Attendant informs entry supervisor of hazards confronted			
	or created in the space or any problems encountered during entry. Entry supervisor informs the owner of such issues in item 15 above.			
	ry Under A Confined-Space Entry Permit (CESP) (6.4) CSEP completed by entry supervisor.			
18.	All expected hazards listed.			
19.	Entry supervisor and Attendant assigned.			
20.	Communication methods established between entrants and the Attendant. (6.7.1)			
21.	Cleaning requirements identified. (6.7.2)			
22.	Isolation requirements identified. (6.7.3)			
23.	Ventilation requirements identified. (6.7.4)			
24.	Protective equipment requirements identified. (6.7.5)			
25.	Rescue equipment requirements identified. (6.7.6)			
26.	Other requirements identified. (6.7.7)			

27.	Rescue and emergency procedures identified. (6.8)				
28.	Atmospheric monitoring requirements identified.				
29.	HS&E manager approve use by signing (CH2M HILL CSEP ONLY)				
30.	Entry supervisor authorized entry by signing CSEP.				
31.	Authorized entrants have completed CSE training and attendant				
32.	pre-entry briefing. Only authorized entrants permitted to enter the space.				
33.	Entry supervisor sign the CSEP indicating its cancellation.				
	Problems encountered during the entry listed.				
	ry Under An Alternative Procedure Certificate (APC) (6.5) APC completed by entry supervisor.				
36.	All expected hazards listed.				
37.	Entry supervisor and attendant assigned.				
38.	Entry supervisor verifies that non-atmospheric hazards do not exist.				
39.	Communication methods established between entrants and attendants.				
40.	Covers removed safely.				
41.	Openings guarded from both fall hazards and from objects entering				
42.	the space. Continuous forced-air ventilation positioned to ventilate the immediate				
43.	areas where employees are working and continue until they leave the spa Ventilation from a clean source of air.	ce.			
44.	Atmospheric monitoring requirements identified.	П			
	Entry supervisor authorized entry by signature.				
46.	Authorized entrants have completed CSE training and attended		П		П
	pre-entry briefing.				
	Only authorized entrants permitted to enter the space.				
	Entry supervisor sign the APC indicating its cancellation.				
	Problems encountered during the entry listed. ry Under a Non-Permit Certificate (NPC) (6.6)			Ш	Ш

50.	NPC completed by entry supervisor.		
51.	Entry supervisor assigned.		
52.	Attendant or buddy assigned.		
53.	Buddy remains in the space with the entrant.		
5 4 .	Entry supervisor verifies non-atmospheric hazards do not exist.		
55.	Communication methods established between entrants and attendant		
56.	or buddy. Entrants informed to exit the space immediately if hazards are observed.		
57.	Atmospheric monitoring requirements identified.		
58.	Entry supervisor authorizes entry by signing.		
59.	Authorized entrants have completed CSE training and attended		
60.	pre-entry briefing. Only authorized entrants permitted to enter the space.		
61.	Entry supervisor will sign the NPC indicating its cancellation.		
62.	Problems encountered during entry listed. cue (6.8)		
	Entrants wearing body harness with attached retrieval line. (lifeline)		
64.	End of lifeline attached to retrieval device (when required) or fixed		
65.	point outside space. Mechanical retrieval device positioned at access point for vertical-type		
66.	spaces >5 feet deep. Rescue team established.		
67.	Team members have completed confined-space entry training.		
68.	Team members informed of the hazards that they may confront during rescue operations.		
69.	PPE & rescue equipment necessary to conduct safe entry-rescue provided and readily available.		
<i>7</i> 0.	Team members trained on rescue duties and proper use of PPE and		
71.	rescue equipment. All team members trained in First Aid and CPR, at least one member		
72.	holding a current certificate. Team has made simulated rescue from a space of similar configuration within last 12 months.		
73.	Communications established & tested between team & entrants, and		

74	emergency provider.			
	Local emergency medical provider notified in advance PRCS entry.			
<i>7</i> 5.				
76.	Monitoring results documented on permit or certificate.			
<i>7</i> 7.	Entrants do not enter until all monitoring requirements are completed.			
78.	Monitoring equipment calibrated prior to use.			
79.	Monitoring conducted for oxygen, flammability, and toxic air contaminants.			
	Monitoring conducted bottom to top at five foot intervals. entry Briefing			
	Entry supervisor conducts the briefing and discusses the following:			
82	Explanation of work to be performed and limitations.			
83.	Explanation of actual and potential hazards, including the possible behavioral effects and signs, symptoms, and consequences of exposure.			
84.	Review control measures & atmospheric monitoring requirements, as			
	Specified on permit or certificate.			
	Specified on permit or certificate. Review of entrant and attendant responsibilities.			
85.	Review of entrant and attendant responsibilities. C. STAIRWAYS AND LADDERS	_Д_		
85.	Review of entrant and attendant responsibilities.			
85. XXIII	Review of entrant and attendant responsibilities. C. STAIRWAYS AND LADDERS connel Safe Work Practices (3.1)			
85. XXIII Person	Review of entrant and attendant responsibilities. C. STAIRWAYS AND LADDERS onnel Safe Work Practices (3.1) Employees have completed stairway and ladder training. Carrying objects on stairs with both hands is avoided. Pan and skeleton metal stairs not used until permanent or temporary			
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85. XXIII Person 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	Review of entrant and attendant responsibilities. C STAIRWAYS AND LADDERS Connel Safe Work Practices (3.1) Employees have completed stairway and ladder training. Carrying objects on stairs with both hands is avoided. Pan and skeleton metal stairs not used until permanent or temporary treads/landings provided. Ladders periodically inspected for defects by competent person. Defective ladders tagged and removed from service until repaired. Ladders used only for purpose for which they were designed. Ladders not loaded beyond their rated capacity.			

11.	Personnel not carrying tools, materials, or equipment while climbing. Tag lines used.		
12.	Ladders not moved, shifted or extended while in use.		
13.	Stepladders used in open and locked position only.		
14.	Stepladders top platform and top step not used as a step.		
15.	Stepladders cross-braced not used for climbing.		
	Fall protection considered when working from ladders over 6'. ders:: General (3.2.3)		
17.	Ladder components surfaced to prevent injury from puncture, laceration, or snagging clothing.		
18.	Ladders maintained free of oil, grease, and other slipping hazards.		
	Area around top and bottom of ladders kept free of obstructions. table Ladders: Design and Construction (3.2.4)		
	Only American National Standards Institute (ANSI) approved ladders.		
21.	Rungs and steps are parallel, level, and uniformly spread.		
22.	Ladders not tied or fastened together to created longer sections unless designed for such use.		
23.	Ladders with non-conductive side rails used near energized		
24.	electrical equipment Extension ladders equipped with positive section stops.		
25.	Stepladders provided with metal spreader or locking device to hold open when in use.		
26.	Two or more ladders used to reach elevated work areas offset with platform or landing.		
27.	Double-cleated or two ladders provided if > 25 personnel use ladders as only means of access, or when ladder serves simultaneous two-way traffic		
28.	Wood ladders not coated with opaque covering.		
	Ladders used only on stable, level, surfaces unless secured to prevent movement.		
30.	Ladders placed in areas where they can be displaced by work activities,		
31.	secured or barricaded. Extension ladder section overlap adequate distance.		
32.	Extension and straight ladders placed with both side rails supported		
33.	equally. Extension & straight ladders positioned at approximately 75° angle.		
34.	Ladders extend 3' above upper landings or are secured at top.		

	FALL PROTECTION				
Perso	nnel Safe Work Practices (3.1)				
1.	.Competent person has completed daily inspection and has authorized any entry.				
2.	Personnel aware of entry requirements established by competent person.				
3.	Protective systems are free from damage and in stable condition.				
4.	Surface objects/structures secured from falling into excavation.				
5.	Potential hazardous atmospheres have been tested and found to be at safe levels.				
6.	Precautions taken to prevent cave-in from water accumulation in the excavation.				
7.	Personnel wearing appropriated PPE, HSP.				
	<u>neral</u>	\Box	\Box		
8.	Daily safety briefing/meeting conducted with personnel.	Ш		L	Ш
9.	Excavation and protective systems adequately inspected by competent				
10.	person. Defective protective systems or other unsafe conditions corrected before entry.				
11.	Guardrails provided on walkways over excavations 6' or deeper.				
12.	Barriers provided at excavations 6' or deeper when not readily visible.				
13.	Barriers or covers provided for wells, pits, shafts, or similar excavation 6' or deeper.				
14.	Excavating equipment operated safely.				
	or to Excavating (3.2.2)	\Box			\Box
	Location of underground utilities and installations identified. avating Activities (3.2.3)				
16.	Rocks, trees, and other unstable surface objects removed or supproted.				
17.	Exposed underground utility lines supported.				
18.	Undermined surface structures supported or determined to be in safe condition.				
	Warning system used to remind equipment operators of excavation edge.				
	avation Entry (3.2.4) Trenches >4' deep provided with safe means of egress within 25'.				
21.	Structure ramps designed and approved by competent person.				
22.	Potential hazardous atmospheres tested prior to entry.				

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23.	Rescue equipment provided where potential for hazardous atmosphere		
24.	exist. Ventilation used to control hazardous atmospheres and air tested frequently.		
25.			
26.	Precautions taken to prevent cave-in from water accumulation in the excavation.		
27.	Precautions taken to prevent surface water from entering excavation.		
28.	Spoil piles, equipment, materials restrained or kept at least 2' from excavation edge.		
	Protection provided from falling/rolling material from excavation face. avation Protective Systems (3.2.5)		
	Protective systems used for excavations 5' or deeper.		
31.	Protective systems for excavations deeper than 20' designed by Professional Engineer and signed off.		
32.	If soil unclassified, maximum allowable slope is 34°.		
33.	Protective systems free from damage.		
34.	Protective systems used according to manufacturers recommendations and not subject to loads exceeding design limits.		
35.	Protective system components securely connected to prevent movement or failure.		
36.	Personnel removed from shielding systems when installed, removed, or vertical movement.		
	Cave-in protection provided while entering/exiting shielding system. tective System Removal (3.2.6)		
	Protective system removal starts and progresses from excavation bottom.		
39.	Protective systems removed slowly and cautiously.		
40.	Temporary structure supports used if failure of remaining components observed.		
	Back-filling taking place immediately after protective system removal. avating at Hazardous Waste Sites (3.2.7)		
<u>42.</u>	Waste disposal according to HSP and Environmental Protection Plan.		
	Appropriate decontamination procedures being followed, per HSP.		
	III. EARTHMOVING EQUIPMENT		
Pers	onnel Safe Work Practices (3.1) Only authorized personnel operating earthmoving equipment.		
2.	Personnel maintaining safe distance from operating equipment.		

Personnel and equipment operator in close communication when				
Personnel approach operating equipment safely.				
Personnel wearing high-visibility and/or reflective vests when close to				
Personnel riding only in seats of equipment cab and using seat belts.				
Personnel not positioned under hoisted loads.				
Personnel not hoisted by equipment.				
Personnel instructed not to approach equipment that has become				
Personnel wearing appropriate PPE, per HSP.				
At least one fire extinguisher available at the equipment operating area.				
thmoving Equipment Components (3.2.2) Backup alarm or spotter used when backing equipment.				
Operational horn provided on bi-directional equipment.				
Seat belts are provided and used.				
Rollover protective structures (ROPS) provided.				
Braking system capable of stopping full payload.				
Headlights and taillights operable when additional lights required.				
Brake lights in operable condition.				
Cab glass provides no visible distortion to operator.				
Dump truck beds provided with positive means of support during				
Hauling equipment (dump trucks) provided with cab shield or canopy.				
Safe clearance distance maintained while working under overhead lines.				
	personnel must be in proximity of earthmoving equipment. Personnel approach operating equipment safely. Personnel wearing high-visibility and/or reflective vests when close to operating equipment. Personnel riding only in seats of equipment cab and using seat belts. Personnel not positioned under hoisted loads. Personnel not hoisted by equipment.	personnel must be in proximity of earthmoving equipment. Personnel approach operating equipment safely. Personnel wearing high-visibility and/or reflective vests when close to operating equipment. Personnel riding only in seats of equipment cab and using seat belts. Personnel not positioned under hoisted loads. Personnel not hoisted by equipment. Personnel instructed not to approach equipment that has become electrically energized. Personnel wearing appropriate PPE, per HSP. peral (3.2.1) Daily safety briefing/meeting conducted with crew. Daily inspection of equipment and equipment accessories conducted before use. At least one fire extinguisher available at the equipment operating area. Inhoving Equipment Components (3.2.2) Backup alarm or spotter used when backing equipment. Operational horn provided on bi-directional equipment. Seat belts are provided and used. Rollover protective structures (ROPS) provided. Braking system capable of stopping full payload. Headlights and taillights operable when additional lights required. Brake lights in operable condition. Cab glass provides no visible distortion to operator. Dump truck operating levers provided with latch to prevent accidental dumping. Dump truck beds provided with positive means of support during maintenance or inspection. Hauling equipment (dump trucks) provided with cab shield or canopy. Inhoving Equipment (dump trucks) provided with cab shield or canopy. Inhoving Equipment (dump trucks) provided with cab shield or canopy. Inhoving Equipment (dump trucks) provided with cab shield or canopy.	Personnel must be in proximity of earthmoving equipment. Personnel approach operating equipment safely. Personnel wearing high-visibility and/or reflective vests when close to operating equipment. Personnel riding only in seats of equipment cab and using seat belts. Personnel not positioned under hoisted loads. Personnel not hoisted by equipment. Personnel instructed not to approach equipment that has become electrically energized. Personnel wearing appropriate PPE, per HSP. Personnel wearing appropriate PPE, per HSP. Personnel wearing appropriate and equipment accessories conducted before use. At least one fire extinguisher available at the equipment operating area. At least one fire extinguisher available at the equipment operating area. Chemovine Equipment Components (3.2.2) Backup alarm or spotter used when backing equipment. Operational horn provided on bi-directional equipment. Seat belts are provided and used. Rollover protective structures (ROPS) provided. Braking system capable of stopping full payload. Headlights and taillights operable when additional lights required. Brake lights in operable condition. Cab glass provides no visible distortion to operator. Dump truck operating levers provided with latch to prevent accidental dumping. Dump truck beds provided with positive means of support during maintenance or inspection. Hauling equipment (dump trucks) provided with cab shield or canopy. Ithmoving Equipment Placement (3.2.3) Location of underground utilities identified.	personnel must be in proximity of earthmoving equipment. Personnel approach operating equipment safely. Personnel wearing high-visibility and/or reflective vests when close to operating equipment. Personnel riding only in seats of equipment cab and using seat belts. Personnel not positioned under hoisted loads. Personnel not hoisted by equipment. Personnel instructed not to approach equipment that has become electrically energized. Personnel wearing appropriate PPE, per HSP. Personnel wearing appr

27.	Safe distance is maintained while traveling under powerlines.			
28.	Parking brake set when equipment parked and equipment chocked			
29.	when parked on incline. Unattended equipment visibly marked at night.			
	thmoving Equipment Operation (3.2.4) Equipment operated on safe roadways and grades.			
30.	Equipment operated on safe roadways and grades.			
31.	Equipment operated at safe speed.			
32.	Equipment not operated during inclement weather, lightning storms.			
33.	Using equipment to lift loads, other than earth, done according to			
34.	equipment manufacturer specifications. Lifting and hauling capacities are not exceeded.			
			——————————————————————————————————————	
35.	Equipment components lowered when not in use.			
36.	All machine guards are in place.			
	Air monitoring conducted per HSP for hazardous atmospheres.			
	thmoving Equipment Maintenance (3.2.5) Defective components repaired immediately.			
39.	Suspended equipment or equipment parts are supported prior to work under or between.			
40.	Lockout/tagout procedures used prior to maintenance.			
41.	Tires on split rims removed using tire safety rack or cage.			
42.	Good housekeeping maintained on and around equipment.		П	
<u>Exc</u>	avating at Hazardous Waste Sites (3.2.6)	·1		
4 3.	Waste disposal according to waste plan and HSP			
	Appropriate decontamination procedures followed, per HSP.			
	SONNEL SAFE WORK PRACTICES (3.1)			
1.	Personnel remain safe distance from demolition zone (DZ) during work.			
2.	Personnel entering DZ, only when necessary.			
3.	Prior to DZ entry, competent person evaluates structure and authorizes Entry.			
4.	Personnel aware of entry requirements established by competent person.			

Competent person escorts personnel during DZ entry, if possible.				
Personnel removed from DZ prior to activities that could affect				
Personnel not positioned under hoisted loads.				
Personnel wearing appropriated PPE per HSP.				
Demolition permit completed and submitted, as required.				
Competent person completed engineering survey, available at site.				
Regulated hazardous substances removed prior to demolition.				
Hazardous materials purged from tanks, pipes, and equipment.				
Utility service lines shut off, capped, or otherwise controlled, utilities				
Utilities needed for demolition temporary relocated.				
Daily safety briefing/meeting conducted with crew.				
Daily inspection of demolition equipment conducted before use.				
Competent person inspecting DZ for hazards as work progresses.				
Competent person controls entry into DZ, unauthorized entry prohibited.				
Multi-story structures provided with adequate canopy over entrances.				
Demolition starts at top of structure and proceeds downward.				
Fire extinguisher available at demolition area.				
Demo work not performed in area occupied by public, unless permitted				
Overhead protection provided for pedestrian traveled sidewalks.				
Walking surfaces kept free of obstructions.				
Standard guardrails provided on pedestrian bridges, ramps, runways,				
Signs posted informing pedestrians of hazards.				
Temporary fence provided around perimeter of DZ adjacent to public				
areas. Watch placed at openings when DZ barricades temporarily removed.				
	Personnel removed from DZ prior to activities that could affect structural integrity or safety. Personnel not positioned under hoisted loads. Personnel wearing appropriated PPE per HSP. SONNEL ACTIVITIES (3.2) Demolition permit completed and submitted, as required. Competent person completed engineering survey, available at site. Regulated hazardous substances removed prior to demolition. Hazardous materials purged from tanks, pipes, and equipment. Utility service lines shut off, capped, or otherwise controlled, utilities notified. Utilities needed for demolition temporary relocated. NERAL (3.2.1) Daily safety briefing/meeting conducted with crew. Daily inspection of demolition equipment conducted before use. Competent person inspecting DZ for hazards as work progresses. Competent person controls entry into DZ, unauthorized entry prohibited. Multi-story structures provided with adequate canopy over entrances. Demolition starts at top of structure and proceeds downward. Fire extinguisher available at demolition area. DIECTION OF THE PUBLIC (3.2.2) Demo work not performed in area occupied by public, unless permitted By contract. Overhead protection provided for pedestrian traveled sidewalks. Walking surfaces kept free of obstructions. Standard guardrails provided on pedestrian bridges, ramps, runways, and platforms. Signs posted informing pedestrians of hazards. Temporary fence provided around perimeter of DZ adjacent to public areas.	Personnel removed from DZ prior to activities that could affect structural integrity or safety. Personnel not positioned under hoisted loads. Personnel wearing appropriated PPE per HSP. SONNEL ACTIVITIES (3.2) Demolition permit completed and submitted, as required. Competent person completed engineering survey, available at site. Regulated hazardous substances removed prior to demolition. Hazardous materials purged from tanks, pipes, and equipment. 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	Warning lights provided around DZ hazards at night, walkways lighted. DRK AREA PROTECTION (3.2.3)		
	Wall openings protected by guardrail 42" high.		
31.	Fall protection provided for fall hazards 6' or greater.		
32.	Adequate barricades and signs provided when debris dropped through floor openings.		
33.	Floor opening, not used as material drops, adequately covered.		
34.	Signs, barricades, flagging used to warn personnel of hidden hazards.		
35.	Glass removed from structure, or personnel protected from fragments.		
36.	Damaged structure's walls and floors shored and braced.		
37.	All DZ accessways not meant to be accessed closed at all times.		
38.	Multi-story structure stairways adequately covered and illuminated.		
39.	DZ areas adequately illuminated.		
	Protruding reinforcing steel protected when personnel work above it. MOLITION USING HEAVY EQUIPMENT OR CRANES (3.2.6)		
	Personnel removed from DZ during use of mechanical equipment.		
4 2.	Mechanical equipment positioned of floors capable of supporting Imposed loads.		
4 3.	Working surface edges provided with curbs or stop-logs.		
44.	Heavy equipment operated safely .		
45.	Crane boom and loadline is as short as possible.		
	Cranes operated safely. USEKEEPING (3.2.9)		
	Work areas, passageways, stairs, ladders, and exits kept free of debris.		
48.	Demolition materials, tools, and equipment placed in an orderly manner.		
49.	Receptacles provided for disposal of miscellaneous trash.		
50.	Air, water, electrical, and welding lines positioned to eliminate tripping hazards.		
51.	Burning debris done according to local requirements.		
52.	Fires completely extinguished at least 1 hour before end of day's work.		

OT	HER ACTIVITIES ASSOCIATED WITH DEMOLITION (3.2.10)	 	
53.	Scaffolds erected and used safely.		
54	Aerial lifts used safely.		
55.	Stairways and ladders used safely.		
56.	Control measures taken before welding/burning on hazardous coatings.		
57.	Welding and cutting performed safely.		
	VI. HAND AND POWER TOOLS E WORK PRACTICES (3.1)		
1.	All tools operated according to manufacture's instructions.		
2.	All hand and power tools maintained in a safe condition and inspected before each use.		
3.	Defective tools are tagged and removed from service until repaired.		
4.	PPE is selected and used according to tool-specific hazards.		
5.	Power tools are not carried or lowered by cord or hose.		
6.	Tools are disconnected from energy sources when not in use.		
7.	Safety guards remain installed or are promptly replaced after repair.		
8.	Tools are stored properly.		
9.	Cordless tools and recharging units conform to electrical standards.		
10.	Tools used in explosive environments are rated for such use.		
11.	Consider controls to avoid muscular skeletal, repetitive motion, and cumulative trauma stresses.		
	Knife or blade hand tools are used with the proper precautions. neral (3.2.1)		
	PPE is selected and used according to tool-specific hazards anticipated.		
14.	Tools are tested daily to assure safety devices are operating properly.		
15.	Damaged tools are removed from service until repaired.		
16.	Power operated tools designed to accommodate guards and used.		
17.	Rotating or moving parts on tools are properly guarded.		

18.	Machines designed for fixed locations are secured or anchored.		
19.	Floor and bench-mounted grinders are provided with work rests.		
20.	Guards are provided at point of operation, nip points, rotating parts.		
	Fluid used in hydraulic-powered tools is approved fire-resistant fluid.		
	Etric-Powered Tools (3.2.2) Electric tools are double insulated or grounded according to SOP HS-23.		
23.	Electric cords are not used for hoisting or lowering tools		
24.	Hand-held tools are equipped with appropriate on/off controls.		
25.	Electric tools used in damp/wet locations are approved or use GFCI.		
	Portable, power-driven circular saws are equipped with proper guards.		
	Employees using abrasive wheel tools are wearing eye protection.		
28.	Grinding machines are supplied with sufficient power to maintain spindle speed.		
29.	Abrasive wheels are closely inspected and ring-tested before use.		
30.	Grinding wheels are properly installed.		
31.	Cup-type wheels for external grinding are protected by proper guard.		
32.	Portable abrasive wheels used for internal grinding are protected by safety flange.		
33.	Safety flanges are used only with wheels designed to fit the flange.		
	Safety guards on abrasive wheel tools are mounted properly. umatic-Powered Tools (3.2.4)		
35.	Tools are secured to hoses or whip by positive means to prevent		
36.	disconnect. Safety clips or retainers are installed to prevent attachments being expelled.		
37.	Safety devices are installed on automatic fastener feed tools.		
38.	Compressed air in not used for cleaning unless reduced to <30 psi, with PPE and guarded.		
39.	Manufacturer's safe operating pressure for hoses, pipes, valves, are not		
40.	exceeded. Hoses >1/2 inch diameter have safety device at source to reduce pressure upon hose failure.		
41.			

42.	Blast cleaning nozzles are equipped with operating valves, which are			
4 3.	held open manually. Supports are provided for mounting nozzles when not in use.			
44.	Air receivers drains, handholes, and manholes are easily accessible.			
45.	Air receivers are equipped with drainpipes, and valves for removal of			
1 6.	Accumulated oil and water. Air receivers are completely drained at required intervals.			
₽7.	Air receivers are equipped with indicating pressure gauges.			
8.	Safety valves are tested at regular intervals for assure good operating	· 🔲		
	condition. Safety, indicating, and controlling devices are installed as required.			
	uid Fuel-Powered Tools (3.2.5) Liquid fuel-powered tools are stopped when refueling, servicing, or			
1.	for maintenance. Safe operating pressures of hoses, valves, pipes, filters, and other			
2.	Fittings are not exceeded. Liquid fuel-powered tools are used in confined spaces in accordance			
	with SOP HS-17 Liquid fuels are stored and transported according to SOP HS-21.			
	king Tools (3.2.6)	ш	ш	
	Rated capacities are legibly marked on jacks and not exceeded.			
5.	Jacks have a positive stop to prevent over-travel.			
56.	Base of jacks are blocked or cribbed to provide a firm foundation.			
57.	Wood blocks are placed between the cap and load to prevent slippage.			
58.	After load is raised, it is cribbed, blocked, or otherwise secured Immediately.			
59.	Antifreeze is used when hydraulic jacks are exposed to freezing temperatures.			
50.	Jacks are properly lubricated.			
51.	Jacks are inspected as required.			
52.	Repair or replacement parts are examined for possible defects.			
	Jacks not working properly are removed from service and repaired.			
	nd Tools(3.2.7) Wrenches are not used when jaws are sprung to the point of slippage.			

65.	Impact tools are kept free of mushroomed heads.		
66.	Wooden handles of tools are kept free of splinters or cracks and are tightly fitted in tool.		
	V. CONCRETE AND MASONARY		
	Work Practices (3.1)		
1.	Only authorized and trained personnel operating aerial lifts.		
2.	Aerial lifts inspected by the operator prior to use.		
3.	Lift controls tested by the operator each day prior to use.		
4.	Personnel wearing full body harness with lanyard attached to boom or platform.		
5.	Lanyards not attached to adjacent structures or equipment while in aerial lift.		
6.	Personnel standing firmly on the floor of lift platform.		
7.	Personnel remain in the platform at all times and do not climb to adjacent structures.		
8.	Standard guardrail or equivalent protection provided on lift platform.		
9.	Aerial lifts provided with upper and lower controls.		
10.	Lower controls operated only with permission of personnel in lift, unless emergency.		
11.	Lift controls properly marked and legible, and capacity rating posted.		
	Modifications to aerial lift certified in writing by manufacturer. ial Lift Positioning (3.2.2)		
	Aerial lifts positioned on firm, level surface with brakes set.		
14.	Wheel chocks used on inclines.		
15.	Outriggers positioned on solid surfaces or cribbing when used.		
16.	Safe clearance distance maintained while working near overhead powerlines.		
17.	Safe clearance distance maintained while traveling under overhead powerlines.		
18.	Aerial lifts not moved when boom is elevated and personnel are working in platforms.		
19. A er	Boom is properly cradled and outriggers stowed prior to moving lift. ial Lift Operation (3.2.3)		
	Safe operating manual should be available for review and use by		

21.	aerial lift operators. Aerial lift operators know boom and basket load limits and do not		
22.	exceed them. Aerial lift platforms are free of slippery conditions.		
23.	Personnel not standing or working below aerial lift operations.		
24.	Warning signs or barricades provided under aerial lift operations.		
25.	Counterweight swing radius barricaded or flagged.		
26.	Aerial lifts not being used as cranes.		
27.	Platforms free of attachments such as cables, wires, chains, or ropes.		
28.	Aerial lifts not operated in winds exceeding 30 miles per hour.		
29.	Platform foot switch physically operated and not mechanically blocked.		
30.	Aerial lifts used indoors have exhaust properly vented to control carbon		
31.	monoxide exposures. Insulating portion of aerial lift is not altered in any manner.		

Appendix C Submittal Register

Submittal Register

Contract	Number: N62467-98-D-0995	CTO No.	: 0061		CTO Title	: NSA Mid	South		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Location:	Millington	, TN		Contractor:	CH2M HILL	Constructors, Inc.
Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	l	J	K	L	М	N	0	Р	Q
Spec Section	Item Description	Para. Number	Approving Authority		Submittal Number	Scheduled Submission Date	CCI Review Date	CCI Disposition	CCI Transmit Date	QC Admin Received Date	QC Disposition	Tronomit	Officer	Contracting Officer Disposition	Officer	Remarks
	SD-01 Data												<i>,</i>			
	SD-02 Manufacturer's Catalog Data											<u> </u>				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Oil Water Separator								<u></u>	-						
	Recovery Sump Frac Tank															
	Flow Meter										<u> </u>	<u> </u>				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Tiow motor									 						
	SD-04 Drawings															
	Interceptor Trench System				Ċ											
	Shoring and Sheeting Drawings															
	Excavation Drawings	<u> </u>														
	00.05															
	SD-05 Design Data									ļ	ļ	<u> </u>				
	Interceptor Trench Design											3	-			
ļ	Shoring and Sheeting Design									ļ	<u> </u>	\ <u></u>	 		 	
	SD-07 Schedules						<u> </u>		<u>. </u>			1	 			
	Construction Schedule								<u> </u>			 	<u> </u>	†		
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	SD-09 Reports							1								
	Analytical Laboratory Reports						,									
	Lead Paint Core Sampling Results															
	Monitoring Well Sampling Results															
	Soil Sampling Results											<u> </u>	<u></u>			.,
	Construction Testing Lab Reports											<u> </u>	ļ	ļ		
	Pre-construction Testing Results									<u> </u>			,	1		
	SD-12 Field Test Reports			1	****		<u> </u>	ļ	 -		 		 	-	 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Soil Compaction										 		 	 		
 	Vapor Monitoring	<u> </u>						 	<u> </u>					<u> </u>		
	t apor morning	†				1	 					<u>† </u>				
-	SD-13 Certificates					1										· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Analytical Lab Certification															
	Construction Testing Lab Certification															
	Certificate of Clean Fill Material									ļ			ļ	<u> </u>		
	State of TN P.E. License	ļ														
	00.40	ļ					<u> </u>			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	 	 		ļ	
	SD-18 Records									 		1	 	 	1	
	POTW Discharge Permit			+		ļ		 		 		1	 	 		
	Contaminated Soil Disposal Manifests Contaminated Water Disposal Manifests		-					 	 	 		 	 			<u> </u>
	Certificates of Disposal						 			 		 	 	 		
	Certificates of Disposar Certificates of Destruction						 	<u> </u>	-	 						
	Environmental Conditions Reports					<u> </u>	 			<u> </u>	 		 	1		
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Submittal Register

Status Re	ports		T		1	 		T	
List of Cor	ntractor Personnel				1	 	 	 	
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SD-10	O & M Manuals				 	 	 		
Oil Water	Separator				1	 	 	 	
Recovery					 	 	 		
Frac Tank					+		 		
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Appendix D Testing Plan and Log





Contract Num N62467-98-D		CTO No.: (0061	CTO Title	: NSA Mid-So	Location: Millington, TN			
Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н		J
Spec Section and Paragraph	Test Required	Testing Lab	Sampled By	Date Collected	Test Location	Frequency	Date Reported	Date Results Received	Remarks
Analytica	al - Monitor	ing Wells							
Ai	nalytical - S	Soil							
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